RBI/2009-10/ 27 Master Circular No. 07/2009-10

July 1, 2009

To,

All Banks Authorised to Deal in Foreign Exchange

Madam / Sir,

Master Circular on External Commercial Borrowings and Trade Credits

External Commercial Borrowings and Trade Credits availed of by residents

are governed by clause (d) of sub-section 3 of section 6 of the Foreign Exchange

Management Act, 1999 read with Notification No. FEMA 3 / 2000-RB, viz., Foreign

Exchange Management (Borrowing or Lending in Foreign Exchange) Regulations

2000, dated May 3, 2000, as amended from time to time.

2. This Master Circular consolidates all existing instructions on the subject of

"External Commercial Borrowings and Trade Credits" at one place. The list of

underlying circulars / notifications, consolidated in this Master Circular, is furnished

in Appendix.

3. This Master Circular is being issued with a sunset clause of one year. This

circular will stand withdrawn on July 1, 2010 and will be replaced by an updated

Master Circular on the subject.

Yours faithfully,

(Salim Gangadharan)

Chief General Manager-in-Charge



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PART I

EXTERNAL COMMERCIAL BORROWINGS (ECB)

External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) refer to commercial loans in the form of bank loans, buyers' credit, suppliers' credit, securitized instruments (e.g. floating rate notes and fixed rate bonds) availed of from non-resident lenders with minimum average maturity of 3 years.

Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs) mean a bond issued by an Indian company expressed in foreign currency, and the principal and interest in respect of which is payable in foreign currency. Further, the bonds are required to be issued in accordance with the scheme viz., "Issue of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds and Ordinary Shares (through Depositary Receipt Mechanism) Scheme, 1993", and subscribed by a non-resident in foreign currency and convertible into ordinary shares of the issuing company in any manner, either in whole, or in part, on the basis of any equity related warrants attached to debt instruments. The policy for ECB is also applicable to FCCBs. The issue of FCCBs is also required to adhere to the provisions of Notification FEMA No. 120/RB-2004 dated July 7, 2004, as amended from time to time.

Preference shares (i.e. non-convertible, optionally convertible or partially convertible) for issue of which, funds have been received on or after May 1, 2007 are considered as debt. Accordingly, all the norms applicable for ECBs, viz. eligible borrowers, recognised lenders, amount and maturity, end- use stipulations, etc. shall apply. Since these instruments would be denominated in Rupees, the Rupee interest rate will be based on the swap equivalent of Libor plus the spread as permissible for ECBs of corresponding maturity.

Foreign Currency Exchangeable Bond (FCEB) means a bond expressed in foreign currency, the principal and interest in respect of which is payable in foreign currency, issued by an Issuing Company and subscribed to by a person who is a resident outside India, in foreign currency and exchangeable into equity share of another company, to be called the Offered Company, in any manner, either wholly,

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or partly or on the basis of any equity related warrants attached to debt instruments. The FCEB must comply with the "Issue of Foreign Currency Exchangeable Bonds (FCEB) Scheme, 2008", notified by the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Economic Affairs vide Notification G.S.R.89(E) dated February 15, 2008. The guidelines, rules, etc governing ECBs are also applicable to FCEBs. ECB can be accessed under two routes, viz., (i) Automatic Route outlined in section I (A) and (ii) Approval Route outlined in section I (B).

ECB for investment in real sector-industrial sector, infrastructure sector-in India, and specific service sectors as indicated under section I (A) (i) (a) are under Automatic Route, i.e. do not require the Reserve Bank / Government of India approval. In case of doubt as regards eligibility to access the Automatic Route, applicants may take recourse to the Approval Route.

I. (A) AUTOMATIC ROUTE

The following types of proposals for ECBs are covered under the Automatic Route.

i) Eligible Borrowers

- (a) Corporates including those in hotel, hospital, software sectors (registered under the Companies Act, 1956 except financial intermediaries, such as banks, financial institutions (FIs), Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) are eligible to raise ECB. Individuals, Trusts and Non-Profit making organizations are not eligible to raise ECB.
- (b) Units in Special Economic Zones (SEZ) are allowed to raise ECB for their own requirement. However, they cannot transfer or on-lend ECB funds to sister concerns or any unit in the Domestic Tariff Area.
- (c) Non-Government Organizations (NGOs) engaged in micro finance activities are eligible to avail ECB. Such NGO (i) should have a satisfactory borrowing relationship for at least 3 years with a scheduled commercial bank authorized to deal in foreign exchange and (ii) would require a certificate of due diligence on 'fit and proper' status of the Board/Committee of management of the borrowing entity from the designated AD bank.



ii) Recognized Lenders

Eligible borrowers can raise ECB from internationally recognized sources such as (i) international banks, (ii) international capital markets, (iii) multilateral financial institutions (such as IFC, ADB, CDC, etc.,), (iv) export credit agencies, (v) suppliers of equipment, (vi) foreign collaborators, and (vii) foreign equity holders (other than erstwhile Overseas Corporate Bodies). A "foreign equity holder" to be eligible as "recognized lender" under the automatic route would require minimum holding of paid up equity in the borrower company as set out below:

- (i) For ECB up to USD 5 million minimum paid up equity of 25 per cent held directly by the lender; and
- (ii) For ECB more than USD 5 million minimum paid up equity of 25 per cent held directly by the lender and debt-equity ratio not exceeding 4:1 (i.e. the proposed ECB not exceeding four times the direct foreign equity holding)

Overseas organizations and individuals complying with following safeguards may provide ECB to Non-Government Organizations (NGOs) engaged in micro finance activities.

- (a) **Overseas Organizations** proposing to lend ECB would have to furnish to the AD bank of the borrower a certificate of due diligence from an overseas bank which in turn is subject to regulation of host-country regulator and adheres to the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) guidelines. The certificate of due diligence should comprise the following (i) that the lender maintains an account with the bank for at least a period of two years, (ii) that the lending entity is organised as per the local law and held in good esteem by the business/local community, and (iii) that there is no criminal action pending against it.
- (b) **Individual Lender** has to obtain a certificate of due diligence from an overseas bank indicating that the lender maintains an account with the bank for at least a period of two years. Other evidence /documents, such as audited statement of account and income tax return which the overseas lender may furnish need to be certified and forwarded by the overseas bank. Individual

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lenders from countries wherein banks are not required to adhere to Know Your Customer (KYC) guidelines are not eligible to extend ECB.

iii) Amount and Maturity

- (a) The maximum amount of ECB which can be raised by a corporate other than those in the hotel, hospital and software sectors is USD 500 million or its equivalent during a financial year.
- (b) Corporates in the services sector viz. hotels, hospitals and software sector are allowed to avail of ECB up to USD 100 million or its equivalent in a financial year for meeting foreign currency and / or Rupee capital expenditure for permissible end-uses. The proceeds of the ECBs should not be used for acquisition of land.
- (c) NGOs engaged in micro finance activities can raise ECB up to USD 5 million or its equivalent during a financial year. Designated AD bank has to ensure that at the time of drawdown the forex exposure of the borrower is fully hedged
- (d) ECB up to USD 20 million or its equivalent in a financial year with minimum average maturity of three years.
- (e) ECB above USD 20 million or its equivalent and up to USD 500 million or or its equivalent with a minimum average maturity of five years.
- (f) ECB up to USD 20 million or its equivalent can have call/put option provided the minimum average maturity of three years is complied with before exercising call/put option.

iv) All-in-cost ceilings

All-in-cost includes rate of interest, other fees and expenses in foreign currency except commitment fee, pre-payment fee, and fees payable in Indian Rupees. However, the payment of withholding tax in Indian Rupees is excluded for calculating the all-in-cost.

The all-in-cost ceilings for ECB are reviewed from time to time. The following ceilings are valid until reviewed:



Average Maturity Period	All-in-cost Ceilings over 6 month Libor*
Three years and up to five years	300 basis points
More than five years	500 basis points

^{*} for the respective currency of borrowing or applicable benchmark

v) End-use

- (a) ECB can be raised only for investment [such as import of capital goods (as classified by DGFT in the Foreign Trade Policy), new projects, modernization/expansion of existing production units] in the real sector industrial sector including small and medium enterprises (SME), infrastructure sector and specific service sectors, namely hotel, hospital and software in India. Infrastructure sector for the purpose of ECB is defined as (i) power, (ii) telecommunication, (iii) railways, (iv) road including bridges, (v) sea port and airport, (vi) industrial parks, (vii) urban infrastructure (water supply, sanitation and sewage projects) and (viii) mining, refining and exploration.
- (b) Overseas direct investment in Joint Ventures (JV)/Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) subject to the existing guidelines on Indian Direct Investment in JV/WOS abroad.
- (c) Utilization of ECB proceeds is permitted for first stage acquisition of shares in the disinvestment process and also in the mandatory second stage offer to the public under the Government's disinvestment programme of PSU shares.
- (d) Payment for obtaining license/permit for 3G Spectrum.
- (e) For lending to self-help groups or for micro-credit or for bonafide micro finance activity including capacity building by NGOs engaged in micro finance activities.
- (f) Premature buyback of FCCBs (facility is available up to December 31, 2009), subject to compliance with the terms and conditions detailed in Para A (x) (b) ibid.

vi) End-uses not permitted

- (a) For on-lending or investment in capital market or acquiring a company (or a part thereof) in India by a corporate.
- (b) In real estate sector.

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(c) For working capital, general corporate purpose and repayment of existing Rupee loans.

vii) Guarantees

Issuance of guarantee, standby letter of credit, letter of undertaking or letter of comfort by banks, Financial Institutions and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) from India relating to ECB is not permitted.

viii) Security

The choice of security to be provided to the lender/supplier is left to the borrower. However, creation of charge over immoveable assets and financial securities, such as shares, in favour of the overseas lender is subject *to* Regulation 8 of Notification No. FEMA 21/RB-2000 dated May 3, 2000 and Regulation 3 of Notification No. FEMA 20/RB-2000 dated May 3, 2000, respectively, as amended from time to time. AD Category - I banks have been delegated powers to convey 'no objection' under the Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA), 1999 for creation of charge on immovable assets, financial securities and issue of corporate or personal guarantees in favour of overseas lender / security trustee, to secure the ECB to be raised by the borrower.

Before according 'no objection' under FEMA, 1999, AD Category - I banks should ensure and satisfy themselves that (i) the underlying ECB is strictly in compliance with the extant ECB guidelines, (ii) there exists a security clause in the loan agreement requiring the borrower to create charge on immovable assets / financial securities / furnish corporate or personal guarantee, (iii) the loan agreement has been signed by both the lender and the borrower, and (iv) the borrower has obtained Loan Registration Number (LRN) from the Reserve Bank.

On compliance with the above conditions, AD Category - I banks may convey their 'no objection', under FEMA, 1999 for creation of charge on immovable assets, financial securities and issue of personal or corporate guarantee, subject to the conditions indicated below:



- a) The 'no objection' for creation of charge **on immovable assets** may be conveyed under FEMA, 1999 either in favour of the lender or the security trustee, subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) 'No objection' shall be granted only to a resident ECB borrower.
 - (ii) The period of such charge on immovable assets has to be co-terminus with the maturity of the underlying ECB.
 - (iii) Such 'no objection' should not be construed as a permission to acquire immovable asset (property) in India, by the overseas lender / security trustee.
 - (iv) In the event of enforcement / invocation of the charge, the immovable asset (property) will have to be sold only to a person resident in India and the sale proceeds shall be repatriated to liquidate the outstanding ECB.
- b) AD Category I banks may convey their 'no objection' under FEMA, 1999 to the resident ECB borrower for **pledge of shares** of the borrowing company held by promoters as well as in domestic associate companies of the borrower to secure the ECB subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) The period of such pledge shall be co-terminus with the maturity of the underlying ECB.
 - (ii) In case of invocation of pledge, transfer shall be in accordance with the extant FDI policy.
 - (iii) A certificate from the Statutory Auditor of the company that the ECB proceeds have been / will be utilized for the permitted end-use/s.
- c) The 'no objection' to the resident ECB borrower for issue of **corporate or personal guarantee** under FEMA, 1999 may be conveyed after obtaining
 - (i) Board Resolution for issue of corporate guarantee from the company issuing such guarantees, specifying names of the officials authorised to execute such guarantees on behalf of the company or in individual capacity.
 - (ii) Specific requests from individuals to issue personal guarantee indicating details of the ECB.

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(iii) Ensuring that the period of such corporate or personal guarantee is coterminus with the maturity of the underlying ECB.

AD Category – I banks may invariably specify that the 'no objection' is issued from the foreign exchange angle under the provisions of FEMA, 1999 and should not be construed as an approval by any other statutory authority or Government under any other law/ regulation. If further approval or permission is required from any other regulatory / statutory authority or Government under the relevant laws / regulations, the applicant should take the approval of the authority concerned before undertaking the transaction. Further, the 'no objection' should not be construed as regularizing or validating any irregularities, contravention or other lapses, if any, under the provisions of FEMA or any other laws or regulations.

ix) Parking of ECB proceeds

Borrowers are permitted to either keep ECB proceeds abroad or to remit these funds to India, pending utilization for permissible end-uses.

ECB proceeds parked overseas can be invested in the following liquid assets (a) deposits or Certificate of Deposit or other products offered by banks rated not less than AA (-) by Standard and Poor/Fitch IBCA or Aa3 by Moody's, (b) Treasury bills and other monetary instruments of one year maturity having minimum rating as indicated above, and (c) deposits with overseas branches / subsidiaries of Indian banks abroad. The funds should be invested in such a way that the investments can be liquidated as and when funds are required by the borrower in India.

ECB funds may also be remitted to India for credit to the borrowers' Rupee accounts with AD Category - I banks in India, pending utilization for permissible end-uses.

x) Prepayment

(a) Prepayment of ECB up to USD 500 million may be allowed by AD banks without prior approval of the Reserve Bank subject to compliance with the stipulated minimum average maturity period as applicable to the loan.



- (b) **Buyback of FCCB**: The designated AD Category I banks may allow Indian companies to prematurely buyback FCCBs, subject to compliance with the terms and conditions as under:
 - i) the buyback value of the FCCB shall be at a minimum discount of 15 per cent on the book value:
 - ii) the funds used for the buyback shall be out of existing foreign currency funds held either in India (including funds held in EEFC account) or abroad and / or out of fresh ECB raised in conformity with the current ECB norms; and
 - iii) where the fresh ECB is co-terminus with the outstanding maturity of the original FCCB and is for less than three years, the all-in-cost ceiling should not exceed 6 months Libor plus 200 bps, as applicable to short-term borrowings. In other cases, the all-in-cost for the relevant maturity of the ECB shall apply.

The entire procedure of buyback should be completed by December 31, 2009. In addition to the conditions set out above, the following additional conditions shall be applicable:

- (i) The FCCB should have been issued in compliance with the extant guidelines.
- (ii) The FCCB should have been registered with the Reserve Bank; the LRN number obtained and ECB 2 returns submitted up to date.
- (iii) No proceedings for contravention of FEMA are pending against the company.
- (iv) The right for buyback is vested with the issuer of FCCBs. However, the actual buyback is subject to the consent of the bond holders.
- (v) The FCCBs bought back / repurchased from the holders must be cancelled and should not be re-issued or re-sold.
- (vi) The buyback will not have any effect on the bond holders not opting for the buyback or on the non-participating bond holders of companies opting for the buyback.
- (vii) The Indian company shall open an escrow account with the branch or subsidiary of an Indian bank overseas or an international bank for buying back the FCCBs to ensure that the funds are used only for the buyback.

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(viii) On completion of the buyback, a report giving details of buyback, such as, the outstanding amount of FCCBs, book value of FCCBs bought back, rate at which FCCBs bought back, amount involved, and source/s of funds may be submitted, through the designated AD Category - I bank, to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, ECB Division, Central Office, 11th Floor, Central Office Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Road, Mumbai-400 001.

xi) Refinancing of an existing ECB

The existing ECB may be refinanced by raising a fresh ECB subject to the conditions that the fresh ECB is raised at a lower all-in-cost and the outstanding maturity of the original ECB is maintained.

xii) Debt Servicing

The designated Authorised Dealer banks has the general permission to make remittances of installments of principal, interest and other charges in conformity with ECB guidelines, issued by Government / Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

xiii) Procedure

Borrowers may enter into loan agreement with recognised lender for raising ECB under Automatic Route complying with the ECB guidelines without prior approval of the Reserve Bank. The borrower must obtain a Loan Registration Number (LRN) from the Reserve Bank before drawing down the ECB. The procedure for obtaining LRN is detailed in II (i) (b).

I. (B) APPROVAL ROUTE

i) Eligible Borrowers

The following types of proposals for ECB are covered under the Approval Route.

a) Financial institutions dealing exclusively with infrastructure or export finance such as IDFC, IL&FS, Power Finance Corporation, Power Trading Corporation, IRCON and EXIM Bank are considered, on a case by case basis.



- b) Banks and financial institutions which had participated in the textile or steel sector restructuring package as approved by the Government are also permitted to the extent of their investment in the package and assessment by Reserve Bank based on prudential norms. Any ECB availed for this purpose so far will be deducted from their entitlement.
- c) ECB with minimum average maturity of 5 years by Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) from multilateral financial institutions, reputable regional financial institutions, official export credit agencies and international banks to finance import of infrastructure equipment for leasing to infrastructure projects.
- d) NBFCs, which are exclusively involved in financing of the infrastructure sector, can avail of ECBs from multilateral / regional financial institutions and Government owned development financial institutions for on-lending to the borrowers in the infrastructure sector.
- e) Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds (FCCBs) by housing finance companies satisfying the following minimum criteria: (i) the minimum net worth of the financial intermediary during the previous three years shall not be less than Rs. 500 crore, (ii) a listing on the BSE or NSE, (iii) minimum size of FCCB is USD 100 million, (iv) the applicant should submit the purpose / plan of utilization of funds.
- f) Special Purpose Vehicles, or any other entity notified by the Reserve Bank, set up to finance infrastructure companies / projects exclusively, will be treated as Financial Institutions and ECB by such entities will be considered under the Approval Route.
- g) Multi-State Co-operative Societies engaged in manufacturing activity satisfying the following criteria (i) the Co-operative Society is financially solvent, and (ii) the Co-operative Society submits its up-to-date audited balance sheet.
- h) SEZ developers can avail of ECBs for providing infrastructure facilities within SEZ, as defined in the extant ECB policy, viz. (i) power, (ii) telecommunication, (iii) railways, (iv) road including bridges, (v) sea port and

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airport (vi) industrial parks (vii) urban infrastructure (water supply, sanitation and sewage projects) and (viii) mining, refining and exploration. However, ECB will not be permissible for development of integrated township and commercial real estate within SEZ.

- Corporates which have violated the extant ECB policy and are under investigation by Reserve Bank and / or Directorate of Enforcement, are allowed to avail ECB only under the Approval route.
- j) Cases falling outside the purview of the automatic route limits and maturity period indicated at paragraph I A (iii).

ii) Recognised Lenders

- (a) Borrowers can raise ECB from internationally recognised sources such as (i) international banks, (ii) international capital markets, (iii) multilateral financial institutions (such as IFC, ADB, CDC etc.), (iv) export credit agencies, (v) suppliers' of equipment, (vi) foreign collaborators, and (vii) foreign equity holders (other than erstwhile OCBs).
- (b) From 'foreign equity holder' where the minimum paid up equity held directly by the foreign equity lender is 25 per cent but ECBs: equity ratio exceeds 4:1 (i.e. the amount of the proposed ECB exceeds four times the direct foreign equity holding).

iii) Amount and Maturity

Corporates can avail of ECB of an additional amount of USD 250 million with average maturity of more than 10 years under the approval route, over and above the existing limit of USD 500 million under the automatic route, during a financial year. Other ECB criteria, such as end-use, recognized lender, etc. need to be complied with. Prepayment and call/put options, however, would not be permissible for such ECB up to a period of 10 years.

iv) All-in-cost ceilings

All-in-cost includes rate of interest, other fees and expenses in foreign currency except commitment fee, pre-payment fee, and fees payable in Indian Rupees.



Moreover, the payment of withholding tax in Indian Rupees is excluded for calculating the all-in-cost.

The all-in-cost ceilings for ECB are indicated from time to time. The all –in- cost ceilings have been dispensed with until December 31,2009. Accordingly, eligible borrowers, proposing to avail ECB beyond the permissible all in cost ceiling specified at para 1(A) (iv) may approach RBI under approval route .This relaxation in all in cost ceilings will be reviewed in December 2009.

v) End-use

- (a) ECB can be raised only for investment [such as import of capital goods (as classified by DGFT in the Foreign Trade Policy), implementation of new projects, modernization/expansion of existing production units] in real sector industrial sector including small and medium enterprises (SME) and infrastructure sector in India. Infrastructure sector for the purpose of ECB is defined as (i) power, (ii) telecommunication, (iii) railways, (iv) road including bridges, (v) sea port and airport (vi) industrial parks (vii) urban infrastructure (water supply, sanitation and sewage projects) and (viii) mining, refining and exploration;
- (b) Overseas direct investment in Joint Ventures (JV)/Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (WOS) subject to the existing guidelines on Indian Direct Investment in JV/WOS abroad.
- (c) The first stage acquisition of shares in the disinvestment process and also in the mandatory second stage offer to the public under the Government's disinvestment programme of PSU shares;
- (d) ECB can be rasied by corporates engaged in the development of integrated township as defined by Ministry of Commerce and Industry, DIPP, SIA (FC Division), Press Note 3 (2002 Series) dated January 4, 2002. Integrated township includes housing, commercial premises, hotels, resorts, city and regional level urban infrastructure facilities such as roads and bridges, mass rapid transit systems and manufacture of building materials. Development of land and providing allied infrastructure forms an integrated part of township's development. The minimum area to be developed should be 100 acres for

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which norms and standards are to be followed as per local bye-laws/rules. In the absence of such bye-laws/rules, a minimum of two thousand dwelling units for about ten thousand population will need to be developed. This permission is available up to December 31,2009.

(e) Buyback of FCCB subject to terms and conditions as detailed under para I (B) (x) (c).

vi) End-uses not Permitted

- (a) Utilisation of ECB proceeds is not permitted for on-lending or investment in capital market or acquiring a company (or a part thereof) in India by a corporate except banks and financial institutions eligible under paragraph I (B) (i) (a) and I (B) (i) (b).
- (b) Utilisation of ECB proceeds is not permitted in real estate. However, the term real estate excludes development of integrated township as defined by Ministry of Commerce and Industry, DIPP, SIA (FC Division), Press Note 3 (2002 Series) dated January 4, 2002.
- (c) Utilisation of ECB proceeds is not permitted for working capital, general corporate purpose and repayment of existing Rupee loans.

vii) Guarantee

Issuance of guarantee, standby letter of credit, letter of undertaking or letter of comfort by banks, financial institutions and NBFCs relating to ECB is not normally permitted. Applications for providing guarantee/standby letter of credit or letter of comfort by banks, financial institutions relating to ECB in the case of SME will be considered under the approval route on merit subject to prudential norms.

With a view to facilitating capacity expansion and technological upgradation in Indian textile industry, issue of guarantees, standby letters of credit, letters of undertaking and letters of comfort by banks in respect of ECB by textile companies for modernization or expansion of textile units will be considered under the Approval Route subject to prudential norms.



viii) Security

The choice of security to be provided to the lender / supplier is left to the borrower. However, creation of charge over immovable assets and financial securities, such as shares, in favour of the overseas lender is subject to Regulation 8 of Notification No. FEMA 21/RB-2000 dated May 3, 2000 and Regulation 3 of Notification No. FEMA 20/RB-2000 dated May 3, 2000 as amended from time to time, respectively. Powers have been delegated to Authorised Dealer Category I banks to issue necessary 'no objection' under FEMA ,1999 as detailed in para I (A) (viii) ibid.

ix) Parking of ECB proceeds

Borrowers are permitted to either keep ECB proceeds abroad or to remit these funds to India, pending utilization for permissible end-uses.

ECB proceeds parked overseas can be invested in the following liquid assets (a) deposits or Certificate of Deposit or other products offered by banks rated not less than AA (-) by Standard and Poor/Fitch IBCA or Aa3 by Moody's; (b) Treasury bills and other monetary instruments of one year maturity having minimum rating as indicated above, and (c) deposits with overseas branches / subsidiaries of Indian banks abroad. The funds should be invested in such a way that the investments can be liquidated as and when funds are required by the borrower in India.

ECB funds may also be remitted to India for credit to the borrowers' Rupee accounts with AD Category I banks in India, pending utilization for permissible enduses.

x) Prepayment

- (a) Prepayment of ECB up to USD 500 million may be allowed by the AD bank without prior approval of Reserve Bank subject to compliance with the stipulated minimum average maturity period as applicable to the loan.
- (b) Pre-payment of ECB for amounts exceeding USD 500 million would be considered by the Reserve Bank under the Approval Route.

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- (c) Buyback of FCCB: The Reserve Bank will consider proposals from Indian companies for buyback of FCCBs up to USD 100 million of the redemption value per company under the Approval Route, subject to compliance with the following conditions:
 - i) minimum discount of 25 per cent of book value for redemption value up to USD 50 million;
 - ii) minimum discount of 35 per cent of book value for the redemption value over USD 50 million and up to USD 75 million; and
 - iii) minimum discount of 50 per cent of book value for the redemption value of over USD 75 million and up to USD 100 million; and
 - iv) the funds used for the buyback shall be out of internal accruals, to be evidenced by Statutory Auditor and designated AD Category I bank's certificate.

The entire procedure of buyback should be completed by December 31, 2009. In addition to the conditions set out above, the following additional conditions shall be applicable:

- (i) The FCCB should have been issued in compliance with the extant guidelines.
- (ii) The FCCB should have been registered with the Reserve Bank; the LRN number obtained and ECB 2 returns submitted up to date.
- (iii) No proceedings for contravention of FEMA are pending against the company.
- (iv) The right for buyback is vested with the issuer of FCCBs. However, the actual buyback is subject to the consent of the bond holders.
- (v) The FCCBs bought back / repurchased from the holders must be cancelled and should not be re-issued or re-sold.
- (vi) The buyback will not have any effect on the bond holders not opting for the buyback or on the non-participating bond holders of companies opting for the buyback.
- (vii) The Indian company shall open an escrow account with the branch or subsidiary of an Indian bank overseas or an international bank for buying back the FCCBs to ensure that the funds are used only for the buyback.

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(viii) On completion of the buyback, a report giving details of buyback, such as, the outstanding amount of FCCBs, book value of FCCBs bought back, rate at which FCCBs bought back, amount involved, and source/s of funds may be submitted, through the designated AD Category - I bank, to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Reserve Bank of India, Foreign Exchange Department, ECB Division, Central Office, 11th Floor, Central Office Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Road, Mumbai-400 001.

xi) Refinancing of an existing ECB

Existing ECB may be refinanced by raising a fresh ECB subject to the condition that the fresh ECB is raised at a lower all-in-cost and the outstanding maturity of the original ECB is maintained.

xii) Debt Servicing

The designated AD bank has general permission to make remittances of instalments of principal, interest and other charges in conformity with ECB guidelines issued by Government / Reserve Bank from time to time.

xiii) Procedure

Applicants are required to submit an application in form ECB through designated AD bank to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Foreign Exchange Department, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, External Commercial Borrowings Division, Mumbai – 400 001, along with necessary documents.

xiv) Foreign Currency Exchangeable Bond Scheme

Foreign Currency Exchangeable Bond (FCEB) means a bond expressed in foreign currency, the principal and interest in respect of which is payable in foreign currency, issued by an Issuing Company and subscribed to by a person who is a resident outside India, in foreign currency and exchangeable into equity share of another company, to be called the Offered Company, in any manner, either wholly, or partly or on the basis of any equity related warrants attached to debt instruments. The FCEB may be denominated in any freely convertible foreign currency.

ANK OF BANK OF

Eligible Issuer: The Issuing Company shall be part of the promoter group of the Offered Company and shall hold the equity share/s being offered at the time of issuance of FCEB.

Offered Company: The Offered Company shall be a listed company, which is engaged in a sector eligible to receive Foreign Direct Investment and eligible to issue or avail of Foreign Currency Convertible Bond (FCCB) or External Commercial Borrowings (ECB).

Entities not eligible to issue FCEB: An Indian company, which is not eligible to raise funds from the Indian securities market, including a company which has been restrained from accessing the securities market by the SEBI shall not be eligible to issue FCEB.

Eligible subscriber: Entities complying with the Foreign Direct Investment policy and adhering to the sectoral caps at the time of issue of FCEB can subscribe to FCEB. Prior approval of Foreign Investment Promotion Board, wherever required under the Foreign Direct Investment policy, should be obtained.

Entities not eligible to subscribe to FCEB: Entities prohibited to buy, sell or deal in securities by the SEBI will not be eligible to subscribe to FCEB.

End-use of FCEB proceeds:

Issuing Company:

- (i) The proceeds of FCEB may be invested by the issuing company overseas by way of direct investment including in Joint Ventures or Wholly Owned Subsidiaries abroad, subject to the existing guidelines on overseas investment in Joint Ventures / Wholly Owned Subsidiaries.
- (ii) The proceeds of FCEB may be invested by the issuing company in the promoter group companies.

Promoter Group Companies: Promoter Group Companies receiving investments out of the FCEB proceeds may utilize the amount in accordance with end-uses prescribed under the ECB policy.



End-uses not permitted: The promoter group company receiving such investments will not be permitted to utilise the proceeds for investments in the capital market or in real estate in India.

All-in-cost: The rate of interest payable on FCEB and the issue expenses incurred in foreign currency shall be within the all-in-cost ceiling as specified by Reserve Bank under the ECB policy.

Pricing of FCEB: At the time of issuance of FCEB the exchange price of the offered listed equity shares shall not be less than the higher of the following two:

- (i) The average of the weekly high and low of the closing prices of the shares of the offered company quoted on the stock exchange during the six months preceding the relevant date; and
- (ii) The average of the weekly high and low of the closing prices of the shares of the offered company quoted on a stock exchange during the two week preceding the relevant date.

Average Maturity: Minimum maturity of FCEB shall be five years. The exchange option can be exercised at any time before redemption. While exercising the exchange option, the holder of the FCEB shall take delivery of the offered shares. Cash (Net) settlement of FCEB shall not be permissible.

Parking of FCEB proceeds abroad: The proceeds of FCEB shall be retained and / or deployed overseas by the issuing / promoter group companies in accordance with the policy for the ECB. It shall be the responsibility of the issuing company to ensure that the proceeds of FCEB are used by the promoter group company only for the permitted end-uses prescribed under the ECB policy. The issuing company should also submit audit trail of the end-use of the proceeds by the issuing company / promoter group companies to the Reserve Bank duly certified by the designated Authorised Dealer bank.

Operational Procedure – Issuance of FCEB shall require prior approval of the Reserve Bank under the Approval Route for raising ECB. The Reporting arrangement for FCEB shall be as per extant ECB policy.

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xv) Empowered Committee

Reserve Bank has set up an Empowered Committee to consider proposals coming under the Approval Route

II. REPORTING ARRANGEMENTS AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

i). Reporting Arrangements

- (a) With a view to simplifying the procedure, submission of copy of loan agreement has been dispensed with.
- (b) For allotment of Loan Registration Number (LRN), borrowers are required to submit Form 83, in duplicate, certified by the Company Secretary (CS) or Chartered Accountant (CA) to the designated AD bank. One copy is to be forwarded by the designated AD bank to the Director, Balance of Payments Statistics Division, Department of Statistics and Information Systems (DSIM), Reserve Bank of India, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Mumbai – 400 051 [Note: copies of loan agreement and offer documents for FCCB are not required to be submitted with Form 83].
- (c) The borrower can draw-down the loan only after obtaining the LRN from DSIM, Reserve Bank .
- (d) Borrowers are required to submit ECB-2 Return certified by the designated AD bank on monthly basis so as to reach DSIM, Reserve Bank within seven working days from the close of month to which it relates.

[Note: All previous returns relating to ECB viz. ECB 3 – ECB 6 have been discontinued with effect from January 31, 2004].

ii) Dissemination of Information

For providing greater transparency, information with regard to the name of the borrower, amount, purpose and maturity of ECB under both Automatic Route and Approval Route are put on the Reserve Bank's website http://www.rbi.org.in/scripts/ECBView.aspx on a monthly basis with a lag of one month to which it relates.



III. STRUCTURED OBLIGATIONS

Borrowing and lending of Indian Rupees between two residents does not attract any provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999. In cases where a Rupee loan is granted against the guarantee provided by a non-resident, there is no transaction involving foreign exchange until the guarantee is invoked and the non-resident guarantor is required to meet the liability under the guarantee. The non-resident guarantor may discharge the liability by i) payment out of Rupee balances held in India or ii) by remitting the funds to India or iii) by debit to his FCNR(B)/NRE account maintained with an Authorised Dealer in India. In such cases, the non-resident guarantor may enforce his claim against the resident borrower to recover the amount and on recovery he may seek repatriation of the amount if the liability is discharged either by inward remittance or by debit to FCNR(B)/NRE account. However, in case the liability is discharged by payment out of Rupee balances the amount recovered can be credited to the NRO account of the non-resident guarantor.

The Reserve Bank vide Notification No. FEMA.29/ RB-2000 dated 26th September 2000 has granted general permission to a resident, being a principal debtor to make payment to a person resident outside India, who has met the liability under a guarantee. Accordingly, in cases where the liability is met by the non-resident out of funds remitted to India or by debit to his FCNR/NRE account, the repayment may be made by credit to the FCNR/NRE/NRO account of the guarantor provided, the amount remitted/credited shall not exceed the rupee equivalent of the amount paid by the non-resident guarantor against the invoked guarantee.

In order to enable corporates to raise resources domestically and hedge exchange rate risk, domestic Rupee denominated structured obligations are permitted to be credit enhanced by international banks/international financial institutions/joint venture partners. Such applications will be considered under the Approval Route.

IV. COMPLIANCE WITH ECB GUIDELINES

The primary responsibility to ensure that ECB raised / utilised are in conformity with the ECB guidelines and the Reserve Bank regulations / directions is that of the

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borrower concerned and any contravention of the ECB guidelines will be viewed seriously and will invite penal action under FEMA 1999 (cf. A. P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 31 dated February 1, 2005). The designated AD bank is also required to ensure that raising of ECB is in compliance with ECB guidelines at the time of certification.

V. CONVERSION OF ECB INTO EQUITY

- (i) Conversion of ECB into equity is permitted subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The activity of the company is covered under the Automatic Route for Foreign Direct Investment or Government approval for foreign equity participation has been obtained by the company, wherever applicable,
 - (b) The foreign equity holding after such conversion of debt into equity is within the sectoral cap, if any,
 - (c) Pricing of shares is as per the SEBI and erstwhile CCI guidelines/regulations in the case of listed/unlisted companies as the case may be.
- (ii) Conversion of ECB into equity may be reported to the Reserve Bank as follows:
 - (a) Borrowers are required to report full conversion of outstanding ECB into equity in the form FC-GPR to the Regional Office concerned of the Reserve Bank as well as in form ECB-2 submitted to the DSIM, Reserve Bank of India within seven working days from the close of month to which it relates. The words "ECB wholly converted to equity" should be clearly indicated on top of the ECB-2 form. Once reported, filing of ECB-2 in the subsequent months is not necessary.
 - (b) In case of partial conversion of outstanding ECB into equity, borrowers are required to report the converted portion in form FC-GPR to the Regional Office concerned as well as in form ECB-2 clearly differentiating the converted portion from the unconverted portion. The words "ECB partially converted to equity" should be indicated on top of the ECB-2 form. In subsequent months, the outstanding portion of ECB should be reported in ECB-2 form to DSIM.

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VI.CRYSTALLISATION OF ECB

AD banks desiring to crystallize their foreign exchange liability arising out of guarantees provided for ECB raised by corporates in India into Rupees, may make an application to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Foreign Exchange Department, External Commercial Borrowings Division, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, Mumbai - 400 001, giving full details viz., name of the borrower, amount raised, maturity, circumstances leading to invocation of guarantee /letter of comfort, date of default, its impact on the liabilities of the overseas branch of the AD bank concerned and other relevant factors.

VII. ECB UNDER THE ERSTWHILE USD 5 MILLION SCHEME

Designated AD banks are permitted to approve elongation of repayment period for loans raised under the erstwhile USD 5 Million Scheme, provided there is a consent letter from the overseas lender for such reschedulement without any additional cost. Such approval with existing and revised repayment schedule along with the Loan Key/Loan Registration Number should be initially communicated to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Foreign Exchange Department, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office, ECB Division, Mumbai within seven days of approval and subsequently in ECB - 2.



PART - II

TRADE CREDITS FOR IMPORTS INTO INDIA

Trade Credits (TC) refer to credits extended for imports directly by the overseas supplier, bank and financial institution for maturity of less than three years. Depending on the source of finance, such trade credits include suppliers' credit or buyers' credit. Suppliers' credit relates to credit for imports into India extended by the overseas supplier, while buyers' credit refers to loans for payment of imports in to India arranged by the importer from a bank or financial institution outside India for maturity of less than three years. It may be noted that buyers' credit and suppliers' credit for three years and above come under the category of External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) which are governed by ECB guidelines.

a) Amount and Maturity

AD banks are permitted to approve trade credits for imports into India up to USD 20 million per import transaction for imports permissible under the current Foreign Trade Policy of the DGFT with a maturity period up to one year from the date of shipment. For import of capital goods as classified by DGFT, AD banks may approve trade credits up to USD 20 million per import transaction with a maturity period of more than one year and less than three years from the date of shipment. No roll-over/extension will be permitted beyond the permissible period.

AD banks shall not approve trade credit exceeding USD 20 million per import transaction.

b) All-in-cost Ceilings

The current all-in-cost ceilings are as under:

Maturity period	All-in-cost ceilings over 6 months LIBOR*
Up to three years	200 basis points

^{*} for the respective currency of credit or applicable benchmark

The all-in-cost ceilings also include arranger fee, upfront fee, management fee, handling/ processing charges, out of pocket and legal expenses, if any.



c) Guarantee

AD banks are permitted to issue Letters of Credit/guarantees/Letter of Undertaking (LoU) /Letter of Comfort (LoC) in favour of overseas supplier, bank and financial institution, up to USD 20 million per transaction for a period up to one year for import of all non-capital goods permissible under Foreign Trade Policy (except gold, palladium, etc.) and up to three years for import of capital goods, subject to prudential guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank from time to time. The period of such Letters of credit / guarantees / LoU / LoC has to be co-terminus with the period of credit, reckoned from the date of shipment.

d) Reporting Arrangements

AD banks are required to furnish details of approvals, drawal, utilisation, and repayment of trade credit granted by all its branches, in a consolidated statement, during the month, in form TC (format in Annex IV) from April 2004 onwards to the Director, Division of International Finance, Department of Economic Analysis and Policy, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office Building, 8th floor, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001 (and in MS-Excel file through email to deapdif@rbi.org.in) so as to reach not later than 10th of the following month. Each trade credit may be given a unique identification number by the AD bank.

AD banks are required to furnish data on issuance of LCs / guarantees / LoU / LoC by all its branches, in a consolidated statement, at quarterly intervals (format in Annex V) to the Chief General Manager-in-Charge, Foreign Exchange Department, ECB Division, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office Building,11th floor, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001 (and in MS-Excel file through email to fedcoecbd@rbi.org.in) from December 2004 onwards so as to reach the department not later than 10th of the following month.



Annex I

Form ECB

Application for raising External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) under Approval **Route**

Instructions

The complete application should be submitted by the applicant through the designated authorised dealer to the Chief General Manager-In-Charge, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, ECB Division, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai 400 001.

Documentation:

Following documents, (as relevant) certified by authorised dealer, should be forwarded with the application:

- (i) A copy of offer letter from the overseas lender/supplier furnishing complete details of the terms and conditions of proposed ECB.
- (ii) A copy of the import contract, proforma/commercial invoice/bill of lading.

PART-A- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BORROWER

1. Name of the applicant (BLOCK LETTERS) Address

- 2. Status of the applicant
- Private Sector i)
- Public Sector ii)

PART-B-INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED ECB

1. Details of	the ECB	Currency	Amount	US\$ equivalent
(a) Purpose c	f the ECB			
(b) Nature of	ECB [Please put (x) in the	appropriate box]		
(i) (ii) (iii) (iy)	Suppliers' Credit Buyers' Credit Syndicated Loan Export Credit			

- (v) Loan from foreign collaborator/equity holder details of amount, percentage equity holding in the paid-up equity of the borrower company)
- (vi) Floating Rate Notes
- (vii) Fixed Rate Bonds
- (viii) Line of Credit
- (ix) Commercial Bank Loan
- (x) Others (please specify)

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(i) Rate of interest

(ii) Up-front fee

(iii) Management fee

(iv) Other charges, if any (Please specify)

(v) All-in-cost

(vi) Commitment fee

(vii) Rate of penal interest

(viii) Period of ECB

(ix) Details of call/put option, if any.

(x) Grace / moratorium period

(xi) Repayment terms (half yearly/annually/bullet)

(xii) Average maturity

2. Details of the lender

Name and address of the lender/supplier

3. Nature of security to be provided, if any.

PART C - INFORMATION ABOUT DRAW DOWN AND REPAYMENTS

	Proposed Schedule													
	Draw-dow	/n	Repaymer	nt of Prin	cipal	Interest Payment								
Month	Year	Amount	Month	Year	Amount	Month	Year	Amount						

PART D - ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ect

i) Name & location of the project

ii) Total cost of the project : Rs. USD

iii) Total ECB as a % of project cost :

iv) Nature of the project :

v) Whether Appraised by

financial institution/bank

vi) Infrastructure Sector :

a) Power

b) Telecommunication

c) Railways

d) Roads including bridges

e) Ports

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- f) Industrial parks
- g) Urban infrastructure Water supply, Sanitation and sewerage.
- vii) Whether requires clearance from any : statutory authority? If yes, furnish the name of authority, clearance no. and date.

2. ECB availed in the current & previous three financial years-(not applicable for the first time borrower)												
Year	Registration No.	Currency	Loan Amount	Amount	Amount outstanding*							
	-			disbursed								

^{*} net of repayments, if any, on the date of application.

PART E - CERTIFICATIONS

1. By the applicant

We hereby certify that (i) the particulars given above are true and correct to the best of our knowledge and belief and (ii) the ECB to be raised will be utilised for permitted purposes.

Place	(Signatu	re of Authorised Official of the applicant)
Name:		
Date Stamp		
Designation		
Phone No.		
Fax		
E-mail		
2. By the authorised dealer –		
We hereby certify that (i) the app the application and the original letter of relating to proposed borrowing and four	offer from th	
		(Signature of Authorised Official)
Place Stamp Name of the Bank/branch		

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Annex II

Form 83

Reporting of loan agreement details under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (for all categories and any amount of ECB)

Instructions:

- 1. The borrower is required to submit completed Form 83, in duplicate, certified by the Company Secretary (CS) or Chartered Accountant (CA) to the designated Authorised Dealer (AD). One copy is to be forwarded by the designated AD to the Director, Balance of Payments Statistics Division, Department of Statistics and Information Management (DSIM), Reserve Bank of India, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Mumbai 400 051 within 7 days from the date of signing loan agreement between borrower and lender for allotment of loan registration number.
- 2. Do not leave any column blank. Furnish complete particulars against each item. Where any particular item is not applicable write "N.A." against it.
- 3. All dates should be in format YYYY/MM/DD, such as 2004/01/21 for January 21, 2004.
- 4. Before forwarding Form 83 to the Reserve Bank, the Authorised Dealer must scrutinise all the related original documents and ensure that the form is complete in all respects and in order.
- 5. If space is not sufficient for giving full information/particulars against any item, a separate sheet may be attached to the form and serially numbered as Annex.
- 6. Firms/companies obtaining sub-loans through DFIs/FIs/banks/NBFCs etc. should not complete this form but approach the concerned financial institution directly for reporting.

FOR RBI (DSIM) Use only			Loan	_key								
		:										
CS-DRMS Team Received on			Actio	n Tal	ken oi	n	Loar Clas	n sifica	tion			

Agreement Details (To be filled by borrowers of External Commercial Borrowings)

Part A: Basic Detai	ls											
ECB Title / Proje	ct											
Registration Num	ber											
No. and Date of F	RBI appr	oval (if	applica	able)								
Loan Key Numbe	r (allotte	d by RE	3I/ Go	vt.)								
Agreement Date	(YYYY/N	/IM/DD)					/		/			
Currency Name						Curre	псу С	ode				
						(SI	WIFT)				
Amount (in FC)									(For	RBI	Use)

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Guarantee				Guarantor (Name,										
Status						•	etc.)							
(Use code as per	Boy				liuiii	bei e	iic.)			Multi	Currency Typ			
1) ↑	DOX						Walti Garrency Type							
1)														
Name and addres Letters)		Name and address of lender / foreign supplier / lesser (Block Letters)												
Contact Person's Designation: Phone No. : Fax no. : E-mail ID :				ount -mai	ry: I ID :									
(F	or RE	BI DS	IM us	se)							(For RBI DSI	/l us	se)	
Borrower's Category	/Tick	in a	nror	riata h	10V)		Long	lar's	Categ	orv.				
					,OX)		Lenc	1013	Caley	Ory				
Public Sector Unit	-	Privat		Unit										
Detailed category (ti Bank NBF Reg. C No. Financial Insti Corporate NGOs engage Other (Specify	tution ed in r	(Oth	finar	nce act	tivity			In O S Le H (F he	oreign xport (dian (ther C upplie easing oreign older Please olding	Gove Credit Comme of Ec Comp Collal provide in the	borator / Foreithed de details of for borrower com Capital Market	ral <i>A</i> anch gn E reig pan	Agend n abro Equity in equ	ad
in borrower company (a)Share in paid-up	/:						(b) A		int of p	aid-up)			
											Į.			
Specify Authorise	d Dea	ler's	Nam	e, and	ban	k	Lend	ler's	Refere	ence /	IBRD No. (if i	is a	a IBRE) loan)
code														
Bank Code Part I:														
Part														
Fax : E-mail ID:														
Part B: Other Detai	ls													

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ECB approval Scheme (Ti Box)	ck in appropriate	Maturity Details							
Automatic Route Approval Route Approved by Govt.		Effective Date of the Loan Last Date of Disbursement Maturity Date (Last payment date) Grace Period (Year/Month) Economic Sector /Industry Code (See Box 3)							
Purpose of Borrowings Co (See box2) If Import, specify the Coun		ore than one country, attach details):							
Type of ECB Buyers' Credit Line of Credit Commercial loan / Syndicated Loan (attach sheet for percentage distribution among lenders) Financial Lease Refinancing of old ECBs: Reg No. of the old ECB Approval No. Buyers' Credit Export Credit from Bilateral Sources Securitised instruments - Bonds, CP, FRN e Others (Specify) Others (Specify) Amount refinanced: Reaso									
Hedging risks Interusing swa	est rate	Currency Others (specify) swap							
Part C: Schedule of transaction interest Payment Schedule First Payment Date Fixed Rate Floating Rate:		Number of Payments in a Year Cap Rate: Floor Rate:							
Base									
Schedule of Draw Down Tranc Date	Currenc Amou	unt If more than one equal installments							
he No (YYYY/MM/DD) (Please see note below)	у	Total Number of drawals in a calendar year							
	1								



Principal Repayment Schedule

Note: 1. In the case of import of goods or services, date of import may be furnished against date of draw down.

- 2.In the case of financial lease date of acquisition (import) of the goods is to be mentioned as date of draw down.
- 3. In the case of securitised instruments, date of issue may be shown as date of draw down
- 4. In case more than equal draw down transactions are shown in a row above, date of first transaction to be mentioned.

Date (YY (First rep date)	YY/MM/DD) ayment	Curre	ency	each	ount in n sactior		insta Num	If more than installments Number of installments			No. of payments in a calendar year			F (i		ity nuity nent)
Please tick in appropriate Boxes if those options are there in the loan agreement :				Percent of Debt					Put Percent of Option Debt			nt of				
	an be execute ite (s)	d after			'	'	/						/		/	
amount with	Note: In the case of annuity payments, please indicate each equal installment of principal and interest amount with rate. In the case of principal repayment using a percentage profile, percentages may also be indicated.															
Penal Inf	terest for late	payme	nt		Fixed	l %	per ar	nnur	m or I	Base	:		Mar	gin:		
	nent Charges				% per annum of : % of Undrawn Amount											
Other Char Nature o		Evno	ected	C	ırrency	,	moun	+		In	0000	2 01	mai	21/ 00	uual	
(Specify)	•	Date			rrency Amount In case of m payments				iy oqual							
(Сроспу)		Payr	nent							No pa	o. of yme ear			nu		er of ents
										+						
PART D : ECB availed in the current & previous three financial years-(not applicable for the first time borrower)																
Year Registration No. Curre		Curren	Loan Amou		Amou	nt	nt Amou disburs					t out	star	ding*		
* net of re	payments, if a	anv. on	the dat	e of a	pplicat	ion.										

We hereby certify that the particulars given above are true and correct to the best of our knowledge and belief. No material information has been withheld and / or misrepresented.

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Place :	Stamp	
Date :		(Signature of the Authorised Official of the Company) Name : Designation :
	Stamp	
		(Signature of Company Secretary / Chartered Accountant) Name :
	[For use of Auth	norised Dealer]
are true and c	•	omer and the particulars given in this form ge and belief. Furthermore, the ECB is in
Place :	Stamp	(Cing at up of Authorized Official)
Date :		(Signature of Authorised Official) Name : Designation : Name of the bank/branch Bank Code :

BOX 1: Guarantee Status Code			BOX 2: Purpose of Borrowings Code				
Sr. No	Cod e	Description	Sr. No	Cod e	Description		
1	GG	Govt. of India guarantee.	1	IC	Import of capital goods		
	CG	Public Sector guarantee	2	RL	Local sourcing of capital goods (Rupee expenditure)		
2	PB	Public Sector Bank Guarantee.	3	SL	On-lending or sub- lending		
3	FI	Financial Institution	4	RP	Repayment of earlier ECB		
		Guarantee.	5	NP	New project		
4	MB	Multilateral /Bilateral Institution	6	ME	Modernisation/Expansion of existing		
		Guarantee.			units		
5	PG	Private Bank Guarantee	7	PW	Power		
6	PS	Private Sector Guarantee	8	TL	Telecommunication		
7	MS	Mortgage of Assets / Security	9	RW	Railways		
8	OG	Other Guarantee	10	RD	Roads		
9	NN	Not Guaranteed	11	PT	Ports		
			12	IS	Industrial parks		
			13	UI	Urban infrastructure		
			14	OI	Overseas investment in JV/WOS		
			15	DI	PSU Disinvestment		
			16	TS	Textile/Steel Restructuring Package		

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	17	MF	Micro finance activity
	18	OT	Others (Pl. specify)

BOX 3 : Industry codes to be used Industry Group Name	Industry Description	Code
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PLANTATIONS	TEA	111
	COFFEE	112
	RUBBER	113
	OTHERS	119
MINING	COAL	211
	METAL	212
	OTHERS	219
PETROLEUM & PERTOLEUM PRODUCTS		300
MANUFACTURING		
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (400)	FOOD	411
	BEVERAGES	412
	SUGAR	413
	CIGARETTES & TOBACCO	414
	BREWERIES & DISTILLERIES	415
	OTHERS	419
TEXTILE PRODUCTS (420)	COTTON TEXTILE	421
	JUTE & COIR GOODS	422
	SILK & RAYON	423
	OTHER TEXTILE	429
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT (430)	AUTOMOBILES	431
	AUTO ACCESSORIES & PARTS	432
	SHIP BUILDING EQUIPMENTS & STORES	433
	RAILWAY EQUIPMENT & STORES	434
	OTHERS	439
MACHINERY & TOOLS (440)	TEXTILE MACHINERY	441
	AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY	442
	MACHINE TOOLS	443
	OTHERS	449
METAL & METAL PRODUCTS (450)	FERROUS (IRON & STEEL)	451
	NON-FERROUS	452
	SPECIAL ALLOYS	453
	OTHERS	459
ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC GOODS &		
MACHINERY (460)	ELECTRICAL GOODS	461
	CABLES	462
	COMPUTER HARDWARE & COMPUTER BASED	462
	SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC VALVES TURES & OTHERS	463 464
	ELECTRONIC VALVES, TUBES & OTHERS OTHERS	
CHEMICALS & ALLIED DDODLICTS (470)		469 471
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS (470)	FERTILIZERS	471 472
	DYES & DYES STUFF	472
	MEDICINES & PHARMACEUTICALS	473
	PAINTS & WARNISHING SOAPS, DETERGENTS, SHAMPOOS, SHAVING	474
	PRODUCT	475
I		470

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	OTHERS	479
OTHERS of Manufacturing (480)	CEMENT	481
	OTHER BUILDING MATERIALS	482
	LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	483
	WOOD PRODUCTS	484
	RUBBER GOODS	485
	PAPER & PAPER PRODUCTS	486
	TYPEWRITERS & OTHER OFFICE EQUIPMENT	487
	PRINTING & PUBLISHING	488
	MISCELLANEOUS	489
TRADING		500
CONSTRUCTION & TURN KEY PROJECTS		600
TRANSPORT		700
	POWER GENERATION, TRANSMISSION &	0.1.1
UTILITIES (800)	DISTRIBUTION	811
- AAU(010 050705	OTHERS	812
BANKING SECTOR		888
SERVICES		900
TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES		911
SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SERVICES	TECHNICAL ENGINEEDING & CONCLUTANCY	912
	TECHNICAL ENGINEERING & CONSULTANCY SERVICES	913
	TOURS & TRAVEL SERVICES	914
	COLD STORAGE, CANNING & WAREHOUSING	317
	SERVICES	915
	MEDIA ADVERTISING & ENTERTAINMENT	
	SERVICES	916
FINANCIAL SERVICES		917
TRANSPORT SERVICES		919
OTHERS (NOT CLASSIFIED ELSEWHERE)		999





ECB - 2

Reporting of actual transactions of External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) under Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (for all categories and any amount of loan)

Return for the Month of

- 1. This return should be filled in for all categories of ECB. It should be submitted within 7 working days from the close of the month through the designated Authorised Dealer to the Director, Department of Statistics and Information Management (DSIM), Balance of Payments Statistics Division, Reserve Bank of India, C-8/9, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai-400 051. If there is no transaction during a particular period, a **Nil return** should be submitted.
- 2. Please do not leave any column blank. Furnish complete particulars against each item. Where any particular item is not applicable write "N.A." against it.
- 3. All dates should be in format YYYY/MM/DD, such as 2004/01/21 for January 21, 2004.
- 4. Borrowers obtaining sub-loans through DFIs/Banks/NBFCs etc. should not complete this form as the concerned financial institution would directly submit ECB-2.
- 5. Before forwarding the return to Reserve Bank (DSIM), the Company Secretary / Chartered Accountant must scrutinise related original documents and ensure that the return is complete and in order as per ECB guidelines issued by Government/RBI.
- 6. The unique Loan Identification Number (LIN)/RBI Registration Number (in case of loan approved prior to February 01, 2004) must be specified as allotted by RBI. Similarly, the Loan Registration Number (since February 01, 2004) has to be specified.
- 7. If space is not sufficient for giving full information against any item, a separate sheet may be attached to the return and serially numbered as Annex.

8. For purpose of utilization of drawdowns, following codes may be used.

вох	BOX 1: Purpose of Utilisation Code							
No.	Code		No	Code				
		Description			Description			
1	IC	Import of capital goods	12	TL	Telecommunication			
2	IN	Import of non-capital	13	RW	Railways			
		goods						
3	RL	Local sourcing of capital	14	RD	Roads			
		goods (Rupee expenditure)						
4	RC	Working capital	15	PT	Ports			
		(Rupee expenditure)						
5	SL	On-lending or sub-lending	16	IS	Industrial parks			
6	RP	Repayment of earlier ECB	17	UI	Urban infrastructure			
7	IP	Interest payments	18	OI	Overseas investment in JV/WOS			



8	HA	Amount held abroad	19	IT	Development of Integrated
					Township
9	NP	New project	20	DI	PSU Disinvestment
10	ME	Modernisation /expansion of	21	TS	Textile/steel Restructuring
		existing units			Package
11	PW	Power	22	MF	Micro finance activity
			23	OT	Others (Pl. specify)

9. For source of funds for remittances, following codes are to be used.

	BOX 2: Source of Funds for remittance					
No.	Code					
		Description				
1	Α	Remittance from India				
2	В	Account held abroad				
3	С					
		Exports proceeds held abroad				
4	D					
		Conversion of equity capital				
5	E	Others (Specify)				

FOR RBI (I	DSIM) Use o	nly	Loan	_key								
CS-DRMS	Team	Received on		Actio	n Tal	ken o	n	Loa Clas	n ssifica	ation		

Part A: Loan Identification Particulars

Loan Registration Number (LRN)					

	Loan Amount		Borrower Particulars
As per Agreement	Currency	Amount	Name and address of the Borrower (Block Letters)
Revised			Contact Person's Name: Designation: Phone No.: Fax no.: E-mail ID:

Part B: Actual Transaction Details

1. Draw-down during the month:



Tranche No.	Date (YYYY/MM/DD) (Please see note	Currency	Amount		committed but not e end of the month ()
	below)			Currency	Amount
Note: 1. Ir	n the case of import	of goods or se	ervices, date of impo	rt may be furnishe	d against date of

Note: 1. In the case of **import** of goods or services, date of import may be furnished against date of draw-down.

- 2.In the case of **financial lease** date of acquisition of the goods is to be mentioned as date of draw-down.
- 3. In the case of **securitised instruments**, date of issue may be shown as date of draw-down
- 2. Schedule of balance amount of loan to be drawn in future:

Tranche No	Expected Date	Currency	Amount	If more than on installment	e equal
	(YYYY/MM/DD) of drawdown			Total number of drawals	No. of drawals in a calendar year

3. Details of utilisation of draw-downs during the month:

Tranche No.	Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	Purpose codes (See BOX 1)	Country	Currency	Amount	Fresh Disbursement/ From A/c held abroad

4. Amount parked abroad outstanding as on beginning of the month _____:

Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	Name of bank and branch	Account No.	Currency	Amount
(1111//////////////////////////////////	branch			

5. Utilisation of amount parked abroad.

Date (YYYY/MM/DD)	Name of bank and branch	Account No.	Currency	Amount	Purpose

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Tranche No.	Purpo	se	Date Remitt	of ance	Currer	псу	Amount	re	ource o mittance See Box	t c of	repaymen f Principal //N)
	Princip	oal									
	Interes	st @ rate	9								
		s (Specif	• /								
Amount:			lease providons (Interest ra							ate:	
Type of S			Swap Dea				Counter		,	Imp	lementatio
	-	Name	-	Country	Nar	me		Co	ountry	n D	ate
Interest swap	Rate										
Currency	swap										
Others (sp	ecify)										
									1		
Tranche No.	New C	Currency	Interest I New Cur	Rate on the rency			nterest Rat Loan Curr		Maturity of the s	•	
			yment Sche	dule (if revi	sed / er	If m	ore than o				Annuity
8. Revised Date (Y (First redate)	YYY/MI	M/DD)	ayment Scheo	Amount Foreign Currence each transact	in y in	If moinsta Tota Nun	ore than o	No. o	al of payme calendar		Annuity Rate (if annuity payment)
Date (Y (First re	YYY/MI	M/DD)		Amount Foreign Currenc each	in y in	If moinsta Tota Nun	ore than o allments al nber of	No. o	al of payme		Rate (if annuity
Date (Y (First re	YYY/MI	M/DD)		Amount Foreign Currenc each	in y in	If moinsta Tota Nun	ore than o allments al nber of	No. o	al of payme calendar		Rate (if annuity
Date (Y (First re date)	YYY/MI paymer	M/DD) nt		Amount Foreign Currence each transact	in y in ions	If moinsta Tota Nun	ore than o allments al nber of	No. o	al of payme calendar		Rate (if annuity
Date (Y (First re date)	YYY/MI epaymer	M/DD) nt	Currency	Amount Foreign Currence each transact	in y in ions	If moinsta	ore than o allments al nber of	No. o in a c year (1, 2,	al of payme calendar 3, 4, 6,	12)	Rate (if annuity payment)
Date (Y (First re date)	YYY/MI epaymer	M/DD) nt	Currency loan at the e	Amount Foreign Currence each transact	in y in ions	If meinsta Tota Nun insta	ore than o allments al nber of allments Amount:	No. o in a c year (1, 2,	al of payme calendar 3, 4, 6,	12)	Rate (if annuity payment)
Date (Y (First redate) 9. Amount	YYY/MI epaymen	M/DD) nt standing	Currency loan at the e	Amount Foreign Currence each transact	in y in ions nonth:	If moinsta Tota Nun insta	ore than o allments al nber of allments Amount: _ se)	No. o in a converse (1, 2,	al f payme calendar 3, 4, 6,	12) r	Rate (if annuity payment)

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Date :			Name : Designation :		
			Designation .		
		(For Borr	rower's use)		
	Opentificate frame	,			
	Certificate from (Sompany Secretar	ry / Chartered Accountant		
We hereby certify that the ECB availed in terms of approval granted by Gover or RBI or under approval route / automatic route is duly accounted in the boaccounts. Further, ECB proceeds have been utilised by the borrower for purpose of We verified all the related documents and records connected with the utilisation of proceeds and found these to be in order and in accordance with the term conditions of the loan agreement and with the approval granted by Gol(MoF) or under approval route / automatic route and is in conformity with the Guidelines issued by the Government.				the books of rower for the . We have sation of ECB ne terms and I(MoF) or RBI	
			Authorised Signatory		
			Name & Address		
Place :			Registration No.		
Date	:			[Stamp]	
		Certificate by an	Authorised Dealer		
	We hereby certify that the information furnished above with regard to debt servicing outstandings and repayment schedule is true and correct as per our record. The drawal, utilisation and repayment of the ECB have been scrutinised and it certified that such drawal, utilisation and repayments of ECB are in compliance with ECB guidelines.				
		[Stamp]	Signature of Authorised De	ealer	
	& Address of				
	ised Dealer				
Uniforn	n Code No				

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Form – TC

Annex to A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 87 da Part I: Approvals of Trade Credit granted by all branches during the (Month / Year)					ated Ap	oril 17, 2004				
	Name of t	he AD :					Contac Persor			
	Address	:					Tel Fax	:		
Sr. No	Date of Approval	Loan Identification No.	Category of Borrower	Lender*	Country of Lender*	Curren cy	Amou nt	Equiv. Amt.in USD	Rate of Intere st	Other changes in USD
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Total										



Form – TC		Annex to A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 87 dated April 17, 2004				
	Approvals of T / Year)		it granted by	all branch	es during	the
e-mail:						
	Period of	credit	Type of Crdi	**		Import / ed Import
All-in- cost	No. of Days/Mon./Yr	Unit of time period	SC / BC	STC / LTC	Descript ion	Category* **
12	13	14	15	16	17	18

I. Supplier's Credit (SC)

Note 1: The format of the loan identification number is : TC/(Name of the Bank/branch)/(Identification No.)

Note 2: Information in column nos. 8 to 13 should be numeric only. No alphabets should be entered in those columns.

Note 3:Date format in col. No 2 is YYYY/MM/DD. For example, December 31, 2003 should be entered as 2003/12/31

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II. Buyer's Credit (BC)

III. Short-term Trade Credit (STC) (maturity period up to one year)

IV. Long-term Trade Credit (LTC) (maturity period more than one year & less than three years)

V. Total Trade Credit (TC) (I+II)

^{*:} or Supplier

^{***:} Please type respective code such as SC or BC; STC or LTC.
****: Petroleum Oil Lubricants (POL), Capital Goods (CG), Others (OT)



Annex to A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 87 dated April 17, 2004

For	orm – TC										
		Part II: Disb	ursement, Ut	ilisation a	nd Debt Se	ervicin	g of	Trade Cre	dit during (mo	nth) / (year))
						Re	paym	ents (USD))	Date	of
No		Approved	Disburseme nt (USD)	Utilisatio n (USD)	Principal			Total (6+7+8)	Outstanding (4-6)	Shipment	Final Repaym ent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Note 1: Information in column nos.1, 3 to 10 should be numeric only. No alphabets should be entered in those columns. Note 2: Date format in col. No 11, 12 is YYYY/MM/DD. For example, December 31, 2003 should be entered as 2003/12/31 Certificate by the Authorised Dealer

- 1. All trade credits for imports approved by all our branches during the month------ have been included in this statement.
- 2. Related import documents (including EC copy of Bill of Entry) towards utilisation of such trade credits have been verified and found in order.
- 3. The drawal, utilisation and repayment of all trade credits approved by our branches have been scrutinised and it is cerified that such drawal, utilisation and repayments of trade credits

Place:	
Date:	
Signature of Authorised De	aler

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Annex V

Statement on Guarantees / Letter of Undertaking / Letter of Comfort issued by Authorised Dealer banks

As on quarter ended

Name of the AD :		Contact Per	son:			
Address :		Tel:				
e-m	ail:	Fax:				
			(USD million)			
	On behalf of		of Undertaking / Letter of omfort			
Residents		Issued				
		Buyer's Credit	Supplier's Credit			
	Trade Credits (less than 3 years)					
	(a) Up to one year					
	(b) Above one year and less than three years **					
	** (Limited to Import of Capital Goods)					

Place:		Signature of the Authorise		
		Signatory		
Date:	[Stamp]			



Appendix List of Notification/Circulars which have been consolidated in the Master Circular on External Commercial Borrowings and Trade Credits

SI. No.	Notification / Circular	Date
1.	FEMA 3/2000-RB	May 3, 2000
2.	FEMA 26/2000-RB	August 14,2000
3.	FEMA 60/2002-RB	April 29,2002
4.	FEMA 75/2002-RB	November 1,2002
5.	FEMA 80/2003-RB	January 8,2003
6.	FEMA 82/2003-RB	January 10,2003
7.	FEMA 112/2004-RB	March 6,2004
8.	FEMA 126/2004-RB	December 13, 2004
9.	FEMA 127/2005-RB	January 5, 2005
10.	FEMA 129/2005-RB	January 20, 2005
11.	FEMA 142/2005-RB	December 6, 2005
12.	FEMA 157/2007-RB	August 30 ,2007
13.	FEMA.182/ 2009-RB	January 13,2009

1.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.41	April 29, 2002
2.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.29	October 18, 2003
3.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.60	January 31, 2004
4.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.75	February 23, 2004
5.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.82	April 1, 2004
6.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.87	April 17, 2004
7.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.15	October 1, 2004
8.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.24	November 1, 2004
9.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.40	April 25, 2005
10.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.5	August 1, 2005
11.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.15	November 4, 2005
12.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.23	January 23, 2006
13.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.34	May 12, 2006
14.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.17	December 4, 2006
15.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.44	April 30, 2007
16.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.60	May 21, 2007
17.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.04	August 7, 2007
18.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.10	September 26, 2007
19.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.42	May 28, 2008
20.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.43	May 29, 2008
21.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No.46	June 02, 2008

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22.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No. 1	July 11,2008
23.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 16	September 22,2008
24.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 17	September 23,2008
25.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 20	October 8,2008
26.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 26	October 22,2008
27.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 27	October 27,2008
28.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 39	December 08,2008
29.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 46	January 2,2009
30.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 58	March 13,2009
31.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 64	April 28,2009
32.	AP(DIR Series) Circular No 65	April 28,2009