Reserve Bank of India

Appendix Table 1: Major Deficit Indicators of State Governments

(Rs. crore)

Year	Gross fiscal Deficit	Net Fiscal Deficit	Revenue Deficit	Conven- tional Deficit	Primary Deficit	Net RBI Credit to States
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1990-91	18,787	14,532	5,309	-72	10,132	420
	(3.3)	(2.6)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(1.8)	(0.1)
1995-96	31,426	26,695	8,201	-2,849	9,494	16
	(2.6)	(2.2)	(0.7)	(-0.2)	(0.8)	(0.0)
2002-03	102,123	91,680	55,111	-4,611	31,981	-3100
	(4.1)	(3.7)	(2.2)	(-0.2)	(1.3)	(-0.1)
2003-04	116,176	104,044	48,326	7,054	33,256	_
(B.E.)	(4.2)	(3.8)	(1.8)	(0.3)	(1.2)	
2003-04	141,010	133,626	72,126	11,671	57,042	293
(R.E.)	(5.1)	(4.8)	(2.6)	(0.4)	(2.1)	(0.0)
2004-05	111,852	104,318	43,718	-1,049	20,994	_
(B.E)	(3.6)	(3.3)	(1.4)	(-0.0)	(0.7)	

RE: Revised Estimates BE: Budget Estimates (-) Indicates surplus '—: Not Available

Notes: 1. Overall surplus or deficit referred to here as conventional deficit represents the difference between aggregate disbursements and aggregate receipts.

Aggregate receipts include (i) Revenue receipts (ii) capital receipts excluding ways and means advances and overdrafts from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and (iii) Net receipts under Public Account excluding withdrawals from Cash Balance Investment Account and Cash Balances.

Aggregate disbursement include (i) Revenue expenditure and (ii) capital disbursements excluding repayments of ways and means advances and overdrafts from RBI; additions to Cash Balance Investment Account and Cash Balances are excluded.

- 2. Revenue deficit is the difference between revenue expenditure and revenue receipts.
- GFD is the difference between aggregate disbursements net of debt repayments and recovery of loans and revenue receipts and non-debt capital receipts.
- 4. Net Fiscal Deficit is the difference between Gross Fiscal Deficit and Net Lending.
- 5. Primary deficit is GFD less interest payments.
- 6. Figures in brackets are percentages to GDP at current market prices.
- 7. All figures are rounded-off.

Source: Budget Documents of State Governments and the Reserve Bank of India records.