Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007\* This review presents a comparative position of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units financed by scheduled commercial banks (excluding RRBs) and bank credit to them as at end-March 2007 with respect to their positions as at end of the previous two years. The number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units and advances to them have been presented according to industry, sector of industrial units, bank group, and size of bank credit with the help of tables and graphs/charts.

#### I. Introduction

Industrial sickness is a serious clog in the smooth functioning of the financial system as it impairs the repayment capacity of borrowers and thereby impedes the recycling of funds lent by the financial system. Banks and other financial intermediaries show reluctance in lending to industries which are gripped by actual or perceived sickness. It is, therefore, imperative that such units should be identified at the incipient stage itself so that prompt corrective measures may be taken as early as possible to minimise the drain on national resources. In this connection, the present review attempts to gauge and analyse the extent of banks' exposure to sick/weak industrial units as on March 2007. The review is divided into four sections. Section II deals with data coverage and Section III presents the detailed analysis of banks' exposure to sick/weak industrial units. A brief summary of the discussion is presented in Section IV.

Though the review attempts to present the scenario of industrial sickness/weakness in true perspective, it does not claim to be a

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}~$  Prepared in the OSMOS Division of the Department of Banking Supervision.

> comprehensive and exhaustive document in the area, as the source of information is limited. It is likely that all the Non-SSI sick/ weak industrial companies/units may not get included in the review as some of them might not have been financed by scheduled commercial banks.

#### II. Data Coverage<sup>1</sup>

The data cover all scheduled commercial banks (excluding RRBs), which had exposures to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units. In case of no exposure, these banks submitted 'nil' return. The reporting banks collect related data from their branches concerned and submit consolidated data for entire bank to the Reserve Bank on an annual basis.

# III.Discussion on Exposure of Banks to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units:

#### III.1 Overall Position:

The total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units declined from 5,252 as at

Chart 1: Proportion of Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units at end-March 2005 to 2007

6,000
5,000
4,000
2,000
1,000
1,000
Year
Sick Companies
Weak Units

end-March 2005 and 4,540 as at end-March 2006 to 3,967 as at end-March 2007 (Chart 1). Also, the aggregate outstanding bank credit to such units declined from Rs.34,427 crore as at end-March 2005 and Rs.32,988 crore as at end-March 2006 to Rs.25,066 crore as at end-March 2007 (Chart 2).

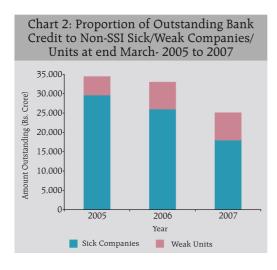
The number of weak units increased from 774 at end-March 2005 to 1,132 at end-March 2006 and declined to 1,010 at end-March 2007. On the other hand, the number

Tal	ble 1: Number o	of Sick/Weak Co	ompanies/Units	and Advances	to them - Year	wise
					(Amo	unts in Rs. crore)
Year	Number o	f Sick/Weak Com	panies/Units	Advances to	Sick/Weak Com	panies/Units
	Sick	Weak	Total	Sick	Weak	Total
	Companies	Units		Companies	Units	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2005	4,478	774	5,252	29,644	4,783	34,427
	(85.3)	(14.7)	(100.0)	(86.1)	(13.9)	(100.0)
2006	3,408	1,132	4,540	26,013	6,976	32,988
	(75.1)	(24.9)	(100.0)	(78.9)	(21.1)	(100.0)
2007	2,957	1,010	3,967	17,984	7,082	25,066
	(74.5)	(25.5)	(100.0)	(71.7)	(28.3)	(100.0)

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

 $<sup>^{\, 1}</sup>$  The concepts/definitions and related acts/provisions have been provided in the Annex.



of sick companies declined over the period and stood at 2,957 as at end-March 2007, compared with 3,408 and 4,478 as at end-March 2006 and 2005, respectively. In respect of bank credit to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units, the share of sick companies declined over the period and, correspondingly, the share of weak units increased.

#### III.2 Industry-wise Position:

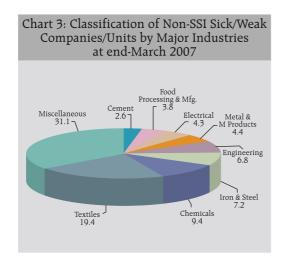
About 43 per cent of the total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2007 were from four major industries, viz., Textiles (19.4 per cent), Chemicals (9.4 per cent), Iron & Steel (7.2 per cent), and Engineering (6.8 per cent) [Table 2, Chart 3]. The share of such units increased during the period March 2005 to March 2007 in respect of industries like Textiles, and Chemicals and it declined for Iron and Steel and Engineering. It may be mentioned that 31.1 per cent of Non-SSI sick/ weak companies/units were from miscellaneous industries, which include Plastics, Pharmaceuticals and Drugs, Petroleum Products, Fertilizers, Consumer Durables, etc., (Statement I).

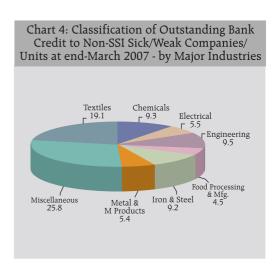
In respect of advances to Non-SSI sick/ weak companies/units as at end-March 2007, about 47 per cent of total advances were concentrated to the companies/units of only

	Table 2: Number of Sick/Weak Companies/Units - Industry wise													
Industries		Sick Comp t end-March			of Weak U			No. of Sick						
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10					
Total	4,478	3,408	2,957	774	1,132	1,010	5,252	4,540	3,967					
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)					
Of which:														
Textiles	846	701	628	125	166	143	971	867	771					
	(18.9)	(20.6)	(21.2)	(16.1)	(14.7)	(14.2)	(18.5)	(19.1)	(19.4)					
Chemicals	363	317	294	59	105	80	422	422	374					
	(8.1)	(9.3)	(9.9)	(7.6)	(9.3)	(7.9)	(8.0)	(9.3)	(9.4)					
Iron & Steel	378	295	253	32	37	34	410	332	287					
	(8.4)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(4.1)	(3.3)	(3.4)	(7.8)	(7.3)	(7.2)					
Engineering	304	263	219	61	69	51	365	332	270					
	(6.8)	(7.7)	(7.4)	(7.9)	(6.1)	(5.0)	(6.9)	(7.3)	(6.8)					

 $\textbf{Note:}\ 1.\ \ \text{Figures into bracket represent percentage to total}.$ 

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.





four industries, *viz.*, Textiles (19.1 per cent), Chemicals (9.3 per cent), Engineering (9.5 per cent), and Iron & Steel (9.2 per cent) [Table 3]. Also, more than one-fourth of total advances were accounted for by the miscellaneous industries as at end-March 2007 (Statement II).

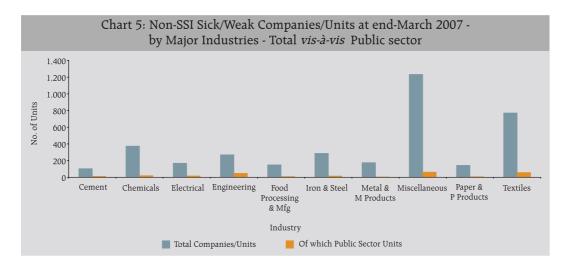
#### III.3 Industry and Sector-wise Position:

The sector-wise number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units in various industries as at end-March 2005 to 2007 are given in Table 4. Of the total number of such units as at end-March 2007, only 6.8 per cent were from public sector

	Tabl	e 3: Advan	ces to Sic	k/Weak Co	ompanies/	Units - Ind	lustry wise	2		
								(Amount in	Rs. crore)	
Industries		to Sick Con t end-March	-		nces to Wea at end-Marc		Total Advances to Sick/Weak Companies/Units at end-March			
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Total	29,644 (100.0)	26,013 (100.0)	17,984 (100.0)	4,783 (100.0)	6,976 (100.0)	7,082 (100.0)	34,427 (100.0)	32,988 (100.0)	25,066 (100.0)	
Of which										
Textiles	5,658 (19.1)	5,159 (19.8)	3,360 (18.7)	533 (11.1)	1,099 (15.8)	1,425 (20.1)	6,191 (18.0)	6,258 (19.0)	4,785 (19.1)	
Engineering	2,250 (7.6)	2,504 (9.6)	2,221 (12.3)	377 (7.9)	324 (4.6)	154 (2.2)	2,627 (7.6)	2,828 (8.6)	2,374 (9.5)	
Chemicals	2,039 (6.9)	2,252 (8.7)	1,852 (10.3)	445 (9.3)	681 (9.8)	473 (6.7)	2,484 (7.2)	2,933 (8.9)	2,325 (9.3)	
Iron & Steel	3,100 (10.5)	2,257 (8.7)	1,867 (10.4)	194 (4.0)	457 (6.6)	428 (6.0)	3,294 (9.6)	2,714 (8.2)	2,295 (9.2)	

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

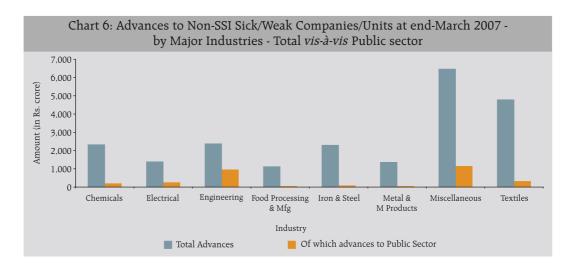


industries. Moreover, of the total Non-SSI sick/weak public sector companies/units, 7.9 per cent were sick companies and 3.8 per cent weak units. In tandem with the decline in total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units from 5,252 as at end-March 2005 to 3,967 as at end-March

2007. the number of public sector Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units also declined from 349 as at end-March 2005 to 271 as at end-March 2007. The detailed data on number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units by industry and sector are given in Statement III.

	Table 4: Industry wise Number of Sick/Weak Companies/Units - by Sector													
Industries	Year	No. of	Sick Com	panies	No.	of Weak U	nits		No. of Sick npanies/U					
		Total	Of Which		Total	of w	hich	Total	of w	hich				
			Public Sector			Public	Sector		Public	Sector				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11				
Total	2005	4,478	315	(7.0)	774	34	(4.4)	5,252	349	(6.6)				
	2006	3,408	269	(7.9)	1,132	41	(3.6)	4,540	310	(6.8)				
	2007	2,957	233	(7.9)	1,010	38	(3.8)	3,967	271	(6.8)				
Of which														
Sugar	2005	41	8	(19.5)	10	3	(30.0)	51	11	(21.6)				
	2006	39	7	(17.9)	16	0	(0.0)	55	7	(12.7)				
	2007	32	8	(25.0)	14	2	(14.3)	46	10	(21.7)				
Vehicle &	2005	41	6	(14.6)	9	0	(0.0)	50	6	(12.0)				
Transport	2006	35	8	(22.9)	9	1	(11.1)	44	9	(20.5)				
Equipments	2007	32	6	(18.8)	10	1	(10.0)	42	7	(16.7)				
Engineering	2005	304	42	(13.8)	61	6	(9.8)	365	48	(13.2)				
	2006	263	44	(16.7)	69	6	(8.7)	332	50	(15.1)				
	2007	219	42	(19.2)	51	5	(9.8)	270	47	(17.4)				
Jute	2005	18	7	(38.9)	1	0	(0.0)	19	7	(36.8)				
	2006	15	4	(26.7)	2	1	(50.0)	17	5	(29.4)				
	2007	14	2	(14.3)	2	0	(0.0)	16	2	(12.5)				

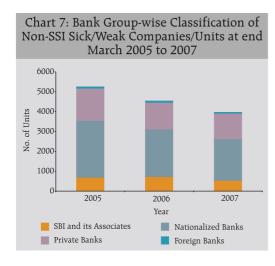
**Note:** Figures into bracket represent percentage to respective totals.



The share of advances to public sector units in total advances to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units increased marginally from 12.6 per cent as at end-March 2005 to 12.9 per cent as at end-March 2007 (Table 5). Moreover, the share of advances to Non-SSI sick public sector companies increased marginally from 13.0 per cent as at end-

March 2005 to 13.1 per cent as at end-March 2007 and increased moderately in respect of Non-SSI weak public sector units from 10.4 per cent as at end-March 2005 to 12.4 per cent as at end-March 2007. As regards industry and sector-wise classification of advances to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units, the share of public sector companies/

	Table 5	: Industry	y wise Ad	vances to	Sick/We	ak Compa	anies/Uni	ts - by Se	ctor	
								(/	Amount in	Rs. crore)
Industries	Year	Advances to Sick Companies			Advanc	es to Weal	Units		vances to S npanies/Ui	
		Total	Of W		Total	Of W Public		Total	Of W	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total	2005 2006 2007	29,644 26,013 17,984	3,846 3,181 2,352	(13.0) (12.2) (13.1)	4,783 6,976 7,082	496 830 878	(10.4) (11.9) (12.4)	34,427 32,988 25,066	4,342 4,010 3,230	(12.6) (12.2) (12.9)
Of which										
Engineering	2005 2006 2007	2,250 2,504 2,221	904 1,296 904	(40.2) (51.7) (40.7)	377 324 154	92 42 43	(24.4) (13.0) (28.1)	2,627 2,828 2,374	996 1,338 947	(37.9) (47.3) (39.9)
Electrical	2005 2006 2007	1,517 1,203 1,054	586 278 177	(38.6) (23.1) (16.8)	239 324 334	5 25 70	(1.9) (7.6) (20.8)	1,756 1,527 1,388	591 302 247	(33.6) (19.8) (17.8)
Vehicle & Tran Equip	2005 2006 2007	1,034 341 238	78 94 74	(7.5) (27.5) (31.0)	82 161 174	0 15 15	(0.0) (9.6) (8.9)	1,116 501 412	78 109 89	(7.0) (21.7) (21.7)
Note: Figures	in bracket	s represen	t percentag	ge to respe	ctive totals					



units from 'Engineering' industry accounted for 39.9 per cent of the advances to the companies/units of this industry. The detailed data on advances to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units by industry and sector are provided in Statement IV.

#### III.4 Bank Group-wise Position:

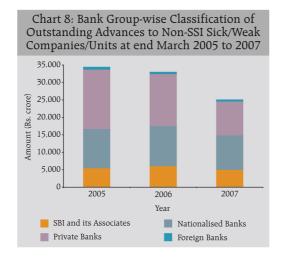
Bank group-wise classification of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2005 to 2007 showed that Nationalized Banks had lent to 52.1 per cent of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2007, as compared to 54.1 per cent units as at end-March 2005 (Table 6). On the other hand, the share of private sector banks in total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/ units financed increased to 32.3 per cent at end-March 2007 as compared to 30.9 per cent at end-March 2005. While the share of SBI & its Associates in total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units financed increased from 13.1 per cent as at end-March 2005 to 13.5 per cent as at end-March 2007, the share of foreign banks hovered around 2.0 per cent.

As regards bank group-wise classification of advances to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units, the share of Private Banks continued to be the highest as at end-March 2007 (Table 7). However, it declined from 49.8 per cent as at end-March 2005 to 39.4 per cent as at end-March 2007. On the other hand, the shares of Nationalised Banks and SBI & its Associates increased during the same period.

	Table	6: Numbe	er of Sick/V	Weak Com	panies/Un	its - Bank	Group wis	se		
Bank Group		Sick Comp t end-March			of Weak Uat end-Marc		Total No. of Sick/Weak Companies/Units at end-March			
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
SBI and its	580	575	427	108	147	107	688	722	534	
Associates	(13.0)	(16.9)	(14.4)	(14.0)	(13.0)	(10.6)	(13.1)	(15.9)	(13.5)	
Nationalized	2,510	2,012	1,743	330	357	325	2,840	2,369	2,068	
Banks	(56.1)	(59.0)	(58.9)	(42.6)	(31.5)	(32.2)	(54.1)	(52.2)	(52.1)	
Private Banks	1,305	745	725	317	602	564	1,622	1,347	1,289	
	(29.1)	(21.9)	(24.5)	(41.0)	(53.2)	(55.8)	(30.9)	(29.7)	(32.5)	
Foreign Banks	83	76	62	19	26	14	102	102	76	
	(1.9)	(2.2)	(2.1)	(2.5)	(2 <i>.</i> 3)	(1.4)	(1.9)	(2.2)	(1.9)	
Total	4,478	3,408	2,957	774	1,132	1,010	5,252	4,540	3,967	
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.



### III.5 Bank Group-cum-Industry-wise Position:

Industry and bank group-wise classification of number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2005 to 2007, presented in Statement V, revealed that Nationalised Banks and Private Banks had exposure to maximum

number of units of 'Textiles' and 'Chemicals' industries. On the other hand, SBI & its Associates' banks and Foreign Banks were mainly exposed to the companies/units of 'Textiles' and 'Engineering' industries as at end-March 2007.

It may be seen that the bulk of the outstanding bank credit to Non-SSI sick/ weak companies/units as at end-March 2007 was accounted for by the companies/ units of Textiles, Iron & Steel, Engineering and Chemicals industries (Statement VI). While majority of advances by Nationalised Banks to such units was shared by the units of Textiles, Iron & Steel and Chemicals industries, the units of Engineering and Textiles industries had maximum share of advances by SBI & its Associates. In the case of Private Banks, Textiles industries accounted for the major share of their credit to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/ units.

	Table	7: Advance	es to Sick/	Weak Con	npanies/U1	nits - Bank	Group wi	se		
								(Amounts i	n Rs. crore)	
Bank Group		to Sick Co t end-March	-		nces to Wea at end-Marc		Total Advances to Sick/Weak Companies/Units at end-March			
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
SBI and its	4,086	4,605	3,676	1,403	1,479	1,350	5,488	6,084	5,026	
Associates	(13.8)	(17.7)	(20.4)	(29.3)	(21.2)	(19.1)	(15.9)	(18.4)	(20.1)	
Nationalized	9,604	9,480	7,614	1,504	1,855	2,113	11,108	11,334	9,727	
Banks	(32.4)	(36.4)	(42.3)	(31.4)	(26.6)	(29.8)	(32.3)	(34.4)	(38.8)	
Private Banks	15,346	11,499	6,303	1,796	3,557	3,563	17,142	15,056	9,866	
	(51.8)	(44.2)	(35.0)	(37.5)	(51.0)	(50.3)	(49.8)	(45.6)	(39.4)	
Foreign Banks	608	430	391	80	85	56	688	514	447	
	(2.0)	(1.7)	(2.2)	(1.7)	(1.2)	(0.8)	(2.0)	(1.6)	(1.8)	
Total	29,644	26,013	17,984	4,783	6,976	7,082	34,427	32,988	25,066	
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

#### IV. Summary

The aggregate outstanding bank credit to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units declined from Rs. 34,427 crore as at end-March 2005 and Rs. 32,988 crore as at end-March 2006 to Rs. 25,066 crore as at end-March 2007. Also, the total number of such companies/units declined from 5,252 as at end-March 2005 and 4,540 as at end-March 2006 to 3,967 as at end-March 2007.

In respect of number of financed Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2007, about 43 per cent were from four industries, *viz.*, Textiles, Chemicals, Iron & Steel, and Engineering. As regards advances to such units as at end-March 2007, about 47 per cent of total advances were concentrated in units of these four

industries, *viz.*, Textiles, Chemicals, Engineering, and Iron & Steel.

Of the total number of Non-SSI sick/weak companies/units as at end-March 2007, only 6.8 per cent units were from the public sector. Further, the share of advances to Non-SSI sick/weak public sector companies/units in total advances stood at 12.9 per cent as at end-March 2007.

Bank group-wise position as at end-March 2007 showed that more than 50 per cent of the Non-SSI sick/weak companies/ units financed had availed advances from Nationalised Banks. However, in terms of advances to Non-SSI sick/weak companies/ units, the share of Private Banks remained the highest (39.4 per cent) as at end-March 2007.

Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007

Sta	tement I:	Number	of Sick/W	/eak Com	panies/U	nits - Ind	ustry wis	e	
Industries		Sick Com t end-Marc	_		of Weak U t end-Marc		Com	No. of Sick panies/Uni end-March	ts at
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Cement	135	96	81	31	36	23	166	132	104
	(3.0)	(2.8)	(2.7)	(4.0)	(3.2)	(2.3)	(3.2)	(2.9)	(2.6)
Chemicals	363	317	294	59	105	80	422	422	374
	(8.1)	(9.3)	(9.9)	(7.6)	(9.3)	(7.9)	(8.0)	(9.3)	(9.4)
Electrical	159	155	133	38	47	36	197	202	169
	(3.6)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.9)	(4.2)	(3.6)	(3.8)	(4.4)	(4.3)
Engineering	304	263	219	61	69	51	365	332	270
	(6.8)	(7.7)	(7.4)	(7.9)	(6.1)	(5.0)	(6.9)	(7.3)	(6.8)
Food Processing & Mfg.	154	131	108	34	37	41	188	168	149
	(3.4)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(4.4)	(3.3)	(4.1)	(3.6)	(3.7)	(3.8)
Gem & Jewellery	20 (0.4)	20 (0.6)	13 (0.4)	3 (0.4)	(0.2)	3 (0.3)	23 (0.4)	22 (0.5)	16 (0.4)
Iron & Steel	378	295	253	32	37	34	410	332	287
	(8.4)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(4.1)	(3.3)	(3.4)	(7.8)	(7.3)	(7.2)
Jute	18 (0.4)	15 (0.4)	14 (0.5)	1 (0.1)	(0.2)	2 (0.2)	19 (0.4)	17 (0.4)	16 (0.4)
Leather & L Products	60	41	37	9	18	14	69	59	51
	(1.3)	(1.2)	(1.3)	(1.2)	(1.6)	(1.4)	(1.3)	(1.3)	(1.3)
Metal & M Products	157	131	111	28	55	65	185	186	176
	(3.5)	(3.8)	(3.8)	(3.6)	(4.9)	(6.4)	(3.5)	(4.1)	(4.4)
Miscellaneous	1,483	914	801	287	471	432	1,770	1,385	1,233
	(33.1)	(26.8)	(27.1)	(37.1)	(41.6)	(42.8)	(33.7)	(30.5)	(31.1)
Paper & P Products	161	128	110	26	29	33	187	157	143
	(3.6)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(3.4)	(2.6)	(3.3)	(3.6)	(3.5)	(3.6)
Rubber & R Products	40	36	23	3	4	6	43	40	29
	(0.9)	(1.1)	(0.8)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.6)	(0.8)	(0.9)	(0.7)
Sugar	41	39	32	10	16	14	51	55	46
	(0.9)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.4)	(1.0)	(1.2)	(1.2)
Textiles	846	701	628	125	166	143	971	867	771
	(18.9)	(20.6)	(21.2)	(16.1)	(14.7)	(14.2)	(18.5)	(19.1)	(19.4)
Tobacco & T Products	6	5	5	1	1	1	7	6	6
	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Veg Oil & Vanaspati	112	86	63	17	28	22	129	114	85
	(2.5)	(2.5)	(2.1)	(2.2)	(2.5)	(2.2)	(2.5)	(2.5)	(2.1)
Vehicle & Tran Equip	41 (0.9)	35 (1.0)	32 (1.1)	9 (1.2)	9 (0.8)	10 (1.0)	50 (1.0)	44 (1.0)	42 (1.1)
Total	4,478	3,408	2,957	774	1,132	1,010	5,252	4,540	3,967
	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

State	ement II:	Advances	to Sick/\	Neak Con	npanies/U	nits - Inc	dustry wi		
	_							mounts in	
Industries		to Sick Co t end-Marc	-		es to Weal end-Marc		Com	ances to S panies/Uni end-March	ts at
	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007	2005	2006	2007
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Cement	1,236	1,198	386	180	189	122	1,416	1,387	508
a1 · 1	(4.2)	(4.6)	(2.1)	(3.8)	(2.7)	(1.7)	(4.1)	(4.2)	(2.0)
Chemicals	2,039 (6.9)	2,252 (8.7)	1,852 (10.3)	445 (9.3)	681 (9.8)	473 (6.7)	2,484 (7.2)	2,933 (8.9)	2,325 (9.3)
Electrical	1,517	1,203	1,054	239	324	334	1,756	1,527	1,388
	(5.1)	(4.6)	(5.9)	(5.0)	(4.6)	(4.7)	(5.1)	(4.6)	(5.5)
Engineering	2,250 (7.6)	2,504 (9.6)	2,221 (12.3)	377 (7.9)	324 (4.6)	154 (2.2)	2,627 (7.6)	2,828 (8.6)	2,374 (9.5)
Food Processing & Mfg.	1,155	737	360	94	121	761	1,250	858	1,122
reed recessing a mig	(3.9)	(2.8)	(2.0)	(2.0)	(1.7)	(10.8)	(3.6)	(2.6)	(4.5)
Gem & Jewellery	152	197	104	46	4	16	197	200	120
	(0.5)	(0.8)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.5)
Iron & Steel	3,100 (10.5)	2,257 (8.7)	1,867 (10.4)	194 (4.0)	457 (6.6)	428 (6.0)	3,294 (9.6)	2,714 (8.2)	2,295 (9.2)
Jute	56	44	46	4	9	11	60	53	58
,	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Leather & L Products	374	380	258	20	37	39	393	417	297
	(1.3)	(1.5)	(1.4)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(1.1)	(1.3)	(1.2)
Metal & M Products	1,381 (4.7)	1,143	995 (5.5)	116 (2.4)	242 (3.5)	364 (5.1)	1,497 (4.3)	1,385 (4.2)	1,359 (5.4)
Miscellaneous	8,112	7,098	4,125	2,082	2,700	2,341	10,194	9,798	6,465
	(27.4)	(27.3)	(22.9)	(43.5)	(38.7)	(33.0)	(29.6)	(29.7)	(25.8)
Paper & P Products	510 (1 <i>.7</i> )	486 (1.9)	425 (2.4)	97 (2.0)	120 (1.7)	115 (1.6)	607 (1.8)	606 (1.8)	540 (2.2)
Rubber & R Products	143	137	133	13	117	97	156	254	230
Rubber & R Froducts	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(0.3)	(1.7)	(1.4)	(0.5)	(0.8)	(0.9)
Sugar	381	351	230	208	268	122	589	619	352
	(1.3)	(1.3)	(1.3)	(4.3)	(3.8)	(1.7)	(1.7)	(1.9)	(1.4)
Textiles	5,658 (19.1)	5,159 (19.8)	3,360 (18.7)	533 (11.1)	1,099 (15.8)	1,425 (20.1)	6,191 (18.0)	6,258 (19.0)	4,785 (19.1)
Tobacco & T Products	18	12	6	5	5	4	23	17	10
	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0)
Veg Oil & Vanaspati	528 (1.8)	517 (2.0)	324	49 (1.0)	118	103	576 (1 <i>.</i> 7)	635	427 (1.7)
Vehicle & Tran Equip	1,034	(2.0)	(1.8) 238	(1.0)	(1 <i>.</i> 7) 161	(1.5)	1,116	(1 <i>.</i> 9) 501	(1.7) 412
vemere & Han Equip	(3.5)	(1.3)	(1.3)	(1.7)	(2.3)	(2.4)	(3.2)	(1.5)	(1.6)
Total	29,644 (100.0)	26,013 (100.0)	17,984 (100.0)	4,783 (100.0)	6,976 (100.0)	7,082 (100.0)	34,427 (100.0)	32,988 (100.0)	25,066 (100.0)

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

2. Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007

Industries	Year	No. of	Sick Comp	anies	No. o	of Weak Un	its		o. of Sick/\ panies/Uni	
		Total	Of Wl Public S	-	Total	Of Wl Public S	-	Total	Of Wh Public S	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1
Cement	2005	135	13	(9.6)	31	0	(0.0)	166	13	(7.8
	2006 2007	96 81	9 11	(9.4) (13.6)	36 23	0	(0.0)	132 104	9	(6.8 (10.0
Chemicals	2007	363	27	(7.4)	59	2	(3.4)	422	29	(6.9
Circinicuis	2006	317	23	(7.3)	105	2	(1.9)	422	25	(5.0
	2007	294	16	(5.4)	80	4	(5.0)	374	20	(5.3
Electrical	2005	159	24	(15.1)	38	3	(7.9)	197	27	(13.)
	2006 2007	155 133	19 13	(12.3) (9.8)	47 36	4   3	(8.5) (8.3)	202 169	23 16	(11.4
Engineering	2005	304	42	(13.8)	61	6	(9.8)	365	48	(13.2
66	2006	263	44	(16.7)	69	6	(8.7)	332	50	(15.
	2007	219	42	(19.2)	51	5	(9.8)	270	47	(17.4
Food Processing & Mfg.	2005 2006	154 131	8	(5.2) (6.9)	34 37	1 1	(2.9) (2.7)	188 168	9 10	(4.8 (6.0
x wig.	2000	108	7	(6.5)	41	2	(4.9)	149	9	(6.
Gem &	2005	20	0	(0.0)	3	0	(0.0)	23	ó	(0.
Jewellery	2006	20	0	(0.0)	2	0	(0.0)	22	0	(0.
	2007	13	0	(0.0)	3	0	(0.0)	16	0	(0.
Iron & Steel	2005 2006	378 295	16 13	(4.2) (4.4)	32 37	1 3	(3.1) (8.1)	410 332	17 16	(4. (4.
	2007	253	13	(5.1)	34	2	(5.9)	287	15	(5.
Jute	2005	18	7	(38.9)	1	0	(0.0)	19	7	(36.
	2006	15	4	(26.7)	2	1	(50.0)	17	5	(29.
Leather & L	2007	14 60	2	(14.3)	2 9	0	(0.0)	16 69	2 5	(12.
Products	2005	41	5 1	(2.4)	18	0	(0.0) (0.0)	59	1	(7
	2007	37	0	(0.0)	14	0	(0.0)	51	0	(0.0
Metal & M	2005	157	9	(5.7)	28	1	(3.6)	185	10	(5.
Products	2006 2007	131 111	4 3	(3.1) (2.7)	55 65	1 1	(1.8) (1.5)	186 176	5 4	(2.)
Miscellaneous	2007	1,483	60	(4.0)	287	8	(2.8)	1,770	68	(3.8
WIIBCCHUIICO UB	2006	914	62	(6.8)	471	13	(2.8)	1,385	75	(5.
	2007	801	50	(6.2)	432	12	(2.8)	1,233	62	(5.
Paper & P	2005	161	10	(6.2)	26	1	(3.8)	187	11	(5.
Products	2006 2007	128 110	8 7	(6.3) (6.4)	29 33	1 0	(3.4)	157 143	9 7	(5.° (4.°
Rubber & R	2005	40	2	(5.0)	3	0	(0.0)	43	2	(4.)
Products	2006	36	2	(5.6)	4	0	(0.0)	40	2	(5.0
_	2007	23	3	(13.0)	6	0	(0.0)	29	3	(10.)
Sugar	2005 2006	41 39	8 7	(19.5) (17.9)	10 16	3 0	(30.0)	51 55	11 7	(21.) (12.)
	2007	32	8	(25.0)	14	2	(14.3)	46	10	(21.
Textiles	2005	846	66	(7.8)	125	8	(6.4)	971	74	(7.
	2006	701	53	(7.6)	166	8	(4.8)	867	61	(7.0
	2007	628	51	(8.1)	143	6	(4.2)	771	57	(7.
Tobacco & T Products	2005 2006	6   5	0	(0.0)	1 1	0	(0.0) (0.0)	7 6	0 0	(0. (0.
	2007	5	0	(0.0)	1	0	(0.0)	6	0	(0.
Veg Oil &	2005	112	12	(10.7)	17	0	(0.0)	129	12	(9.
Vanaspati	2006	86	3	(3.5)	28	0	(0.0)	114	3	(2.
Vehicle &	2007	63 41	1 6	(1.6)	22	0	(0.0)	85 50	1 6	(1. (12.
Tran Equip	2005	35	8	(22.9)	9	1	(0.0)	44	9	(20.
	2007	32	6	(18.8)	10	1	(10.0)	42	7	(16.
TOTAL	2005	4,478	315	(7.0)	774	34	(4.4)	5,252	349	(6.0
	2006	3,408	269	(7.9)	1,132	41	(3.6)	4,540	310	(6.8

**Note:** Figures in brackets represent percentage to respective totals

#### Statement IV: Industry wise Advances to Sick/Weak Companies/Units - by Sector (Amounts O/S in Rs. crore) Industries Year Advances to Sick Companies Advances to Weak Units Total Advances to Sick/Weak Companies/Units Total Of which Total Of which Of which Total **Public Sector Public Sector Public Sector** 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 Cement 2005 1,236 279 (22.6)180 0 (0.0)1,416 (19.7)279 (3.7) (12.1) 2006 1,198 44 189 0 (0.0)1,387 44 (3.2)2007 386 47 122 0 (0.0)508 47 (9.2)Chemicals 2005 2,039 278 (13.6)445 4 (1.0)2,484 282 (11.4)2006 2.252 292 (13.0)681 (0.5) (7.9) 2,933 2,325 295 (10.1)1.852 152 473 37 189 2007 (8.2)(8.1)Electrical 2005 1,517 586 (38.6)239 (1.9)1,756 591 (33.6)278 177 (23.1) (16.8) 25 (7.6) (20.8) 2006 1 203 324 1.527 302 (19.8)1,054 70 1,388 (17.8)334 247 2007 2,250 904 1,296 2,627 2,828 Engineering 2005 (40.2)377 92 (24.4)996 (37.9)(13.0)2006 2,504 (51.7)324 42 1.338 (47.3)2007 2,221 904 (40.7)154 43 (28.1)2,374 947 (39.9)Food Processing 438 (37.9) 1,250 2005 1,155 94 (0.4)439 (35.1)0 121 2006 46 (6.3)0 (0.3)47 (5.4)& Mfg 858 737 2007 360 11 (3.0)761 28 (3.6)1,122 39 (3.4)Gem & Jewellery 2005 152 (0.0)46 0 (0.0)197 0 (0.0)0 2006 197 (0.0)(0.0)200 0 (0.0)2007 104 0 (0.0)16 0 (0.0)120 0 (0.0)Iron & Steel 2005 3,100 79 (2.5)194 (4.8)3,294 88 (2.7)2006 85 (3.8)457 56 (12.3)2,714 141 2007 1,867 73 (3.9)428 (0.2)2,295 74 (3.2)2005 12 (20.5)0 12 (19.3)Jute 56 (0.0)60 2006 44 7 5 (14.9)9 (5.4)53 7 5 (13.3)46 0 2007 (9.8)11 (0.0)58 (7.9)Leather & I 2005 374 4 (1.1)20 0 (0.0)393 4 (1.1)Products 2006 380 n (0.1)37 n (0, 0)417 0 (0.1)0 258 (0.0)(0.0)2007 0 39 0 297 (0.0)Metal & M Products 2005 1.381 193 (14.0)116 31 31 (27.0)1,497 224 (15.0)103 72 7 (12.9)(7.5) (2.8) 2006 1.143 (6.3)242 1.385 2007 995 (0.7)364 31 (8.6) 1,359 39 (9.6)Miscellaneous 8.112 (8.5)2 082 (13.9) (22.5) 2005 687 289 10 194 975 669 (9.4)2.700 607 (13.0)2006 7.098 9.798 1.275 512 (12.4)2,341 (26.6)6,465 1,136 (17.6)2007 4,125 623 Paper & P Products 2005 510 22 (4.3)97 16 (16.0)607 38 (6.2)2006 486 25 (5.1)120 16 (12.9)606 40 (6.6)2007 425 (13.1)115 (0.0) 540 56 (10.3)Rubber & R 2005 143 5 (3.8)0 (0.0)156 5 (3.5)13 5 27 Products 2006 137 (3.9)117 254 2007 133 (20.5)97 0 (0.0)230 27 (11.9)2005 381 22 (5.8)589 24 Sugar 208 (0.8)(4.1)2006 351 12 (3.5)268 0 (0.0)619 12 (2.0)230 14 2007 13 (5.6)122 (0.9)352 (4.0)Textiles 2005 5,658 163 (2.9)533 49 (9.1)6,191 212 (3.4)2006 5,159 186 (3.6)1.099 34 28 (3.1)6,258 220 (3.5)(8.5)2007 (2.0)(6.5)3,360 284 1,425 4,785 312 Tobacco & T 2005 18 0 (0.0)0 (0.0)23 0 (0.0)0 Products 2006 12 0 (0.0)0 (0.0)17 (0.0)10 (0.0) (0.0)2007 6 0 (0.0)Veg Oil & 2005 528 96 (18.3)40 0 (0, 0)576 96 (16.7)517 635 Vanaspati 2006 71 11 (13.8)118 0 (0.0)71 11 (11.2)324 (3.3)0 (2.5) 2007 103 (0.0)427 1,034 Vehicle & 2005 78 (7.5)0 (0.0)1.116 78 (7.0)82 2006 341 94 (27.5)161 15 (9.6)109 (21.7)Tran Equip 501 2007 238 74 (31.0)174 15 (8.9)412 89 (21.7)34,427 32,988 29,644 3,846 (12.6)TOTAL 2005 (13.0) 4.783 496 (10.4)4,342 26,013 (12.2) 3.181 (12.2)6.976 830 2006 (11.9)4.010 2007 25,066 (12.9) 17,984 2,352 (13.1)7.082 (12.4)3,230

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to respective totals.

<sup>2.</sup> Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007

Industries	Year	S	BI & Its Assoc	iates	Nat	ionalised Ban	ks
		Sick Companies	Weak Units	Total	Sick Companies	Weak Units	Tota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Total	2005	580 (100.0)	108 (100.0)	688 (100.0)	2,510 (100.0)	330 (100.0)	2,84 (100.
	2006	575 (100.0)	147 (100.0)	722 (100.0)	2,012 (100.0)	357 (100.0)	2,30 (100.
	2007	427 (100.0)	107 (100.0)	534 (100.0)	1,743 (100.0)	325 (100.0)	2,00 (100.
of which:							
Chemicals	2005	40 (6.9)	7 (6.5)	47 (6.8)	189 (7.5)	32 (9.7)	21 (7.
	2006	37 (6.4)	16 (10.9)	53 (7.3)	189 (9.4)	30 (8.4)	(9)
	2007	(6.3)	7 (6.5)	34 (6.4)	180 (10.3)	29 (8.9)	(10
Engineering	2005	83 (14.3)	18 (16.7)	101 (14.7)	158 (6.3)	25 (7.6)	1 (6
	2006	73 (12.7)	15 (10.2)	88 (12.2)	151 (7.5)	18 (5.0)	1 (7
	2007	58 (13.6)	7 (6.5)	65 (12.2)	126 (7.2)	16 (4.9)	1 (6
ron & Steel	2005	62 (10.7)	(2.8)	65 (9.4)	(8.8)	(6.4)	(8
	2006	52 (9.0)	6 (4.1)	58 (8.0)	176 (8.7)	(5.9)	1 (8
	2007	(7.7)	(3.7)	37 (6.9)	161 (9.2)	25 (7.7)	1 (9
Miscellaneous	2005	169 (29.1)	43 (39.8)	(30.8)	889 (35.4)	90 (27.3)	9 (34
	2006	193 (33.6)	72 (49.0)	265 (36.7)	485 (24.1)	96 (26.9)	5 (24 -
	2007	127 (29.7)	50 (46.7)	177 (33.1)	438 (25.1)	90 (27.7)	5 (25
Textiles	2005	99 (17.1)	12 (11.1)	111 (16.1)	450 (17.9)	65 (19.7)	5 (18
	2006	104 (18.1)	8 (5.4)	112 (15.5)	433 (21.5)	76 (21 <i>.</i> 3)	5 (21
	2007	83 (19.4)	10 (9.3)	93 (17.4)	363 (20.8)	59 (18.2)	4 (20

Note: Figures in brackets represent percentage to total.

Industries	Year		Private Banl	rs	Fo	oreign Banks	
		Sick Companies	Weak Units	Total	Sick Companies	Weak Units	Tota
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14
Total	2005	1,305 (100.0)	317 (100.0)	1,622 (100.0)	83 (100.0)	19 (100.0)	102 (100.0
	2006	745 (100.0)	602 (100.0)	1,347 (100.0)	76 (100.0)	26 (100.0)	102 (100.0
	2007	725 (100.0)	564 (100.0)	1,289 (100.0)	(100.0)	(100.0)	70 (100.0
of which:							
Chemicals	2005	122 (9.3)	19 (6.0)	141 (8.7)	12 (14.5)	(5.3)	13 (12.7)
	2006	79 (10.6)	54 (9.0)	133 (9.9)	(15.8)	(19.2)	17 (16.7
	2007	(11.2)	(7.4)	123 (9.5)	(9.7)	(14.3)	(10.5
Engineering	2005	56 (4.3)	16 (5.0)	72 (4.4)	(8.4)	(10.5)	(8.8)
	2006	(4.4)	34 (5.6)	67 (5.0)	(7.9)	(7.7)	(7.8
	2007	(3.4)	28 (5.0)	53 (4.1)	(16.1)	(0.0)	10 (13.2
Iron & Steel	2005	(6.8)	6 (1.9)	95 (5.9)	(7.2)	(10.5)	(7.8
	2006	(8.1)	(1.3)	68 (5.0)	(9.2)	(7.7)	(8.8)
	2007	(7.6)	(0.5)	58 (4.5)	(6.5)	(14.3)	(7.9
Miscellaneous	2005	406 (31.1)	151 (47.6)	557 (34.3)	(22.9)	(15.8)	(21.6
	2006	(29.8)	297 (49.3)	519 (38.5)	(18.4)	(23.1)	(19.6
	2007	(30.6)	289 (51.2)	511 (39.6)	(22.6)	(21.4)	(22.4
Textiles	2005	283 (21.7)	45 (14.2)	328 (20.2)	(16.9)	(15.8)	1° (16.7
	2006	151 (20.3)	79 (13.1)	230 (17.1)	13 (17.1)	(11.5)	10 (15.7
	2007	170 (23.4)	73 (12.9)	243 (18.9)	12 (19.4)	(7.1)	13 (17.1

Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007

						(Amount	s in Rs. crore
Industries	Year	S	BI & Its Assoc	iates	Nationalized Banks		
		Sick Companies	Weak Units	Total	Sick Companies	Weak Units	Tota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Total	2005	4,086 (100.0)	1,403 (100.0)	5,488 (100.0)	9,604 (100.0)	1,504 (100.0)	11,10 (100.0
	2006	4,605 (100.0)	1,479 (100.0)	6,084 (100.0)	9,480 (100.0)	1,855 (100.0)	11,33- (100.0
	2007	3,676 (100.0)	1,350 (100.0)	5,026 (100.0)	7,614 (100.0)	2,113 (100.0)	9,72 (100.0
Of which:							
Chemicals	2005	210 (5.1)	84 (6.0)	294 (5.4)	861 (9.0)	241 (16.0)	1,10 (9.9
	2006	245 (5.3)	90 (6.1)	335 (5.5)	859 (9.1)	234 (12.6)	1,09 (9.6
	2007	211 (5.7)	91 (6.7)	302 (6.0)	868 (11.4)	231 (10.9)	1,09 (11.3
Engineering	2005	1,247 (30.5)	233 (16.6)	1,480 (27.0)	627 (6.5)	49 (3.2)	67 (6.
	2006	1,315 (28.6)	175 (11.8)	1,490 (24.5)	624 (6.6)	36 (1.9)	66 (5.8
	2007	1,205 (32.8)	58 (4.3)	1,263 (25.1)	565 (7.4)	37 (1.8)	60 (6.2
Iron & Steel	2005	499 (12.2)	12 (0.8)	511 (9.3)	1,221 (12.7)	114 (7.5)	1,33 (12.
	2006	502 (10.9)	25 (1.7)	527 (8.7)	1,069 (11.3)	165 (8.9)	1,23 (10.
	2007	187 (5.1)	52 (3.9)	239 (4.8)	1,087 (14.3)	361 (17.1)	1,44 (14.
Miscellaneous	2005	898 (22.0)	810 (57.7)	1,707 (31.1)	2,225 (23.2)	386 (25.6)	2,61 (23.
	2006	1,125 (24.4)	969 (65.5)	2,094 (34.4)	2,176 (22.9)	518 (27.9)	2,69 (23.
	2007	850 (23.1)	844 (62.5)	1,694 (33.7)	1,717 (22.6)	395 (18.7)	2,11 (21.
Textiles	2005	584 (14.3)	49 (3.5)	633 (11.5)	1,957 (20.4)	321 (21.3)	2,27 (20.
	2006	671 (14.6)	10 (0.7)	681 (11.2)	1,889 (19.9)	300 (16.1)	2,18 (19.
	2007	590 (16.1)	94 (7.0)	684 (13.6)	1,367 (18.0)	376 (17.8)	1,74 (17.

Note: 1. Figures in brackets represent percentage to total. 2. Totals may not tally due to rounding off.

#### Statement VI: Bank Group wise Advances to Sick/Weak Companies/Units - Major Industries (Concld.)

	(Amounts in Rs. crore									
Industries	Year	Private Banks			Foreign Banks					
		Sick Companies	Weak Units	Total	Sick Companies	Weak Units	Total			
1	2	9	10	11	12	13	14			
Total	2005	15,346 (100.0)	1,796 (100.0)	17,142 (100.0)	608 (100.0)	80 (100.0)	688 (100.0)			
	2006	11,499 (100.0)	3,557 (100.0)	15,056 (100.0)	430 (100.0)	85 (100.0)	514 (100.0)			
	2007	6,303 (100.0)	3,563 (100.0)	9,866 (100.0)	391 (100.0)	56 (100.0)	447 (100.0)			
Of which:										
Chemicals	2005	818 (5.3)	118 (6.6)	936 (5.5)	150 (24.7)	(3.0)	152 (22.2)			
	2006	1,093 (9.5)	337 (9.5)	1,430 (9.5)	56 (13.0)	20 (23.8)	76 (14.8)			
	2007	727 (11.5)	144 (4.0)	870 (8.8)	47 (12.0)	8 (13.7)	55 (12.2)			
Engineering	2005	350 (2.3)	94 (5.2)	444 (2.6)	26 (4.2)	(2.1)	27 (4.0)			
	2006	546 (4.7)	97 (2.7)	642 (4.3)	19 (4.4)	17 (19.9)	36 (6.9)			
	2007	411 (6.5)	59 (1.7)	470 (4.8)	40 (10.2)	0 (0.0)	40 (8.9)			
Iron & Steel	2005	1,322 (8.6)	46 (2.6)	1,369 (8.0)	58 (9.5)	22 (27.6)	80 (11.6)			
	2006	603 (5.2)	265 (7.5)	869 (5.8)	82 (19.1)	3 (3.7)	85 (16.5)			
	2007	549 (8.7)	14 (0.4)	562 (5.7)	45 (11.5)	1 (1.6)	46 (10.2)			
Miscellaneous	2005	4,870 (31.7)	885 (49.3)	5.755 (33.6)	120 (19.8)	(2.0)	122 (17.7)			
	2006	3,716 (32.3)	1,209 (34.0)	4,925 (32.7)	82 (19.1)	(3.8)	85 (16.6)			
	2007	1,457 (23.1)	1,100 (30.9)	2,557 (25.9)	101 (25.7)	1 (1.4)	101 (22.7)			
Textiles	2005	2,998 (19.5)	148 (8.2)	3,146 (18.4)	119 (19.5)	15 (19.1)	134 (19.5)			
	2006	2,518 (21.9)	787 (22.1)	3,306 (22.0)	81 (18.8)	2 (2.7)	83 (16.2)			
	2007	1,314 (20.9)	955 (26.8)	2,269 (23.0)	88 (22.5)	0 (0.4)	88 (19.7)			

Banks' Exposure to Non-SSI Sick/Weak Companies/Units: March 2007

#### Annex

## 1. Concepts/Definitions and related Acts/Provisions

### 1.1. Non-SSI Sick Industrial Company @

"Non-SSI Sick Industrial Company" means a Non-SSI industrial company (being a company registered for not less than seven years) which has at the end of any financial year accumulated losses equal to or exceeding its entire net worth.

### 1.2. Non-SSI Weak Units (other than 1.1 above)

A Non-SSI industrial unit is defined as a "weak" unit, if its accumulated losses as at the end of any financial year have resulted in the erosion of fifty per cent or more of its peak net worth in the immediately preceding four financial years. It is clarified that weak units will not only include those units (viz. industrial companies) which fall within the purview of Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985, but also other categories such as partnership firms, proprietary concerns, etc.

- In the review, the joint reference to these categories made as Non-SSI (sick/weak) units would be in terms of these definitions.
- A "weak" industrial company would be termed as a potential "sick" company if and when it is reported to BIFR in terms of section 23(1)(a) of SICA, 1985.
- The definitions of Sick/Weak Industrial Companies/ Units have been taken from IECD Circular dated September 22, 1989, which has been based on the definitions in the erstwhile "Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provision) Act, 1985 (prior to its amendment)".

#### 2. Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985 & BIFR

Following the Tiwari Committee recommendations (1981), the Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985 (SICA) was passed and the Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction (BIFR) was established in 1987 for determining the preventive, ameliorative, remedial and other measures which need to be taken in respect of Non-SSI sick industrial companies and the expeditious enforcement of the measures so determined. However, no special Act has been enacted in respect of revival of sick SSI units.

### 3. Developments:

- The enactment of the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (SARFAESI) Act 2002, has provided a significant impetus to banks to ensure sustained recovery. The Act provides, inter alia for enforcement of security interest for realization of dues without the intervention of courts or tribunals.
- The Government of India had also notified the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 to enable secured creditors to authorize their officials to enforce the securities and recover the dues from the borrowers. Banks have initiated the process of recovery under the Act. The Government has advised them to take action under the Act and report the compliance to the Reserve Bank.

#### Annex (Concld.)

#### • RBI Guidelines and Policy Initiatives:

The Reserve Bank of India has always given prime importance to the question of rehabilitation of sick/weak industrial companies/units. RBI has constantly reviewed the credit policy and other measures for rehabilitation of viable sick/weak industries.

#### • RBI Guidelines:

The RBI had issued elaborate guidelines covering all areas of industrial rehabilitation, viz. detection of industrial sickness at incipient stage, identification of sick/weak companies/units, carrying out viability study of the unit, extension of reliefs and concessions to only viable units, co-ordination among banks and financial institutions and among banks themselves, norms for promoters' contribution, extended period for repayment/ rescheduling of loans, conversion of debt into equity, single

window concept of lending, interest rate concessions and waiver of penal rate, liquidated damages and right of recompense for sacrifices made. [RBI guidelines are equally applicable to weak (non-BIFR cases) Non-SSI units as well]. Similar guidelines have also been issued in the matter of rehabilitation of sick SSI companies/units. Individual cases of sick SSI companies/units where difficulties of co-ordination etc. may be encountered are sorted out in the meetings of State Level Inter-Institutional Committee (SLIIC).

#### Annual Review of Industrial Sickness:

The RBI collects related information, on an annual basis, from all scheduled commercial banks in respect of their exposure to Non-SSI sick/weak industrial companies/units. RBI brings out the Review of these industrial units financed by scheduled commercial banks as at the end of March every year, based on the data received from these banks.