

संचार विभाग, केंद्रीय कार्यालय, एस.बी.एस.मार्ग, म्ंबई-400001

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATION, Central Office, S.B.S.Marg, Mumbai-400001 फोन/Phone: 022-22660502 वेबसाइट: www.rbi.org.in/hindi Website: www.rbi.org.in इ-मेल email: <u>helpdoc@rbi.org.in</u>

**RESERVE BANK OF INDIA** 

July 11, 2019

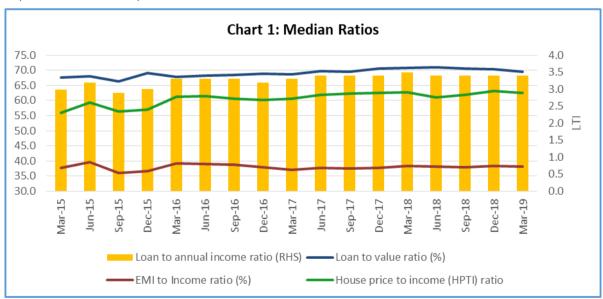
## **Residential Asset Price Monitoring Survey**

The Reserve Bank has been conducting a quarterly residential asset price monitoring survey (RAPMS) since July 2010 on housing loans disbursed by select banks/ housing finance companies (HFCs)¹ across 13 cities, viz., Mumbai, Chennai, Delhi, Bengaluru, Hyderabad, Kolkata, Pune, Jaipur, Chandigarh, Ahmedabad, Lucknow, Bhopal and Bhubaneswar. Time series on selected ratios² (i) loan to value (LTV) ratio, a measure of credit risk on housing loans; (ii) EMI-to-income (ETI) ratio - representing loan eligibility; (iii) house price to income (HPTI) ratio - reflecting affordability; and (iv) loan to income (LTI) ratio - another affordability measure, are prepared.

Today, the Reserve Bank released the results of the March 2019 round along with the summary time series data since March 2015.

## **Highlights:**

 The median LTV ratio moved from 67.7 per cent to 69.6 per cent between March 2015 and March 2019 showing that banks have become increasingly risk tolerant (Chart 1, Table 1).



ii. The median EMI-to-Income (ETI) ratio has remained relatively steady during the past 2 years (Chart 1); however, Mumbai, Pune and Ahmedabad recorded higher median ETI compared to other cities (Table 2).

<sup>2</sup> Outliers are discarded while calculation of median ratios.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Generally, 32 select banks/ Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) participate in the survey, although this number may vary due to non-reporting/participating by Bank/HFC or non-inclusion of data due to quality control issues.

- iii. Housing affordability worsened over the past 4 years as the house price to income (HPTI) ratio increased from 56.1 in March 2015 to 61.5 in March 2019 (Chart 1). Mumbai remains the least affordable city in India, while Bhubaneswar remains the most affordable city (Table 3).
- The movement of median loan to income (LTI) ratio also confirms worsening ίV. housing affordability as it moved from 3.0 in March 2015 to 3.4 in March 2019 (Table 4).

**Ajit Prasad** 

Press Release : 2019-2020/125 Director (Communications)

## Data on Select Indicators based on Residential Asset Price Monitoring Survey (RAPMS)

Table 1: Median Value of Select Ratios by Bank Group													
				(LTV) R					ma Datie				
	Media		er cent)	(LIV) K	alio	Median EMI to Income Ratio (per cent)							
Quarter	Public Sector Banks	Private Banks	Foreign Banks	Housing Finance Companies	AII	Public Sector Banks	Private Banks	Foreign Banks	Housing Finance Companies	All			
Mar-15	67.7	63.5	48.0	73.3	67.7	34.3	44.0	24.2	42.6	37.8			
Jun-15	68.1	63.8	45.5	74.4	68.1	37.4	42.3	20.5	43.1	39.6			
Sep-15	65.5	63.2	44.5	71.6	66.4	32.0	39.3	21.9	43.6	36.0			
Dec-15	69.9	64.6	44.6	72.4	69.2	32.5	40.7	19.3	44.2	36.6			
Mar-16	66.6	64.1	41.1	71.9	67.9	39.1	40.2	20.5	39.1	39.1			
Jun-16	66.7	65.9	41.5	72.0	68.2	38.5	41.4	17.7	39.0	39.0			
Sep-16	67.3	66.0	41.2	72.1	68.5	38.3	40.4	22.4	38.7	38.7			
Dec-16	67.5	67.3	40.6	71.9	68.8	38.1	38.8	18.8	38.1	38.0			
Mar-17	66.9	67.0	49.0	72.8	68.7	36.8	36.8	17.6	37.8	37.0			
Jun-17	67.8	66.1	41.2	74.8	69.7	37.5	37.9	19.6	38.5	37.8			
Sep-17	67.5	65.6	47.1	74.9	69.5	37.1	38.0	18.3	38.4	37.5			
Dec-17	68.8	67.6	43.2	75.0	70.6	37.5	38.3	15.7	37.9	37.7			
Mar-18	69.5	66.7	64.6	75.0	70.8	38.9	38.2	28.3	37.8	38.4			
Jun-18	70.6	64.8	60.5	75.0	71.1	38.1	38.6	25.0	38.3	38.2			
Sep-18	69.8	64.3	59.5	75.0	70.5	38.3	38.3	26.9	37.8	38.0			
Dec-18	70.3	64.8	58.9	74.7	70.5	38.7	39.6	25.5	37.1	38.3			
Mar-19	69.9	64.6	62.9	72.0	69.6	38.3	41.1	28.5	36.4	38.2			

	Table 2: Median EMI to Income Ratio by City (per cent)													
Quarter	Mumbai	Chennai	Delhi	Bengaluru	Hyderabad	Kolkata	Pune	Jaipur	Chandigarh	Ahmedabad	Lucknow	Bhopal	Bhubanesw ar	IIA
Mar-15	42.6	36.7	35.1	35.4	35.1	34.0	40.8	35.3	29.8	41.8	31.5	34.6	33.0	37.8
Jun-15	44.1	39.3	36.0	38.5	36.9	37.6	43.6	37.7	31.0	42.2	34.9	35.9	35.1	39.6
Sep-15	41.7	35.1	35.0	33.1	32.5	32.4	38.9	32.6	27.1	38.1	33.8	34.3	29.8	36.0
Dec-15	43.7	34.6	36.0	33.2	31.7	30.8	39.9	34.9	34.1	39.2	31.0	36.2	31.5	36.6
Mar-16	42.8	39.6	37.2	37.0	35.5	37.4	42.9	40.7	39.6	42.7	33.6	36.9	35.0	39.1
Jun-16	42.8	39.5	37.0	36.9	35.9	37.6	43.2	39.4	33.9	43.5	33.3	35.0	35.4	39.0
Sep-16	42.0	39.3	36.7	36.9	35.3	36.6	43.3	39.2	34.6	43.4	34.9	34.8	35.4	38.7
Dec-16	41.6	38.8	36.6	36.1	35.2	35.2	42.2	38.0	36.0	41.4	34.2	35.6	32.4	38.0
Mar-17	40.3	38.4	35.8	35.6	34.9	34.5	40.6	36.5	33.9	38.9	32.0	33.3	30.5	37.0
Jun-17	41.7	40.1	35.9	35.8	35.3	35.2	41.6	37.0	35.0	40.3	33.3	34.6	34.0	37.8
Sep-17	41.9	39.2	36.2	35.8	34.6	35.2	41.5	36.6	35.0	39.6	34.1	34.3	34.6	37.5
Dec-17	42.5	38.5	36.3	36.0	35.8	35.4	42.1	37.4	33.8	40.2	32.8	34.4	32.8	37.7
Mar-18	43.5	38.3	37.0	36.6	36.4	37.0	41.9	37.7	34.1	40.8	33.7	37.0	32.8	38.4
Jun-18	43.7	38.3	36.6	34.9	35.8	36.9	41.6	37.2	36.3	43.7	33.8	35.2	31.5	38.2
Sep-18	43.0	38.5	36.6	35.5	35.7	36.6	40.6	37.4	35.6	43.6	35.1	35.5	33.8	38.0
Dec-18	43.5	38.2	37.1	36.3	37.1	36.8	41.6	36.1	35.8	42.6	32.3	36.7	34.3	38.3
Mar-19	43.3	38.4	36.9	35.6	36.8	35.8	40.7	36.6	36.7	43.5	32.4	36.2	32.6	38.2

	Table 3: Median House Price to Monthly Income (HPTI) Ratio by City													
Quarter	Mumbai	Chennai	Delhi	Bengaluru	Hyderabad	Kolkata	Pune	Jaipur	Chandigarh	Ahmedabad	Lucknow	Bhopal	Bhubanesw ar	All
Mar-15	64.1	51.9	54.0	52.2	47.9	48.8	60.9	53.4	52.2	59.5	52.5	49.1	47.2	56.1
Jun-15	66.5	51.9	54.4	58.2	52.7	54.2	66.4	60.3	53.2	62.9	54.5	55.6	51.3	59.3
Sep-15	64.0	52.8	57.5	51.8	47.2	49.2	62.4	56.3	48.9	56.5	55.0	51.4	43.0	56.4
Dec-15	66.2	52.4	58.5	51.8	46.3	46.8	61.9	57.2	57.4	57.4	53.5	53.2	47.9	57.1
Mar-16	70.1	59.2	59.6	59.0	51.7	57.2	67.7	63.5	64.7	64.4	61.2	58.2	53.1	61.3
Jun-16	71.0	59.6	59.5	58.4	53.1	57.5	67.6	65.3	58.9	66.6	58.5	55.9	55.5	61.5
Sep-16	69.9	58.5	58.5	57.3	51.6	56.6	67.0	62.2	62.4	66.7	56.2	53.4	53.3	60.5
Dec-16	69.3	59.1	59.0	57.4	51.9	55.2	67.1	60.0	60.5	64.9	58.4	55.6	51.3	60.2
Mar-17	70.1	59.6	58.6	57.9	53.6	56.6	67.2	62.9	61.7	64.7	57.9	57.6	48.2	60.6
Jun-17	73.4	62.2	58.7	58.0	53.6	57.8	69.2	62.5	64.0	66.9	59.4	56.7	54.0	61.9
Sep-17	75.4	61.9	60.3	58.7	54.9	57.4	69.3	62.6	63.3	67.1	57.9	62.2	53.9	62.4
Dec-17	76.4	60.7	60.1	59.3	56.1	59.5	69.9	60.5	61.4	65.4	57.2	58.3	55.1	62.6
Mar-18	76.8	59.7	59.6	59.2	57.8	59.0	69.3	59.7	63.0	67.6	58.2	60.0	52.6	62.7
Jun-18	75.1	58.0	57.7	56.1	56.3	58.4	67.5	55.6	64.8	68.4	56.5	56.6	52.9	61.1
Sep-18	75.5	58.7	58.6	57.0	57.7	58.9	67.8	56.0	64.7	69.2	60.0	56.1	56.0	61.8
Dec-18	76.9	58.2	59.5	56.9	59.2	57.5	68.0	56.0	63.5	69.7	56.6	56.3	54.4	62.0
Mar-19	74.4	58.6	58.5	56.1	60.3	56.5	66.6	55.9	63.4	70.4	58.6	56.2	54.3	61.5

Table 4: Median Loan to annual income (LTI) Ratio by City														
Quarter	Mumbai	Chennai	Delhi	Bengaluru	Hyderabad	Kolkata	Pune	Jaipur	Chandigarh	Ahmedabad	Lucknow	Bhopal	Bhubanesw ar	IIA
Mar-15	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.3	2.8	2.3	3.2	2.5	2.7	2.5	3.0
Jun-15	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.9	3.6	3.0	2.5	3.3	2.8	3.0	2.8	3.2
Sep-15	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	3.2	2.6	2.2	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.9
Dec-15	3.5	2.8	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.5	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.5	3.0	2.5	3.0
Mar-16	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.1	2.8	3.3
Jun-16	3.7	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.7	3.3	2.9	3.6	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.3
Sep-16	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.7	3.2	2.9	3.7	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.3
Dec-16	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.7	3.1	3.0	3.6	2.9	3.0	2.7	3.2
Mar-17	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.7	3.1	3.0	3.5	2.8	3.0	2.6	3.3
Jun-17	3.9	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.1	3.7	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.4
Sep-17	3.9	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.9	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.0	3.2	2.9	3.4
Dec-17	4.0	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.9	3.2	3.0	3.7	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.4
Mar-18	4.0	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.9	3.3	3.2	3.8	3.0	3.4	2.8	3.5
Jun-18	4.0	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.9	3.2	3.2	3.9	3.0	3.1	2.7	3.4
Sep-18	3.9	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.8	3.2	3.1	3.9	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.4
Dec-18	4.0	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.9	2.8	3.3	2.9	3.4
Mar-19	4.0	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.2	3.9	2.7	3.2	2.8	3.4
Note:	sı Ba	ırvey, ank/HF	y, 32 s althou	gh this on-incl	s num usion (	ber m of data	ay vai	ry due quality	to no	on-repo ol issu	orting/			
	2) O	utilers	are dis	carded	wniie	caicula	ation o	r media	an ratio	S.				