Sector-specific policy for foreign investment

In the following sectors/activities, FDI up to the limit indicated against each sector/activity is allowed, subject to applicable laws/ regulations; security and other conditionalities. In sectors/activities not listed below, FDI is permitted upto 100% on the automatic route, subject to applicable laws/ regulations; security and other conditionalities.

Wherever there is a requirement of minimum capitalization, it shall include share premium received along with the face value of the share, only when it is received by the company upon issue of the shares to the non-resident investor. Amount paid by the transferee during post-issue transfer of shares beyond the issue price of the share, cannot be taken into account while calculating minimum capitalization requirement.

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route	
AGRICU	ULTURE			
1.	Agriculture & Animal			
	Husbandry			
	a) Floriculture,	100%	Automatic	
	Horticulture, Apiculture and			
	Cultivation of Vegetables &			
	Mushrooms under controlled			
	conditions;			
	b) Development and			
	production of Seeds and			
	planting material;			
	c) Animal Husbandry			
	(including breeding of dogs),			
	Pisciculture, Aquaculture, under			
	controlled conditions; and			
	d) services related to agro and			
	allied sectors			
	Note: Besides the above, FDI			
	is not allowed in any other			
	agricultural sector/activity			
1.1	Other Conditions:			
	I. For companies dealing with development of transgenic seeds/vegetables, the following conditions apply:			
	(i) When dealing with genetically modified seeds or planting material the company			

³⁹ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dated July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route	
	shall comply with safety requir	ements in accordance with laws en	· ·	
	Environment (Protection) Act on	the genetically modified organisms.		
		ly modified materials if required shall ications issued under Foreign Trade (D	•	
	(iii) The company shall comply with any other Law, Regulation or Policy governing genetically modified material in force from time to time.			
	and material shall be subject	ctivities involving the use of genetically to the receipt of approvals from Genetic Manipulation of the committee on Genetic Manipulation.	etic Engineering	
		e in accordance with National Seeds Police	cy.	
	II. The term 'under controlled cor	nditions' covers the following: ⁴⁰		
	(i) 'Cultivation under controlled conditions' for the categories of Floriculture, Horticulture Cultivation of vegetables and Mushrooms is the practice of cultivation wherein rainfatemperature, solar radiation, air humidity and culture medium are controlled artificially Control in these parameters may be effected through protected cultivation under green houses, net houses, poly houses or any other improved infrastructure facilities where microclimatic conditions are regulated anthropogenically.			
	(ii) In case of Animal Husbandry, scope of the term 'under controlled conditions' covers –			
	farming system will require management), health care and machinery, waste management s	ntensive farming systems with stall- fe climate systems (ventilation, temp nutrition, herd registering/pedigree re- systems as prescribed by the National I e existing 'Standard Operating Practices	erature/humidity cording, use of Livestock Policy	
	(b) Poultry breeding farms and advanced technologies like incuba	hatcheries where micro-climate is contactors, ventilation systems etc.	ntrolled through	
	(iii) In the case of pisciculture and aquaculture, scope of the term 'under controlle conditions' covers –			
	(a) Aquariums			
	(b) Hatcheries where eggs are art enclosed environment with artific	ificially fertilized and fry are hatched and ial climate control.	I incubated in an	
	(iv) In the case of apiculture, scop	be of the term "under controlled condition	s' covers –	

⁴⁰ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dated July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
		eeping, except in forest/wild, in deatic factors like humidity and artific	
2	Tea Plantation		
2.1	Tea sector including tea plantations Note: Besides the above, FDI is not allowed in any other plantation sector/activity	100%	Government
2.2	Other Condition :		1
	Prior approval of the State change.	Government concerned in case of	of any future land use
3	MINING		
3.1	Mining and Exploration of metal and non metal ores	100%	Automatic
	including diamond, gold, silver and precious		
	ores but excluding titanium		
	bearing minerals and its ores;		
	subject to the Mines and Minerals (Development &		
	Regulation) Act, 1957.		
3.2	Coal and Lignite		
	(1) Coal & Lignite mining for captive consumption by power projects, iron & steel and cement units and other eligible activities permitted under and subject to the provisions of Coal Mines	100%	Automatic
	(Nationalization) Act, 1973 (2) Setting up coal	100%	Automatic
	processing plants like washeries, subject to the condition that the company shall not do coal mining and shall not sell washed coal or sized coal from its coal processing plants in the open market and shall supply the washed or sized coal to those parties who are supplying raw coal to coal		7 tatolilatic

_

The condition of compulsory divestment of 26% in favour of Indian partner/public within period of 5 years – deleted w.e.f 22.8.2013

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	processing plants for washing		
	or sizing.		
3.3	Mining and mineral separation	n of titanium bearing minerals and ores	s, its value
	addition and integrated activit	ies	
3.3.1	Mining and mineral separation of titanium bearing minerals & ores, its value addition and integrated activities subject to sectoral regulations and the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation Act 1957)	100%	Government
3.3.2	Other conditions:		

India has large reserves of beach sand minerals in the coastal stretches around the country. Titanium bearing minerals viz. Ilmenite, rutile and leucoxene, and Zirconium bearing minerals including zircon are some of the beach sand minerals which have been classified as 'prescribed substances' under the Atomic Energy Act, 1962.

Under the Industrial Policy Statement 1991, mining and production of minerals classified as 'prescribed substances' and specified in the Schedule to the Atomic Energy (Control of Production and Use) Order, 1953 were included in the list of industries reserved for the public sector. Vide Resolution No. 8/1(1)/97-PSU/1422 dated 6th October 1998 issued by the Department of Atomic Energy laying down the policy for exploitation of beach sand minerals, private participation including Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), was permitted in mining and production of Titanium ores (Ilmenite, Rutile and Leucoxene) and Zirconium minerals (Zircon).

Vide Notification No. S.O.61(E) dated 18.1.2006, the Department of Atomic Energy re-notified the list of 'prescribed substances' under the Atomic Energy Act 1962. Titanium bearing ores and concentrates (Ilmenite, Rutile and Leucoxene) and Zirconium, its alloys and compounds and minerals/concentrates including Zircon, were removed from the list of prescribed substances'.

- (i) FDI for separation of titanium bearing minerals & ores will be subject to the following additional conditions viz.:
 - (A) value addition facilities are set up within India along with transfer of technology;
 - (B) disposal of tailings during the mineral separation shall be carried out in accordance with regulations framed by the Atomic Energy Regulatory Board such as Atomic Energy (Radiation Protection) Rules, 2004 and the Atomic Energy (Safe Disposal of Radioactive Wastes) Rules, 1987.
- (ii) FDI will not be allowed in mining of 'prescribed substances' listed in the Notification No. S.O. 61(E) dated 18.1.2006 issued by the Department of Atomic Energy.
- Clarification: (1) For titanium bearing ores such as Ilmenite, Leucoxene and Rutile, manufacture of titanium dioxide pigment and titanium sponge constitutes value addition. Ilmenite can be processed to produce 'Synthetic Rutile or Titanium Slag as an intermediate value added product.
- (2) The objective is to ensure that the raw material available in the country is utilized for setting up downstream industries and the technology available internationally is also

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route			
		such industries within the country. The				
		ve of the FDI Policy can be achieved	, the conditions			
	1	prescribed at (i) (A) above shall be deemed to be fulfilled.				
4	Petroleum & Natural Gas					
4.1	Exploration activities of	100%	Automatic			
	oil and					
	natural gas fields,					
	infrastructure related to					
	marketing of petroleum					
	products and natural gas,					
	marketing of natural gas and					
	petroleum products, petroleum					
	product pipelines, natural gas/					
	pipelines, LNG Regasification infrastructure, market study					
	and formulation and					
	Petroleum refining in the					
	private sector, subject to the					
	existing sectoral policy and					
	regulatory framework in the					
	oil marketing sector and the					
	policy of the Government					
	on private					
	participation in exploration of					
	oil and the discovered fields					
	of national oil companies					
4.2	Petroleum refining by the	49%	Automatic ⁴²			
1.2	Public Sector Undertakings	1970	Tutomatic			
	(PSU), without any					
	disinvestment or dilution of					
	domestic equity in the existing					
	PSUs.					
	MANUFACTURING	1.61.41.6	11 15 .4			
5	(MSEs)	ed for production in Micro and Sm	an Enterprises			
5.1	` '	Micro, Small And Medium Enterprises D	evelopment Act.			
		ll be subject to the sectoral caps, entry	_			
	relevant sectoral regulations. Any industrial undertaking which is not a Micro or Small					
		ares items reserved for the MSE secto				
		n investment is more than 24% in the				
		an Industrial License under the Industria				
		ch manufacture. The issue of Industrial L				
		ns and the specific condition tha				
		export a minimum of 50% of the new				
	annual production of the MSE r	reserved items to be achieved within a r	naximum period			

⁴² PN 6 of 2013

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	commencement of commercial section 11 of the Industries (De	obligation would be applicable from production and in accordance with the velopment & Regulation) Act 1951.	
6	DEFENCE	40	
6.1	Defence Industry subject to Industrial license under the Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951	49% ⁴³	Government route up to 49% Above 49% to Cabinet Committee on Security (CCS) on case to case basis, wherever it is likely to result in access to modern and 'state-of-art' technology in the country.

Note: (i) The above limit of 49% is composite and includes all kinds of foreign investments i.e. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Foreign Institutional Investors (Flls), Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs), Non Resident Indians (NRIs), Foreign Venture Capital Investors (FVCI) and Qualified Foreign Investors (QFIs) regardless of whether the said investments have been made under Schedule 1 (FDI), 2 (FII), 2A (FPI), 3 (NRI), 6 (FVCI) and 8 (QFI) of FEMA (Transfer or Issue of Security by Persons Resident Outside India) Regulations.

(ii) Portfolio investment by FPIs/FIIs/NRIs/QFIs and investments by FVCIs together will not exceed 24% of the total equity of the investee/joint venture company. Portfolio investments will be under automatic route.

6.2	Oth	Other conditions:			
	i.	Licence applications will be considered and licences given by the Department of			
		Industrial Policy & Promotion, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, in consultation			
		with Ministry of Defence and Ministry of External Affairs.			
	ii.	ii. The applicant company seeking permission of the Government for FDI up to 49%			
	should be an Indian company owned and controlled by resident Indian citizens.				
	iii.	The management of the applicant company should be in Indian hands with majority			
		representation on the Board as well as the Chief Executives of the			
		company/partnership firm being resident Indians.			
	iv.	Chief Security Officer (CSO) of the investee/ joint venture company should be			
		resident Indian citizen.			
	v.	Full particulars of the Directors and the Chief Executives should be furnished along			

⁴³ Notification No.FEMA. 319 /2014-RB dtd Sep 5, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector	/ Activity % of Equity/FDI Cap	39	Entry Route
		with the applications.		-
	vi.	The Government reserves the right to verify	y the antecedents	of the foreign
		collaborators and domestic promoters includ	ing their financia	l standing and
		credentials in the world market. Preference world	uld be given to ori	ginal equipment
		manufacturers or design establishments and con		
		of past supplies to Armed Forces, Space and Ato	omic energy section	ns and having an
		established R & D base.		
	vii.	There would be no minimum capitalization for	-	-
		however, needs to be done by the management of		
		upon the product and the technology. The licer	-	•
		about the adequacy of the net worth of the non-r		•
		the category of weapons and equipment that are	· •	
	viii.	The Ministry of Defence is not in a position to g		-
		to be manufactured. However, the planned		
		equipment and overall requirements would be ma		
	ix.	The capacity norms for production will be pro		
		application as well as the recommendations of the look into existing capacities of similar and allied	•	ence, which will
	v	Investee/joint venture company should be structi	*	ciant in areas of
	Х.	product design and development. The investee/		
		manufacturing facility, should also have mainter		
		of the product being manufactured in India.	iance and me cycle	support facility
	xi.	Import of equipment for pre-production activity	including developm	ent of prototype
		by the applicant company would be permitted.	more and the property	prototype
	xii.	• • • • • • •	d need to be put	in place by the
			*	
		subject to verification by authorized Government	t agencies.	
	xiii.	The standards and testing procedures for equip	ment to be produce	ed under licence
		č		
			= -	
			-	•
		•	-	
			censee. Such perm	ission would be
			1	D 11' C .
	X1V.			
	****		-	
	AV.			-
		·		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u>*</u>	
		•		-
		verifiable system of removal of all goods out o		
		provisions may lead to cancellation of the licence		
	xii. xiii. xiv. xv.	Adequate safety and security procedures woullicensee once the licence is granted and product subject to verification by authorized Government. The standards and testing procedures for equipation from foreign collaborators or from indigenous appropriate confidentiality clause. The nominated appropriate confidentiality clause. Self-certic Ministry of Defence on case to case basis, whitems, or group of items manufactured by the life for a fixed period and subject to renewals. Purchase preference and price preference may organizations as per guidelines of the Department Arms and ammunition produced by the private into the Ministry of Defence. These items may entities under the control of the Ministry of Howith the prior approval of the Ministry of Defence within the country to any other person or entity, would be subject to policy and guidelines as ap Defence Public Sector Undertakings. Non-lethal to persons/entities other than the Central or approval of the Ministry of Defence. License verifiable system of removal of all goods out or	ction commences. It agencies. ment to be produced & D will have to quality assurance ed quality assurance ed quality assurance fication would be paich may involve edicensee. Such permitty be given to the att of Public Enterprinanufacturers will be also be sold to other Affairs and Statence. No such item. The export of man plicable to Ordnand I items would be postate Governments be would also need their factories. View of the state of their factories.	These would be ed under licence be provided by agency under e agency would lit of the Quality permitted by the either individual ission would be e. Public Sector ses. The primarily sold her Government as should be sold nufactured items be a sectories and ermitted for sale with the prior d to institute a

Sl. No.	Sector	/ Activity % of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	xvi.	All applications seeking permission of the Government for FDI in de	
		made to the Secretariat of Foreign Investment Promotion Board	d (FIPB) in the
		Department of Economic Affairs.	
	xvii.	Applications for FDI up to 49% will follow the existing procedure	
		involving inflows in excess of Rs. 1200 crore being approved	ed by Cabinet
	:::	Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA).	
	kviii.	Based on the recommendation of the Ministry of Defence and FIPB. Cabinet Committee on Security (CCS) will be sought by the Ministry respect of cases seeking permission of the Government for FDI bey are likely to result in access to modern and `state-of-art' technology.	ry of Defence in your 49% which in the country.
	xix.	Proposals for FDI beyond 49% with proposed inflow in excess of I which are to be approved by CCS will not require further approva Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA).	
	XX.	Government decision on applications for FDI in defence industry normally communicated within a time frame of 10 weeks from acknowledgement.	
	xxi.	For the proposal seeking Government approval for foreign investment applicant should be Indian company/foreign investor. Further conditabove will not apply on such proposals.	•
SERVICI	ES SEC	ΓOR	

INFORMATION SERVICES Broadcasting 7 7.1 **Broadcasting Carriage Services** (1) **Teleports** (setting up of up-7.1.1 74% Automatic linking HUBs/ Teleports); up to 49% (2) **Direct to Home** (DTH); (3) Cable Networks (Multi Government System operators (MSOs) route operating at National or State beyond 49% District and up to or level and undertaking upgradation 74% of networks towards digitalization and addressability); (4) Mobile TV; (5)**Headend-in-the** Skv **Broadcasting Service (HITS)** Cable Networks (Other MSOs 7.1.2 49% Automatic not undertaking upgradation of networks towards digitalization and addressability and Local Cable Operators (LCOs). 7.2 **Broadcasting Content Services** 7.2.1 **Terrestrial Broadcasting FM** Government 26% (FM Radio), subject to such terms and conditions, specified from time to time, by Ministry of Information &

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	Broadcasting, for grant of		
	permission for setting up of		
7.2.2	FM Radio stations.	260/	
7.2.2	Up-linking of 'News & Current Affairs' TV Channels	26%	Government
7.2.3	Up-linking of Non-'News &	100%	Government
1.2.3	Current Affairs' TV Channels	100%	Government
	/ Down- linking of TV		
	Channels		
7.3		g TV Channels will be subject to com	pliance with the
		g Policy notified by the Ministry of	-
	Broadcasting from time to time.		
7.4		panies engaged in all the aforestated s	services will be
	subject to relevant regulations ar	nd such terms and conditions, as may be	e specified from
	time to time, by the Ministry of Ir	Š	
7.5		in companies engaged in the afore stated	
		stment by Foreign Institutional Investors	
		ified Foreign Investors (QFIs),Non-R	
		ertible Bonds (FCCBs), American Depo	
	foreign entities. 44	eipts (GDRs) and convertible preference	snares neid by
	Totelgh entities.		
7.6	Foreign investment in the aforest	ated broadcasting carriage services will be	be subject to the
,	following security conditions/term	0 0	se suejeer to the
	Mandatory Requirement for Ke	2 0	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ne Board of the Company shall be Indian	
		r (CEO), Chief Officer In-charge of tec	chnical network
	operations and Chief Security Off	icer should be resident Indian Citizens.	
	So annity Cleanance of Dangeron	•	
	Security Clearance of Personnel	on the Board of Directors and such key	ovocutivos liko
	1 2	ecutive Officer, Chief Financial Office	
		echnical Officer (CTO), Chief Operating	
		old 10% or more paid-up capital in the co	
		ed by the Ministry of Information and Br	
	time to time, shall require to be se	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	In case of the appointment of I	Directors on the Board of the Company	y and such key
	executives like Managing Direc	tor / Chief Executive Officer, Chief Fa	inancial Officer
		CSO), Chief Technical Officer (CTO), (
		pecified by the Ministry of Information a	
		on of the Ministry of Information and Br	oadcasting shall
	have to be obtained.	of the company to also tales with	rission from 11-
		of the company to also take prior permoadcasting before effecting any change:	
	Directors.	baccasting before effecting any change	m uie doafu ol
	Directors.		

⁴⁴ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	(iv) (iv) The Company shall be	be required to obtain security clearance	of all foreign
	personnel likely to be deployed f	for more than 60 days in a year by way	of appointment,
	contract, and consultancy or in a	ny other capacity for installation, mainten	ance, operation
	or any other services prior to thei	r deployment. The security clearance shall	l be required to
	be obtained every two years. ⁴⁵		

Permission vis-a-vis Security Clearance

- (v) The permission shall be subject to permission holder/licensee remaining security cleared throughout the currency of permission. In case the security clearance is withdrawn the permission granted is liable to be terminated forthwith.
- (vi) In the event of security clearance of any of the persons associated with the permission holder/licensee or foreign personnel being denied or withdrawn for any reasons whatsoever, the permission holder/licensee will ensure that the concerned person resigns or his services terminated forthwith after receiving such directives from the Government, failing which the permission/license granted shall be revoked and the company shall be disqualified to hold any such Permission/license in future for a period of five years.

Infrastructure/Network/Software related requirement

- (vii) The officers/officials of the licensee companies dealing with the lawful interception of Services will be resident Indian citizens.
- (viii) Details of infrastructure/network diagram (technical details of the network) could be provided, on a need basis only, to equipment suppliers/manufactures and the affiliate of the licensee company. Clearance from the licensor would be required if such information is to be provided to anybody else.
- (ix) The Company shall not transfer the subscribers' databases to any person/place outside India unless permitted by relevant Law.
- (x) The Company must provide traceable identity of their subscribers.

Monitoring, Inspection and Submission of Information

- (xi) The Company should ensure that necessary provision (hardware/software) is available in their equipment for doing the Lawful interception and monitoring from a centralized location as and when required by Government.
- (xii) The company, at its own costs, shall, on demand by the government or its authorized representative, provide the necessary equipment, services and facilities at designated place(s) for continuous monitoring or the broadcasting service by or under supervision of the Government or its authorized representative.
- (xiii) The Government of India, Ministry of Information & Broadcasting or its authorized

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	representative shall have the r	right to inspect the broadcasting facil	ities. No prior
	permission/intimation shall be	required to exercise the right of Gov	ernment or its
	authorized representative to carry	out the inspection. The company will, if	required by the
	Government or its authorized re	presentative, provide necessary facilities	for continuous
	monitoring for any particular aspe	ect of the company's activities and operation	ons. Continuous
	monitoring, however, will be con-	fined only to security related aspects, incl	uding screening

- (xiv) (xiv) The inspection will ordinarily be carried out by the Government of India, Ministry of Information & Broadcasting or its authorized representative after reasonable notice, except in circumstances where giving such a notice will defeat the very purpose of the inspection.
- (xv) The company shall submit such information with respect to its services as may be required by the Government or its authorized representative, in the format as may be required, from time to time.
- (xvi) The permission holder/licensee shall be liable to furnish the Government of India or its authorized representative or TRAI or its authorized representative, such reports, accounts, estimates, returns or such other relevant information and at such periodic intervals or such times as may be required.
- (xvii) The service providers should familiarize/train designated officials of the government or officials of TRAI or its authorized representative(s) in respect of relevant operations/features of their systems.

National Security Conditions

of objectionable content.

(xviii) It shall be open to the licensor to restrict the Licensee Company from operating in any sensitive area from the National Security angle. The Government of India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting shall have the right to temporarily suspend the permission of the permission holder/Licensee in public interest or for national security for such period or periods as it may direct. The company shall immediately comply with any directives issued in this regard failing which the permission issued shall be revoked and the company disqualified to hold any such permission, in future, for a period of five years.

(xix) The company shall not import or utilize any equipment, which are identified as unlawful and/or render network security vulnerable.

Other conditions

- (xx) Licensor reserves the right to modify these conditions or incorporate new conditions considered necessary in the interest of national security and public interest or for proper provision of broadcasting services.
- (xxi) Licensee will ensure that broadcasting service installation carried out by it should not become a safety hazard and is not in contravention of any statute, rule or regulation and public policy.

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
8	Print Media		
8.1	Publishing of Newspaper and periodicals dealing with news and current affairs	26% (FDI and investment by NRIs/PIOs/FII/RFPI)	Government
8.2	Publication of Indian editions of foreign magazines dealing with news and current affairs	26% (FDI and investment by NRIs/PIOs/FII/RFPI)	Government
8.2.1	Other Conditions:		
	publication, brought out on non-conews.	e of these guidelines, will be defined laily basis, containing public news or com	nments on public
		lso be subject to the Guidelines for Publialing with news and current affairs coadcasting on 4.12.2008.	
8.3	Publishing / printing of Scientific and Technical Magazines / specialty journals / periodicals, subject to compliance with the legal framework as applicable and guidelines issued in this regard from time to time by Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.	100%	Government
8.4	Publication of facsimile edition of foreign newspapers.	100%	Government
8.4.1	Other Conditions:		
0	 (i) FDI should be made by the owner of the original foreign newspapers whose facsimile edition is proposed to be brought out in India. (ii) Publication of facsimile edition of foreign newspapers can be undertaken only by an entity incorporated or registered in India under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. (iii) Publication of facsimile edition of foreign newspaper would also be subject to the Guidelines for publication of newspapers and periodicals dealing with news and current affairs and publication of facsimile edition of foreign newspapers issued by Ministry of Information & Broadcasting on 31.3.2006, as amended from time to time. 		
9	Civil Aviation		
9.1	The Civil Aviation sector includes Airports, Scheduled and Non-Scheduled domest passenger airlines, Helicopter services / Seaplane services, Ground Handling Service Maintenance and Repair organizations; Flying training institutes; and Technical training institutions.		
	For the purposes of the Civil Aviation sector: (i) 'Airport' means a landing and taking off area for aircrafts, usually with runway and aircraft maintenance and passenger facilities and includes aerodrome as defined in		
	clause (2) of section 2 of the Airc		

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route	
	(ii) "Aerodrome" means any definite or limited ground or water area intended to be used, either wholly or in part, for the landing or departure of aircraft, and includes all buildings, sheds, vessels, piers and other structures thereon or pertaining thereto;			
	(iii)"Air transport service" means a service for the transport by air of persons, mails or any other thing, animate or inanimate, for any kind of remuneration whatsoever, whether such service consists of a single flight or series of flights;(iv)"Air Transport Undertaking" means an undertaking whose business includes the carriage by air of passengers or cargo for hire or reward;			
	(v) "Aircraft component" means any part, the soundness and correct functioning of which, when fitted to an aircraft, is essential to the continued airworthiness or safety of the aircraft and includes any item of equipment;			
	(vi)"Helicopter" means a heavier-than -air aircraft supported in flight by the reactions of the air on one or more power driven rotors on substantially vertical axis;			
	(vii) "Scheduled air transport service" means an air transport service undertaken between the same two or more places and operated according to a published time table or with flights so regular or frequent that they constitute a recognizably systematic series each flight being open to use by members of the public;			
	(viii) "Non-Scheduled Air Transport service" means any service which is not a scheduled air transport service and will include Cargo airlines;			
	ix)"Cargo airlines" would mean such airlines which meet the conditions as given in the Civil Aviation Requirements issued by the Ministry of Civil Aviation;			
	 (x) "Seaplane" means an aeroplane capable normally of taking off from and alighting solely on water; (xi) "Ground Handling" means (i) ramp handling, (ii) traffic handling both of which shall include the activities as specified by the Ministry of Civil Aviation through the Aeronautical Information Circulars from time to time, and (iii) any other activity specified by the Central Government to be a part of either ramp handling or traffic handling. 			
9.2	Airports			
	(a) Greenfield projects	100%	Automatic	
	(b) Existing projects	100%	Automatic upto 74%	
			Government route beyond 74%	
9.3	Air Transport Services			
	(1) Scheduled Air Transport	49% FDI	Automatic	
	Service / Domestic Scheduled	(100% for NRIs)		

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route	
	Passenger Airline			
	(2) Non-Scheduled Air	74% FDI	Automatic	
	Transport Service	(100% for NRIs)	upto 49%	
	•	,	Government	
			route beyond	
			49% and up	
			to 74%	
	(3) Helicopter services /	100%	Automatic	
	seaplane services requiring			
	DGCA approval			
9.3.1	Other Conditions		l	
<i>y.</i> 1		ld include Domestic Scheduled Pass	enger Airlines: Non	
	• /		enger rimmes, rom	
	Scheduled Air Transport Services, helicopter and seaplane services.			
	(b) Foreign airlines are allowed	to participate in the equity of compa	onies operating Cargo	
	, ,	e services, as per the limits and en	1 0 0	
	above.	e services, as per the minus and en	dy routes mentione	
	above.			
	(c) Foreign airlines are also, allowed to invest, in the capital of Indian companies, operating			
		transport services, up to the limit of		
		be subject to the following conditions:		
	capital. Such investment would t	be subject to the following conditions.		
	(i) It would be made under the G	overnment approval route		
	(1) It would be made under the G	overmment approvar route.		
	(ii) The 49% limit will subsume	FDI and FII/FPI investment		
	(ii) The 1370 mile will succeed the	T DT and T III T I III V estiment.		
	(iii) The investments so made would need to comply with the relevant regulations of SEBI			
	such as the Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements (ICDR) Regulations/ Substantia			
		overs (SAST) Regulations, as well as	_	
	and regulations.	Wers (SAST) Regulations, as well as	other applicable rule	
	and regulations.			
	(iv) A Scheduled Operator's Permit can be granted only to a company:			
	(IV) A scheduled Operator's remit can be granted only to a company.			
	a) that is registered and has its r	principal place of business within Indi	a·	
	a) that is registered and has its p	rincipal place of business within that	α,	
	h) the Chairman and at least two	o-thirds of the Directors of which are	citizens of India: and	
	b) the Chairman and at teast two	r-initus of the Directors of which are t	cilizens of Inala, and	
	a) the substantial ownership and	affactive control of which is vested in	Indian nationals	
	c) the substantial ownership and effective control of which is vested in Indian nationals.			
	(v) All foreign nationals likely to be associated with Indian scheduled and non-scheduled			
	•			
	air transport services, as a result of such investment shall be cleared from security vi			
	point before deployment; and			
	(vi) All tachnical aminus (hat might be immented but. It is	00 0 400-14 - 6 -	
	(vi) All technical equipment t	hat might be imported into India	as a result of suc	

investment shall require clearance from the relevant authority in the Ministry of Civil

_

⁴⁶ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	Aviation.		
	Note: (i) The FDI limits/entry routes, mentioned at paragraph 9.3(1) and 9.3(2) above, are applicable in the situation where there is no investment by foreign airlines.		
	(ii) The dispensation for NRIs regarding FDI up to 100% will also continue in respect of the investment regime specified at paragraph 9.3.1(c)(ii) above.		
	(iii) The policy mentioned at paragraph 9.3.1(c) above is not applicable to M/s Air India Limited.		
9.4	Other services under Civil Avi	iation sector	
	(1) Ground Handling Services subject to sectoral regulations and security	74% FDI	Automatic upto 49%
	clearance		Government route beyond 49% and up to 74%
	(2) Maintenance and Repair organizations; flying training institutes; and technical training institutions	100%	Automatic
10	Courier services for carrying packages, parcels and other items which do not come within the ambit of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 and excluding the activity relating to the distribution of letters.	100%	Automatic ⁴⁷
11	Construction Development: To	wnships, Housing, Built-up infrastruct	ure
11.1	Construction-development projects (which would include development of townships, construction of residential/commercial premises, roads or bridges, hotels, resorts, hospitals, educational institutions, recreational facilities, city and regional level infrastructure, townships). 48	100%	Automatic

⁴⁷ PN 6 of 2013 ⁴⁸ PN 10 of 2014 notified vide <u>Notification No. 329 dated December 8, 2014</u>

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
11.2	Investment will be subject to the	e following conditions:	
	 (A) Minimum area to be developed under each project would be as under: i. In case of development of serviced plots, no minimum land area requirement. ii. In case of construction-development projects, a minimum floor area of 20,000 sq. meter. 		
	(B) Investee company will be required to bring minimum FDI of US\$ 5 million within six months of commencement of the project. The commencement of the project will be the date of approval of the building plan/layout plan by the relevant statutory authority. Subsequent tranches of FDI can be brought till the period of ten years from the commencement of the project or before the completion of project, whichever expires earlier.		
	development of trunk infi	rmitted to exit on completion of the pastructure i.e. roads, water supply,	
	drainage and sewerage. (ii)The Government may, in view of facts and circumstances of a case, permit repatriation of FDI or transfer of stake by one non-resident investor to another non-resident investor, before the completion of project. These proposals will be considered by FIPB on case to case basis inter-alia with specific reference to Note (i).		
	 (D) The project shall conform requirements and provision laid down in the applicable other regulations of the State (E) The Indian investee compart the purposes of this policy infrastructure i.e. roads, we 	n to the norms and standards, inclu- n of community amenities and common le building control regulations, bye-la- te Government/Municipal/Local Body ny will be permitted to sell only devel- cy "developed plots" will mean plot vater supply, street lighting, drainage	on facilities, as aws, rules, and concerned. oped plots. For as where trunk
	approvals, including those peripheral areas and other external development and requirements as prescribed State Government/ Municipal (G) The State (G) (G) The State (G)	any shall be responsible for obtaining of the building/layout plans, developing infrastructure facilities, payment of dother charges and complying will under applicable rules/bye-laws/regoal/Local Body concerned. Janicipal/ Local Body concerned, which will monitor compliance of the above	ng internal and f development, with all other culations of the
	Note:		
	proposes to engage in reatrading in transferable development. The all estate business with Notification No. 1/2000-Rlie. dealing in land and in earning income there from	is not permitted in an entity which all estate business, construction of factorized from the same in the same is a proving the same	rm houses and ded in FEMA Master Circular rning profit or of townships,

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity % of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹ Entry Route		
	institutions, recreational facilities, city and regional level infrastructure,		
	townships. (ii) The conditions at (A) to (C) above will not apply to Hotels & Tourist.		
	(ii) The conditions at (A) to (C) above, will not apply to Hotels & Tourist resorts; Hospitals; Special Economic Zones (SEZs); Educational Institutions,		
	Old Age Homes and Investment by NRIs.		
	(iii) The conditions at (A) and (B) above, will also not apply to investee/joint venture companies which commit at least 30 percent of the total project cost for		
	low cost affordable housing.		
	(iv) An Indian company, which is the recipient of FDI, shall procure a certificate from an architect empanelled by any Authority, authorized to sanction building plan to the effect that the minimum floor area requirement has been fulfilled.		
	(v) 'Floor area' will be defined as per the local laws/regulations of the respective State governments/Union territories.		
	(vi) Completion of the project will be determined as per the local bye-laws/rules and other regulations of State Governments.		
	 (vii) Project using at least 40% of the FAR/FSI for dwelling unit of floor area of not more than 140 square meter will be considered as Affordable Housing Project for the purpose of FDI policy in Construction Development Sector. Out of the total FAR/FSI reserved for Affordable Housing, at least one-fourth should be for houses of floor area of not more than 60 square meter. (viii) It is clarified that 100% FDI under automatic route is permitted in completed projects for operation and management of townships, malls/shopping complexes and business centres. 		
12	Industrial Parks – new and 100% Automatic		
12.1	existing (i) "Industrial Park" is a project in which quality infrastructure in the form of plots of developed land or built up space or a combination with common facilities, is developed and made available to all the allottee units for the purposes of industrial activity.		
	(ii) "Infrastructure" refers to facilities required for functioning of units located in the Industrial Park and includes roads (including approach roads), railway line/sidings including electrified railway lines and connectivities to the main railway line, water supply and sewerage, common effluent treatment facility, telecom network, generation and distribution of power, air conditioning. ⁴⁹		
	(iii) "Common Facilities" refer to the facilities available for all the units located in the industrial park, and include facilities of power, roads (including approach roads), railway line/sidings including electrified railway lines and connectivities to the main railway line, water supply and sewerage, common effluent treatment, common testing, telecom services,		

⁴⁹ Notification No.FEMA.320/2014-RB dtd Sep 5, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	air conditioning, common facility buildings, industrial canteens, convention/conference halls, parking, travel desks, security service, first aid center, ambulance and other safety services, training facilities and such other facilities meant for common use of the units located in the Industrial Park.		
	(iv) "Allocable area" in the Industrial Park means-		
	(a) in the case of plots of developed land- the net site area available for allocation to the units, excluding the area for common facilities.		
	(b) in the case of built up space common facilities.	ace- the floor area and built up space utilize	zed for providing
		on of developed land and built-up space- cation to the units excluding the site a common facilities.	
	(v) "Industrial Activity" means manufacturing; electricity; gas and water supply; post and telecommunications; software publishing, consultancy and supply; data processing database activities and distribution of electronic content; other computer related activities; basic and applied R&D on bio-technology, pharmaceutical sciences/life sciences natural sciences and engineering; business and management consultancy activities; and architectural, engineering and other technical activities.		
12.2	FDI in Industrial Parks would not be subject to the conditionalities applicable for construction development projects etc. spelt out in para 11 above, provided the Industrial Parks meet with the under-mentioned conditions:		
	(i) it would comprise of a minimum of 10 units and no single unit shall occupy more than 50% of the allocable area;		
	(ii) the minimum percentage of not be less than 66% of the total a	the area to be allocated for industrial illocable area.	activity shall
13	Satellites – Establishment and o	peration	
13.1	Satellites – Establishment and operation, subject to the sectoral guidelines of Department of Space / ISRO	74%	Government
14	Private Security Agencies	49 %	Government
15	Telecom services (including Telecom	⁵¹ 100%	Automatic

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	Infrastructure Providers		upto 49%
	Category-l) 50		
	All telecom services including Telecom Infrastructure Providers Category-I, viz. Basic, Cellular, United Access Services, Unified license (Access services), Unified License, National/ International Long Distance, Commercial V-Sat, Public Mobile Radio Trunked Services (PMRTS), Global Mobile Personal Communications Services (GMPCS), All types of ISP licenses, Voice Mail/Audiotex / UMS, Resale of IPLC, Mobile Number Portability services, Infrastructure Provider Category-I (providing dark fibre, right of way, duct space, tower) except Other Service Providers.		Government route beyond 49%
15 1 1	Other condition.		
15.1.1	Other condition:		
	route subject to observance of I investors as notified by the Depa expect "Other Service Providers".	he automatic route and beyond 49% on icensing and security conditions by lice rtment of Telecommunications (DoT) from the automatic and the security which are allowed 100% FDI on the automatic and the security of the secur	ensee as well as om time to time,
16	TRADING	1000/	Automatia
16.1	(i) Cash & Carry Wholesale Trading / Wholesale Trading (including sourcing from MSEs)	100%	Automatic
16.1.1	goods/merchandise to retailers, in business users or to other w Wholesale trading would, accord profession, as opposed to sales for determine whether the sale is who sale is made and not the size and	blesale trading/Wholesale trading, would adustrial, commercial, institutional or oth cholesalers and related subordinated sendingly, be sales for the purpose of tradition of the purpose of personal consumption. Desale or not would be the type of custom volume of sales. Wholesale trading would be the type of sales wholesale trading would be the type of custom volume of sales.	er professional rvice providers. le, business and The yardstick to the to whom the d include resale,

⁵¹ PN 6 of 2013 ⁵⁰ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity % of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹ Entry Route			
	sales and B2B e-Commerce.			
16.1.2	Guidelines for Cash & Carry Wholesale Trading/Wholesale Trading (WT):			
	(a) For undertaking WT, requisite licenses / registration / permits, as specified under the relevant Acts/Regulations / Rules / Orders of the State Government / Government Body / Government Authority/Local Self-Government Body under that State Government should be obtained.			
	(b) Except in case of sales to Government, sales made by the wholesaler would be considered as 'cash & carry wholesale trading/wholesale trading' with valid business customers, only when WT are made to the following entities:			
	(I) Entities holding sales tax / VAT registration /service tax /excise duty registration; or			
	(II) Entities holding trade licenses i.e. a license/registration certificate/membership certificate/registration under Shops and Establishment Act, issued by a Government Authority/ Government Body/ Local Self-Government Authority, reflecting that the entity/person holding the license/ registration certificate/ membership certificate, as the case may be, is itself/ himself/herself engaged in a business involving commercial activity; or (III) Entities holding permits/license etc. for undertaking retail trade (like tehbazari and similar license for hawkers) from Government Authorities / Local Self Government Bodies; or			
	(IV) Institutions having certificate of incorporation or registration as a society or registration as public trust for their self consumption.			
	Note: An Entity, to whom WT is made, may fulfill any one of the 4 conditions.			
	(c) Full records indicating all the details of such sales like name of entity, kind of entity registration/license/permit etc. number, amount of sale etc. should be maintained on a dato day basis.(d) WT of goods would be permitted among companies of the same group. However, such WT to group companies taken together should not exceed 25% of the total turnover of the wholesale venture			
	(e) WT can be undertaken as per normal business practice, including extending credit facilities subject to applicable regulations.			
	(f) A Wholesale / Cash & carry trader cannot open retail shops to sell to the consumer directly.			
16.2	E-commerce activities 100% Automatic			
	E-commerce activities refer to the activity of buying and selling by a company through the e-commerce platform. Such companies would engage only in Business to Business (B2B) e-commerce and not in retail trading, inter-alia implying that existing restrictions on FDI			

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	in domestic trading would be	applicable to e-commerce as well.	
	52		
16.4	Single Brand product retail trading	100%	Automatic up to 49%. Government route beyond 49%
	investments in production and n consumer, encouraging increase	gle Brand product retail trading is air narketing, improving the availability of sed sourcing of goods from India, exprises through access to global designs	such goods for the and enhancing
	(2) FDI in Single Brand proconditions:	duct retail trading would be subject	to the following
	(a) Products to be sold should be of a 'Single Brand' only.		
	(b) Products should be sold under the same brand internationally i.e. products should be sold under the same brand in one or more countries other than India.		
	(c) 'Single Brand' product-1 during manufacturing.	retail trading would cover only products	which are branded
	permitted to undertake sin specific brand, directly or t for undertaking single brand with this condition will res retail trading in India. The time of seeking approval, agreement, specifically indi	entities, whether owner of the brand or gle brand product retail trading in the hrough a legally tenable agreement, with product retail trading. The onus for ent with the Indian entity carrying out sin investing entity shall provide evidence including a copy of the licensing/fracating compliance with the above condit the RBI for the automatic route and States.	e country, for the h the brand owner asuring compliance ingle-brand product to this effect at the anchise/sub-licence ition. The requisite
	value of goods purchased, and cottage industries, artists sourcing will be self-certistatutory auditors from the oto maintain. This procurem	s involving FDI beyond 51%, source will be done from India, preferably from sans and craftsmen in all sectors. The quadried by the company, to be subsequently certified accounts which the companient requirement would have to be met, in total value of the goods purchased, beg	m MSMEs, village antum of domestic ently checked, by ny will be required in the first instance,

⁵² Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route	
	the year during which the first tranche of FDI is received, Thereafter, it would have to be met on an annual basis. For the purpose of ascertaining the sourcing requirement, the relevant entity would be the company, incorporated in India, which is the recipient of FDI for the purpose of carrying out single-brand product retail trading. (f) Retail trading, in any form, by means of e-commerce, would not be permissible for			
	companies with FDI, engaged in the activity of single brand retail trading. (3) Applications seeking permission of the Government for FDI exceeding 49% in a company which proposes to undertake single brand retail trading in India would be made to the Secretariat for Industrial Assistance (SIA) in the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion. The applications would specifically indicate the product/ product categories which are proposed to be sold under a 'Single Brand'. Any addition to the product/ product			
	categories to be sold under 'Single Brand' would require a fresh approval of th Government. In case of FDI upto 49%, the list of products/ product categories proposed t be sold except food products would be provided to the RBI. (4) Applications would be processed in the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion to determine whether the proposed investments satisfies the notified guidelines, befor being considered by the FIPB for Government approval.			
16.5	Multi Brand Retail Trading	51%	Government	
	conditions: (i) Fresh agricultural produce, in poultry, fishery and meat product	in all products, will be permitted, subscriptions fruits, vegetables, flowers, s, may be unbranded. The permitted of the permitted of the permitted of the permitted, subscriptions of the permitted of the permitted, subscriptions of the permitted of the permitted, subscriptions of the permitted of t	grains, pulses, fresh	
	invested in 'backend infrastructurinclude capital expenditure on all back-end infrastructure will includistribution, design improvement house, agriculture market producif any, will not be counted for pu	prought in the first tranche of US \$ re' within three years, where 'back-er' activities, excluding that on front-er ade investment made towards process it, quality control, packaging, logic e infrastructure etc. Expenditure on proses of back-end infrastructure. Su buld be made by the MBRT retailer a	nd infrastructure' will nd units; for instance, ssing, manufacturing, stics, storage, ware- land cost and rentals, ubsequent investment	
	purchased shall be sourced from total investment in plant & mac refers to the value at the time of i industry' status would be reckon and such industry shall continue	e of procurement of manufactured/ Indian micro, small and medium ind chinery not exceeding US \$2.00 minstallation, without providing for depended only at the time of first engagen to qualify as a 'small industry' for the US \$ 2.00 million, during the cour	lustries, which have a illion. This valuation preciation. The 'small ment with the retailer his purpose, even if it	

		30	
Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	with the said retailer. Sourcing f		-
	would also be considered in this		
	met, in the first instance, a manufactured/processed products	·	
	the first tranche of FDI is received		
	the first transfer of PDI is received	d. Therearter, it would have to t	thet on an annual basis.
	(v) Self-certification by the comp (ii), (iii) and (iv) above, which con the investors shall maintain account	ould be cross-checked, as and w	hen required. Accordingly,
	(vi) Retail sales outlets may be so as per the 2011 Census or any Governments, and may also co agglomeration limits of such cities per the Master/Zonal Plans of the facilities such as transport connect	other cities as per the decision over an area of 10 kms. are as; retail locations will be restrict concerned cities and provision	ion of the receptive State ound the municipal/urban cted to conforming areas as
	(vii) Government will have the fir	rst right to procurement of agric	cultural products.
	(viii) The above policy is an e Territories would be free to take policy. Therefore, retail sales out have agreed, or agree in future, Union Territories which have con	e their own decisions in regard lets may be set up in those Stat to allow FDI in MBRT unde	d to implementation of the res/Union Territories which or this policy. The States /
	1. Andhra Pradesh		
	2. Assam		
	3. Delhi		
	4. Haryana		
	5. Himachal Pradesh ⁵³		
	6. Jammu & Kashmir		
	7. Karnataka ⁵⁴		
	8. Maharashtra		
	9. Manipur 10. Rajasthan		
	11. Uttarkhand		
		and Nagar Haveli (Union Territ	ories)
	The States/Union Territories, when which will be under this policy, would convey Department of Industrial Policy. The establishment of the retail to Union Territory laws/ regulations.	their concurrence to the Govern & Promotion and additions we sales outlets will be in compli	nment of India through the ould be made accordingly. iance of applicable State /

(ix) Retail trading, in any form, by means of e-commerce, would not be permissible, for

companies with FDI, engaged in the activity of multi brand retail trading.

With effect from 3rd day of June 2013With effect from 4th day of July 2013

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route			
	(x) Applications would be processed in the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion to determine whether the proposed investment satisfies the notified guidelines, before being considered by the FIPB for Government approval.					
	FINANCIAL SERVICES					
	Foreign investment in other fin require prior approval of the Gov	ancial services, other than those indicate vernment:	ed below, would			
F.1 ⁵⁵	Asset Reconstruction Compani	ies				
F.1.1	'Asset Reconstruction Company' (ARC) means a company registered with the Reserve Bank of India under Section 3 of the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 (SARFAESI Act).	100% of paid-up capital of ARC (FDI + FII/FPI) ⁵⁶	Automatic up to 49% Government route beyond 49%			
F.1.1.2	Other conditions:					
	Companies (ARCs) registered w beyond 49% on the Government (ii) No sponsor may hold more the FDI or by routing it through an F (iii) The total shareholding of an capital. (iv) FIIs/FPIs can invest in the Second Companies (ARCs) registered w beyond 49% on the Government	han 50% of the shareholding in an ARC eight FII/FPI controlled by the single sponsor. individual FII/FPI shall be below 10% of the ecurity Receipts (SRs) issued by ARCs reg	atic route, and ther by way of the total paid-up			
	Reserve Bank. FIIs/FPIs can invest up to 74 per cent of each tranche of scheme of SRs. Such investment should be within the FII/FPI limit on corporate bonds prescribed from time to time, and sectoral caps under extant FDI Regulations should also be complied with. (v) All investments would be subject to provisions of section 3(3) (f) of Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002.					
F.2	Banking –Private sector					
F.2.1	Banking –Private sector	74% including	Automatic			

Notification No.FEMA.320/2014-RB dtd Sep 5, 2014

Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014
 Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
			Government route beyond 49% and upto 74%
F.2.2	Other conditions:	<u> </u>	7 4 70
Γ.2.2	(1) This 74% limit will include by FIIs/FPIs, NRIs and shares as and continue to include IPOs, Pr from existing shareholders. 58 (2) The aggregate foreign investration a maximum of 74 per cent of the cent of the paid up capital will howned subsidiary of a foreign bar (3) The stipulations as above will banks also. (4) The permissible limits under price of the total paid-up capital per cent of the total paid-up capital special resolution to that effect by (a) Thus, the FII/FPI/QFI is the total paid-up capital. (b) In the case of NRIs, as the total paid-up capital aggregate limit cannot ex repatriation and non-repatration and	portfolio investment schemes through sto ows: herto, individual FII/FPI holding is restrial, aggregate limit for all FIIs/FPIs/QFIs cal, which can be raised to 49 per cent of rough a resolution by its Board of Directors.	erstwhile OCBs, disition of shares ill be allowed up es, at least 26 per gard to a wholly-ling private sector ck exchanges for cted to below 10 cannot exceed 24 the total paid-up ors followed by a in 49 per cent of lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation where the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital basis and capital both on be allowed up to non-repatriation that effect in the lation basis and capital basis and cap

 $^{^{58}}$ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	(d) Transfer of shares under FDI from residents to non-residents will continue to require approval of RBI and Government as per Regulation 14(5) as applicable.(e) The policies and procedures prescribed from time to time by RBI and other institutions such as SEBI, D/o Company Affairs and IRDA on these matters will continue to apply.		
	private bank, if such acc	ing to acquisition by purchase or otherwis juisition results in any person owning or of up capital of the private bank will apply	controlling 5 per
	(ii) Setting up of a subsidiar	y by foreign banks	
	(a) Foreign banks will not both.	be permitted to either have branches or	subsidiaries but
	(b) Foreign banks regulated by banking supervisory authority in the home coun and meeting Reserve Bank's licensing criteria will be allowed to hold 100 per control up capital to enable them to set up a wholly-owned subsidiary in India.(c) A foreign bank may operate in India through only one of the three channels via (i) branches (ii) a wholly-owned subsidiary and (iii) a subsidiary with aggregation investment up to a maximum of 74 per cent in a private bank.		
	either through conversion banking license. A forei acquisition of shares of a	l be permitted to establish a wholly-on of existing branches into a subsidiary or gn bank will be permitted to establish a sun existing private sector bank provided at the private sector bank is held by reside above.	through a fresh bsidiary through least 26 per cent
	(e) A subsidiary of a foreign bank will be subject to the licensing requirements and conditions broadly consistent with those for new private sector banks.(f) Guidelines for setting up a wholly-owned subsidiary of a foreign bank will be issued separately by RBI		
		Foreign bank for setting up a subsidiary or for subsidiary in India will have to be made to	
	companies, and this should can be brought about only approvals.	mit of ten per cent on voting rights in res be noted by potential investor. Any chang after final policy decisions and appropria	ge in the ceiling
F.3	Banking- Public Sector		T ~
F.3.1	Banking- Public Sector subject to Banking Companie	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Government

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route		
	(Acquisition & Transfer of				
	Undertakings) Acts 1970/80.				
	This ceiling (20%) is also				
	applicable to the State Bank of				
T. 4	India and its associate Banks.				
F.4 F.4.1	Commodity Exchanges	o one recorded and an the Ferminal Century	nata (Danulation)		
Г.4.1	1. Futures trading in commodities are regulated under the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952. Commodity Exchanges, like Stock Exchanges, are infrastructure companies in the commodity futures market. With a view to infuse globally acceptable best practices, modern management skills and latest technology, it was decided to allow foreign investment in Commodity Exchanges.				
	2. For the purposes of this chapter	r,			
	Forward Contracts (Regulation	is a recognized association under the p n) Act, 1952, as amended from time to in forward contracts in commodities.			
	(ii) "recognized association" means an association to which recognition for the time being has been granted by the Central Government under Section 6 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952				
	(iii) "Association" means any body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, constituted for the purposes of regulating and controlling the business of the sale or purchase of any goods and commodity derivative.				
	(iv)""Forward contract" means a contract for the delivery of goods and which is not a ready delivery contract.				
	(v) "Commodity derivative" means-				
	 □ a contract for delivery of goods, which is not a ready delivery contract; or □ a contract for differences which derives its value from prices or indices of prices of such underlying goods or activities, services, rights, interests and events, as may be notified in consultation with the Forward Markets Commission by the Central Government, but does not include securities. 				
F.4.2	Policy for FDI in Commodity Exchange	49% (FDI & FII/FPI) [Investment by Registered FII /FPI under Portfolio Investment Scheme (PIS) will be limited to 23% and Investment under	⁶⁰ Automatic		
		FDI Scheme limited to 26%] ⁵⁹			
E 4.2	Other conditions:				
F.4.3	Other conditions:	actioned to accomplant and action of			
	(1) FII/KFPI purchases shall be re	estricted to secondary market only and			

 $^{^{59}}$ Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014 60 PN 6 of 2013

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route		
S1. INO.	Sector / Activity	70 OI Equity/FDI Cap	Linity Route		
	(ii) No non-resident investor / entity, including persons acting in concert, will hold more than 5% of the equity in these companies.				
	(iii) Foreign investment in commodity exchanges will be subject to the guidelines of the				
T. #	Central Government / Forward M	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
F.5	Credit Information Companies				
F.5.1	Credit Information Companies	74% (FDI + FII/RFPI)	Automatic ⁶¹		
F.5.2	Other Conditions:	The Table 11 Committee of the Table 11 Committee of the Table 12 Commi	41 0 114		
	Information Companies (Regulation	edit Information Companies is subject on) Act, 2005.	to the Credit		
	(3) Investment by a registered Fl	ed subject to regulatory clearance from REII/RFPI under the Portfolio Investment SeIICs listed at the Stock Exchanges, within	cheme would be		
	(4) Such FII/FPI investment would be permitted subject to the conditions that:(a) A single entity should directly or indirectly hold below 10% equity.(b) Any acquisition in excess of 1% will have to be reported to RBI as a mandatory requirement; and				
	(c) FIIs/RPFIs investing in CICs shall not seek a representation on the Board of Directors based upon their shareholding.				
F.6	Infrastructure Company in the Securities Market				
F.6.1	Infrastructure companies in Securities Markets, namely, stock exchanges, depositories	49% (FDI + FII/RFPI) [FDI limit of 26 per cent and an FII/RPFI limit of 23 per cent of the paid-up capital]	⁶³ Automatic		
	and clearing corporations, in compliance with SEBI Regulations				
F.6.2	Other Conditions:				
F.6.2.1	FII/RFPI can invest only through purchases in the secondary market.				
⁶⁴ F.7	Insurance				
F.7.1	(i) Insurance Company	49%	Automatic		
	(ii) Insurance Brokers	{(FDI+FPI(FII,QFI)+NRI+FVCI+DR}	upto 26%		
	(iii) Third party Administrators		Government route beyond		
	(iv) Surveyors and Loss Assessors		26% and up to 49%		
	(v) Other Insurance Intermediaries appointed under				

⁶¹ PN 6 of 2013
⁶² Notification No.FEMA.312/2014-RB dtd July 2, 2014
⁶³ PN 6 of 2013
⁶⁴ Substituted w.e.f. February 4, 2014 vide FEMA Notification 301 dated April 4, 2014

Sl. No.	Sector	r / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
		ovisions of Insurance		
	_	atory and Development		
	1999)	rity Act, 1999 (41 of		
	1777)			
F.7.2		Conditions:		
	a)		pany shall allow the aggregate holdings	•
			equity shares by foreign investors, inc	
		investors, to exceed forty-	nine percent of the paid up equity capita	al of such Indian
		insurance company.		
	1)		1 1:1 (1 (1 (4 (4 16)	
	(b)	•	proposals which take the total foreign in	
		• •	above 26 percent and upto the cap of 49	percent shall be
		under Government route.		
	c)	Foreign investment in the	sector is subject to compliance of the p	provisions of the
		<u> </u>	he condition that Companies bringing in	
			EInsurance Regulatory & Development A	
		for undertaking insurance		
		8		
	d)	An Indian insurance co	ompany shall ensure that its ownersh	nip and control
		remains at all times in	the hands of resident Indian entities	referred to in
		Notification No. G.S.R 11	5 (E), dated 19th February, 2015.	
	e)	• •	tment in an Indian insurance com	- •
			ns contained in sub-regulations (2), (2A)	
			xchange Management (Transfer or issue	
		•	ndia) Regulations, 2000 and provisions of	of the Securities
		Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations.	
	f)	Any increase of foreign	investment of an Indian insurance comp	nany shall be in
	1)	•	g guidelines specified by Reserve Bank o	•
		FEMA.	g gardennes specified by Reserve Bank o	i india dilaci tile
	g)	The foreign equity inve	estment cap of 49 percent shall apply	y on the same
		terms as above to Insurar	nce Brokers, Third Party Administrators	, Surveyors and
		Loss Assessors and Other	Insurance Intermediaries appointed under	er the provisions
		of the Insurance Regulator	ry and Development Authority Act, 1999	(41 of 1999):
	h)		ntity like a bank, whose primary busines	
			by the Insurance Regulatory and Develo	
		of India to function as an i	nsurance intermediary, the foreign equity	investment caps

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity % of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹ Entry Route			
	 applicable in that sector shall continue to apply, subject to the condition that the revenues of such entities from their primary (i.e. non- insurance related) busine must remain above 50 percent of their total revenues in any financial year. i) The provisions of paragraphs F.2,F.2.1 and F.2.2 relating to 'Banking- Privat Sector', shall be applicable in respect of bank promoted insurance companies. j) Terms 'Control', 'Equity Share Capital', 'Foreign Direct Investment' (FDI 'Foreign Investors', 'Foreign Portfolio Investment', 'Indian Insurance Company', 'Indian Company', 'Indian Control of an Indian Insurance Company', 'Indian Ownership', 'Non-resident Entity', 'Public Financi Institution', 'Resident Indian Citizen', 'Total Foreign Investment' will have the same meaning as provided in Notification No. G.S.R 115 (E), dated 19th February, 2015 			
F.8	Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFC)			
F.8.1	Foreign investment in NBFC is allowed under the automatic route in only the following activities: (i) Merchant Banking (ii) Under Writing (iii) Portfolio Management Services (iv) Investment Advisory Services (v) Financial Consultancy (vi) Stock Broking (vii) Asset Management (viii) Venture Capital (ix) Custodian Services (x) Factoring (xi) Credit Rating Agencies (xii) Leasing & Finance (xiii) Housing Finance (xiv) Forex Broking (xv) Credit Card Business (xvi) Money Changing Business (xvii) Micro Credit (xviiii) Rural Credit			
F.8.2	Other Conditions: (1) Investment would be subject to the following minimum capitalisation norms: (i) US \$0.5 million for foreign capital up to 51% to be brought upfront			

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route		
	(ii) US \$ 5 million for foreign capital more than 51% and up to 75% to be brought				
	upfront (iii)US \$ 50 million for foreign capital more than 75% out of which US\$ 7.5 million to be brought upfront and the balance in 24 months.				
	(iv) NBFCs (i) having foreign investment more than 75% and up to 100%, and (ii) with a minimum capitalisation of US\$ 50 million, can set up step down subsidiaries for specific NBFC activities, without any restriction on the number of operating subsidiaries and without bringing in additional capital. The minimum capitalization condition as mandated by para 3.10.4.1 of DIPP Circular 1 of 2012 dated April 10 2012, on Consolidated FDI Policy, therefore, shall not apply to downstream subsidiaries.				
	(v) Joint Venture operating NBFCs that have 75% or less than 75% foreign investment can also set up subsidiaries for undertaking other NBFC activities, subject to the subsidiaries also complying with the applicable minimum capitalisation norm mentioned in (i), (ii) and (iii) above and (vi) below.				
	(vi) Non- Fund based activities: US\$ 0.5 million to be brought upfront for all permitted non-fund based NBFCs irrespective of the level of foreign investment subject to the following condition:				
	It would not be permissible for such a company to set up any subsidiary for any other activity, nor it can participate in any equity of an NBFC holding/operating company.				
	Note: The following activities would be classified as Non-Fund Based activities: (a) Investment Advisory Services (b) Financial Consultancy (c) Forex Broking (d) Money Changing Business (e) Credit Rating Agencies				
	(vii) This will be subject to co	impliance with the guidelines of RBI.			
	Note: (i) Credit Card business includes issuance, sales, marketing & design of variou payment products such as credit cards, charge cards, debit cards, stored value cards smart card, value added cards etc. (ii) Leasing & Finance covers only financial leases and not operating leases. (2) The NBFC will have to comply with the guidelines of the relevant regulator/s, a applicable				
F.9	Power Exchanges				
F.9.1	Power Exchanges under the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Power Market)	49% (FDI + FII/RFPI)	Automatic ⁶⁵		

⁶⁵ PN 6 of 2013

Sl. No.	Sector / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
	Regulations, 2010		
F.9.2	Other conditions:		
	(i) Such foreign investment limit of 23 per cent of the p	would be subject to an FDI limit of 26 aid-up capital;	per cent and an FII/RFPI
	(ii) FII/RFPI purchases sha	ll be restricted to secondary market only	y;
	(iii) No non-resident invest than 5% of the equity in the	tor/ entity, including persons acting in ese companies; and	concert, will hold more
	` '	ent would be in compliance with S s; security and other conditionalities.	SEBI Regulations; other
⁶⁷ 17	Pharmaceuticals	·	
17.1	Greenfield	100%	Automatic
17.2	Brownfield	100%	Government
17.3	Other Conditions ⁶⁶		
	II. The prospective in certificate along with the time of granting. Note: i. FDI upto 100% und devices. The above greenfield as well as ii. Medical device means a) Any instrument, used alone or manufacturer to be the specific purpor (aa) Diagnosis, or disorder;	er the automatic route is permitted for rementioned conditions, will, therefores brownfield projects of this industry. Ins:- apparatus, appliance, implant, material in combination, including the softe used specially for human beings or an	DI in brownfield cases, at manufacturing of medical re, not be applicable to or other article, whether ftware intended by its nimals for one or more of leviation of any disease
	a physiological (ad) supporting (ae) disinfection (af) control of of and which does body or animal	on, replacement or modification or supp process; or sustaining life; n of medical devices;	n in or on the human gical or metabolic

 66 Notification No.FEMA.334/2015-RB dtd Jan 9, 2015

Sl. No.	Sector	r / Activity	% of Equity/FDI Cap ³⁹	Entry Route
		b) an accessory to such article;	an instrument, apparatus, appliance, m	naterial or other
		instrument, apparatus, combination thereof information for medica	igent, reagent product, calibrator, contrequipment or system whether use intended to be used for examination lor diagnostic purposes by means of in vom the human body or animals.	d alone or in and providing
	iii.	The definition of medic	al device at Note(ii) above would be	subject to the
		amendment in Drugs and	Cosmetics Act.	