# Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) System Regulations, 2013



# भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF PAYMENT AND SETTLEMENT SYSTEMS

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# **Table of Contents**

Chapter No. Chapter		Page
Chapter – 1	Scope and Objective	1
Chapter – 2	<u>Definition of Terminology</u>	2
Chapter – 3	Management of RTGS	4
Chapter – 4	<u>Membership</u>	7
Chapter – 5	RTGS Transaction Type and Message Formats	10
Chapter – 6	Components, Communication and Settlement	11
Chapter – 7	RTGS Business Day and Operating Sessions	13
Chapter – 8	Intra-day Liquidity (IDL) Facility	16
Chapter – 9	Other Features of RTGS	18
Chapter – 10	Rights of Members / Participants	19
Chapter – 11	<u>Customer Transactions – Obligations and Rights of</u> <u>Members / Participants</u>	20
Chapter – 12	MNSB Settlement and Clearing House Participants	23
Chapter – 13	Obligations and Duties of Members / Participants	25
Chapter – 14	Sub-Membership in RTGS	27
Chapter – 15	Dispute Resolution and Miscellaneous	29
Chapter – 16	<u>Disclosures</u>	30
Annex – 1	Transaction Type, Message Formats and Major Rules	31
Annex – 2	Channel Codes for UTR / Transaction identifications	32
Annex – 3	Codes on Message Validation (RTGS)	33
Annex – 4	List of TTC Values and Priority for RTGS	34
Annex – 5	Cut-off Times in the RTGS at RBI	35
Annex – 6	RTGS Threshold Value and Maximum Service Charges for Customers	36
Annex – 7	RTGS Service Charges for Members	37

#### **Scope and Objective**

1.1 With the advent of new technology, it is necessary and expedient to set up a new Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) system for facilitating on-line real time settlement of payments, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has decided to setup a new RTGS system and frame regulations for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

#### 1.2 Short title and commencement

- (1) These Regulations may be called RTGS System Regulations, 2013.
- (2) They shall come into force from the date of their Notification under the Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007 and Payment and Settlement Systems Regulations, 2008. RTGS (Membership) Business Operating Guidelines, 2004 and RTGS (Membership) Regulations, 2004 shall cease to exist from the date of notifying RTGS System Regulations, 2013. The existing participants of the old RTGS system shall continue to be members of RTGS System, 2013 (referred to as RTGS henceforth in the document) unless otherwise specified.

#### 1.3 Extension of timings<sup>1</sup>

Operating hours of RTGS were extended for customer and inter-bank transactions at different points of time. RTGS shall be available round the clock on all days of the year with effect from December 14, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted in December 2020.

#### **Definition of Terminology**

- (i) 'Access Criteria for payment systems' means a set of criteria / norms issued by RBI from time to time to allow a member to access the Payment Systems.
- (ii) 'Ancillary Payment System' means a payment system operated by RBI or any Clearing Entity. For example, paper (CTS<sup>2</sup>) clearing managed by RBI or other banks, NEFT, (omitted)<sup>3</sup>, CCIL, NPCI operated systems and systems operated by SEBI regulated clearing entities, etc.4
- (iii) 'Bank' means the Reserve Bank of India.
- (iv) 'Central System' means the hardware and software installed in a central location hosting RTGS application to process and settle funds transfer requests received from the members. The Central System shall be operated and managed by the Bank.
- (v) 'Centralised Payment System' means and includes Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) System, National Electronic Funds Transfer (NEFT) System<sup>5</sup> and any other system as may be decided by RBI from time to time.
- (vi) 'Customer transaction' means a funds transfer originated or received by a member on behalf of its customer.
- (vii) 'e-Kuber' means Core Banking Solution of the Bank maintaining current accounts of the banks, Governments and other institutions / entities.
- (viii) 'Host system' means members own system like Core Banking Solution (CBS) system or a similar kind of application.
- (ix) 'INFINET' means the Indian Financial Network, the communication backbone.
- (x) 'Inter-institutional transaction' means a funds transfer between two RTGS System members / participants.
- (xi) 'Interface' means the utility (software application) which helps the interaction between a member's host system and the Member Interface of RTGS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted with effect from December 2020. Prior to insertion it read as MICR / Non-MICR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Prior to omission, read as NECS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The acronyms stand for (i) MICR - Magnetic Ink Character Recognition; (ii) CTS - Cheque Truncation System; (iii) NEFT -National Electronic Funds Transfer; (iv) NECS – National Electronic Clearing Services; (v) CCIL – Clearing Corporation of India Ltd.; (vi) NPCI – National Payments Corporation of India; and (vii) SEBI – Securities and Exchange Board of India.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Omitted "National Electronic Clearing Services (NECS)" as the payment system no longer exists.

- (xii) 'Intra-day Liquidity (IDL)' means the liquidity support provided by the Bank during a RTGS business day to the members against eligible collateral.
- (xiii) 'Member' means an entity admitted by the Bank to access RTGS.
- (xiv) 'Member Interface (MI)' means the hardware and software component installed at the member's / participant's end connecting with the Central System.
- (xv) 'Multilateral Net Settlement Batch (MNSB)' means a settlement file containing the net funds positions (receivable / payable) of clearing members emanating from various payment systems having current account / settlement account with the Bank.
- (xvi) 'Own Account Transfer' means transfer of funds between member's current account and settlement account maintained with the Bank.
- (xvii) 'RTGS' system means system which facilitates on-line real time settlement of payments either on gross basis or through Multilateral Settlement Batches, received from the members.
- (xviii) 'Settlement Account' means an account opened with the Bank by members of RTGS to facilitate settlement of transactions.
- (xix) 'SFMS' means the Structured Financial Messaging Solution provided by Indian Financial Technology & Allied Services (IFTAS).
- (xx) 'SWIFT' means the messaging system provided by the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication.
- (xxi) 'System Operator' means the Bank which shall operate and manage the Central System.
- (xxii) 'UTR Number / Transaction Identification' means Unique Transaction Reference Number that identifies a transaction uniquely.

#### **Management of RTGS**

#### **Operations of RTGS**

3.1. RTGS shall be operated by the Bank under the supervision of the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

#### **Governance: Constitution of Standing Committee**

- 3.2. The Bank shall constitute a Standing Committee for the management of RTGS. The Standing Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:
  - a) a President;
  - b) a representative each from
    - (i) Department of Payment and Settlement Systems (DPSS);
    - (ii) Department of Information Technology (DIT);
    - (iii) Department of Government and Bank Accounts (DGBA);
    - (iv) Internal Debt Management Department (IDMD);
    - (v) Financial Markets Operations Department (FMOD);
    - (vi) Financial Markets Regulation Department (FMRD)
    - (vii) Department of Regulation (DoR);
    - (viii) Legal Department (LD) and any other Department of the Bank.
  - c) A member representing State Bank of India (SBI)<sup>6</sup>.
  - d) Two members representing all the nationalised banks as a distinct group.
  - e) One member each representing
    - all foreign banks as a distinct group
    - all private banks as a distinct group
    - all cooperative banks as a distinct group
    - all banks, other than those mentioned above, as a distinct group

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Deleted "and its associate banks".

- all Primary Dealers as a distinct group
- clearing houses like CCIL and NPCI
- SEBI approved entities permitted to access RTGS
- Any other distinct group as approved by the Standing Committee
- 3.3. The President shall be the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai or such other authority from the Bank, as may be nominated by the Bank, from time to time. The secretarial assistance to the Standing Committee shall be provided by the office of the President.

#### **Tenure of members**

3.4. The tenure of members from distinct bank group, other than the Bank shall be for 1 year and shall be substituted by another member of that distinct group each year. The tenure of the representatives of the Bank shall be as may be decided by the Bank, from time to time.

#### Frequency of meetings

- 3.5. The Standing Committee shall meet on a need basis but at least once every year.
- 3.6. The Standing Committee shall take decisions by majority of the members present in a meeting or by circulating among the members, the agenda items and the proposed resolutions, as may be deemed fit and proper by the President of the Standing Committee.
  - a) The President of the Standing Committee shall convene and preside over the meetings of the Standing Committee and arrange to furnish to all members of RTGS, a copy of the decisions taken by the Standing Committee.
  - b) The quorum for any meeting shall comprise of the President, one of the representatives from among the members referred to in clause (b) of Paragraph 3.2 and not less than two members from among the representatives referred to in clauses (c), (d) or (e) of paragraph 3.2 of these Regulations, for conducting the business of the Standing Committee.
  - c) In the absence of the required quorum, the meeting shall stand adjourned and the President shall have the power to re-convene the meeting at any time later either on the same day or any other subsequent day.
  - d) Each member present shall have one vote.
  - e) The President shall have a casting vote in case of a tie.

#### **Functions of the Standing Committee**

- 3.7. The functions of the Standing Committee shall include examination, clarification and recommendation of proposals to DPSS Central Office relating to:
  - (i) Such issues, as it may deem fit and proper for the smooth, satisfactory and proper functioning of RTGS.
  - (ii) Suggestions made by the members of RTGS, received at least seven days before the meeting or if otherwise permitted by the Chair.
  - (iii) Such other matter as may be referred to it by the Bank.

#### Membership

- 4.1. Membership of RTGS shall be open to all the licensed banks and to any other institution at the discretion of the Bank.
- 4.2. Any other clearing agency managed by RBI shall be a member of RTGS.

#### Criteria for membership

- 4.3. The access to RTGS shall be decided on the basis of Access Criteria guidelines issued by the Bank. The membership type and the facilities for the members are decided as per the Access Criteria Bank at its discretion may amend the Access Criteria guidelines from time to time. The Bank at its discretion may permit other entities membership to RTGS.
- 4.4. Apart from Access Criteria guidelines, an entity has to comply with the other specific requirements for accessing RTGS:
  - (i) Membership of the Indian Financial Network (INFINET) / SFMS / domestic SWIFT network.
  - (ii) Maintain a current account with the Bank.
  - (iii) Maintain a settlement account with the Bank.
  - (iv) Maintain Subsidiary General Ledger (SGL) account with the Bank.
  - (v) Any other additional requirements specified by the Bank.
- 4.5. An entity eligible under the Access Criteria guidelines for centralised payment systems viz., RTGS and NEFT<sup>7</sup> has to apply for authorisation to access RTGS in the prescribed format and required documents to the Chief General Manger, Reserve Bank of India, Department of Payment and Settlement Systems (DPSS), 14<sup>th</sup> Floor, Central Office Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.
- 4.6. Authorisation to access RTGS shall be accorded / declined on the basis of the recommendation of Inter-Departmental Group (IDG) constituted by the Bank for Access Criteria. The same shall be communicated to the entity. The approval letter shall indicate the type of membership, types of transactions it is permitted to undertake, facilities available, etc. In case the request is declined, the applicant shall be advised the reason(s) for which the membership has not been considered. After approval of RTGS membership, the entity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Omitted "NECS" as the payment system no longer exists.

shall be able to access RTGS on completion of necessary documentation and operational clearances from the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Main Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.

4.7. RTGS members have to get prior approval of the Bank for any change or revision in the process or any terms and conditions for participating in RTGS. In such cases, the member has to submit necessary application and documents to the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Main Building, Fort, Mumbai 400 001. The application has to be made in the form and format available in the public domain (circular RBI / 2011-12 / 193 [DPSS.CO.OD.494 / 04.04.009 / 2011-2012] dated September 21, 2011), subject to changes as may be indicated by the Bank from time to time.

#### Type of membership

4.8. There are four types of participants in RTGS viz., (i) Central Bank – exclusively for the Bank (ii) regular participant – all types of facilities to be provided (e.g. banks), (iii) restricted participant – some particular type(s) of facilities to be provided (e.g. Primary Dealers) and (iv) clearing house – permitted to submit MNSB file to RTGS.

4.9. The existing RTGS participants shall be mapped to the new RTGS as follows:

Sr. No.	Membership Type	Broad Category	Facilities available
1.	Type A	Regular Participant	IDL, inter-bank, customer transactions, own account transfer
2.	Type B	Restricted Participant	IDL, inter-bank, own account transfer
3.	Type C	Clearing House	Gross transaction, MNSB, any other transactions / facilities approved by the Bank.
4.	Type D	Regular or Restricted Participant or clearing house	Customer Transactions, Interbank, IDL/No IDL, Own Account Transfer, any other conditions applied by RBI

The facilities mentioned above are indicative. However, the Bank has the right to change these facilities for any particular participant, if necessary. The Bank may define new membership types or disable an existing membership type at any point of time.

#### **Options for accessing RTGS**

4.10. The members have to opt for any of the three options viz., thick-client, Web-API (through INFINET or any other approved network) and Payment Originator (PO) module. The choice of options for connecting to RTGS is based on volumes and business requirements of a member:

- (a) **Thick client interface / SFMS Member Interface**: A Member has to own, install and maintain the dedicated hardware and software connecting to the Central System through INFINET or any other network approved by the Bank.
- (b) Web service interface: The interface application has to be developed by the members as per the specification provided by the Bank. The Central System shall have to be connected through INFINET or any other network approved by the Bank. Necessary specifications and standards for developing the application for web service have been made available on the Bank's website.

(Hyperlink - <a href="http://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/Bs\_viewRTGS.aspx">http://www.rbi.org.in/Scripts/Bs\_viewRTGS.aspx</a>)

- (c) Payment Originator (PO) module: This is a browser-based mode of access. Members can originate and receive payment transactions through INFINET / any other network approved by the Bank. Participants having daily average volume 100 or less RTGS transactions are permitted to use this mode of access. The Bank reserves the right to revise the average daily transaction limit for accessing RTGS through PO module in future. The Bank shall issue specific instructions to the members for accessing RTGS through public internet.
- 4.11. A participant can access the Central System through one channel at a time, which is said to be the primary channel. The preference has to be provided to the Bank for necessary configuration at the Central System. Another access channel shall work as a back-up channel and the member has to inform the Bank mandatorily before switching to another channel.

#### **RTGS Transaction Type and Message Formats**

- 5.1. RTGS shall process following types of transactions:
  - a. Inter-institutional / inter-bank transaction Funds transfer between two RTGS members.
  - b. Customer transaction Funds transfer / receipt on behalf of a customer of a RTGS member.
  - c. Government transaction Funds transfer / receipt on behalf of Government Accounts by a member.
  - d. *Multilateral Net Settlement Batch (MNSB)* The file containing net settlement position of clearing participants of an ancillary payment system managed by a clearing house / payment system.
  - e. *Delivery versus Payment (DvP)* A transaction involving funds in one leg against delivery of securities on the other leg. (A securities settlement mechanism that links a securities transfer and a funds transfer in such a way as to ensure that delivery occurs if and only if the corresponding payment occurs.)
  - f. Own Account Transfer (OAT) Transfer of funds by a member between RTGS settlement account and a current account maintained with the Bank.
  - g. Return Payment Transaction Credit transfer received by a member through RTGS that could not be credited to an account specified in the message and which is required to be returned to the sending member.
  - 5.1.1. The standard message formats for the transaction types listed above along with major validation rules are at Annex 1.
- 5.2. The Bank has the right to introduce any other transaction type, if considered necessary.

#### **Components, Communication and Settlement**

- 6.1. Transaction Flow: Each member shall communicate from its Member Interface to the Central System through the INFINET or any other network permitted by the Bank. The interactions between the Member Interface and the Central System shall be through a predefined message format (ISO 20022) only. For ensuring security, all messages shall be digitally signed and encrypted. The Institute for Development and Research in Banking Technology (IDRBT), or any other institute as decided by the Bank, shall be the Certifying Authority (CA) for digital certificates.
- 6.2. Unique Transaction Reference (UTR) / Transaction Identification Number. Each message has to be assigned with a unique number and provided in the field Transaction Identification <TxId>. The UTR is unique for a transaction and is 22 characters in length, which can be used for further reference. The structure "XXXXRCYYYYMMDDnnnnnnnn" where XXXX is IFSC (first 4 character) of sending member, R represents RTGS, C represents channel of the transaction, YYYYMMDD represents year, month and date of the transaction, nnnnnnn denotes the sequence number. The list of channel codes is at Annex 2.
- 6.3. Message Standard: RTGS shall handle messages based on ISO 20022 standard. Every payment message is validated for the mandatory fields and all the mandatory fields are validated in accordance with the ISO 20022 message standards and the coding requirements set by the Bank. If the message contains error code, it is returned to the originating member in the manner prescribed by the Bank. A list of error code is at Annex 3.
- 6.4. *Transaction Type Code (TTC):* RTGS uses a Transaction Type Code (TTC) to identify the type of individual payment messages that is allowed for the particular type of payment transaction. The TTC values are in the range of "0000" to "9999". The list of active TTCs are at Annex 4. Members can also check the list online with the web front-end of RTGS application. TTC value shall be part of the message content. The Bank shall have the right to change the list of TTC values from time to time.
- 6.5. *Priority:* The members may assign a priority while processing a payment transaction at the Member Interface before releasing the transaction to the Central System. The available range of priority is from '01' to '99'. The lower the number assigned, the higher shall be the priority. Priorities numbers "01" to "10" are reserved for the Bank and members can use

priorities from "11" to "99". The transactions of the Bank are assigned with the highest priority followed by the MNSB and inter-bank transaction files. The Bank may change the priority number allocation as and when considered necessary with a due notification to the members. In case a participant other than the Bank enters priority numbers from 0 to 10, then RTGS shall assign a default priority number to the transaction and settle the same.

- 6.6. Queuing: Payment messages received in RTGS shall be maintained in a logical payment queue, pending settlement. The queue shall be ordered by priority numbers of the transactions and, within a priority number, by the time of receipt in RTGS. Transaction shall be taken up for settlement which is at the top of the payment queue. Members may cancel or re-prioritise transactions that are awaiting settlement in the payment queue.
- 6.7. Settlement: A payment transaction is determined and settled when the Settlement Account maintained with RBI of sending participant is debited and receiving participant is credited. On settlement, the payment transaction shall be treated as final and irrevocable.
- 6.8. Debit notification and Credit message: On successful settlement of any payment transaction the sending participant receives a notification and receiving participant receives the full payment message. The members accessing RTGS through the Thick Client/MI channel may put in place necessary interfaces with their host systems using Straight Through Processing (STP). The members accessing RTGS through Web and PO module should monitor their transactions (both debit and credit) on a continuous basis.
- 6.9. Duplicate Handling: Members have to choose the Copy Duplicate field tag in the Business Header of the payment message and fill relevant mandatory fields for handling duplicate transactions. If Copy Duplicate field tag is selected, the Central System shall check whether the transaction has already been processed or not. Accordingly, the transaction shall be processed by the Central System.
- 6.10 Positive confirmation: A message format (camt.059) is available to communicate an acknowledgement to the remitting bank containing the date and time of credit to beneficiary account. This message would flow from the beneficiary bank to the remitter bank through SFMS. This feature is currently available for member banks wherein both remitter and beneficiary banks access RTGS through Thick Client / MI channel. The feature would be subsequently extended to members accessing RTGS through other channels as well.

#### **RTGS Business Day and Operating Sessions**

7.1. RTGS shall operate on all days8. Any changes to the operating calendar or any declaration of holidays shall be communicated to the members by means of a broadcast message and / or publication on the Bank's website.

7.2. RTGS shall operate <sup>9</sup>round the clock on all days of the year with the business hours for posting transactions decided by the Bank in consultation with the stakeholders. However, the Bank may, at its discretion, change the operating hours of RTGS for a particular day or for any period with prior notification.

#### 7.3. RTGS daily events

7.3.1. Start of Day (SOD): This is the first event which triggers basic functions of the system viz., advancing of system's business date; loading the updated code files; and accepting payment instructions from the internal systems of the Bank. Payments sent by the members are not accepted for settlement at the time of SOD. If submitted, payments are kept in queues, waiting for the next event to be executed. To transfer opening balances to settlement account from the member's current account maintained in e-Kuber system (SOD balance transfer), a member has to provide necessary undertakings to the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Main Building, Fort, Mumbai 400 001. The SOD balance transfer of existing RTGS members shall be continued in RTGS as per the undertakings already submitted for this purpose.

7.3.2. Open for Business (OFB): This event marks the moment when all the functionality of RTGS is fully available to the participants. The system starts processing all types of messages. Intra-day liquidity (IDL) facility shall be available to the eligible participants after Open for Business operation in RTGS. The details of IDL facility is covered in the Section 8.

7.3.3. Initial Cut-off (ICO): This event triggers restriction of submission of certain type of transactions viz. customer transactions. After ICO time, members cannot submit customer transactions for settlement. Transactions submitted before ICO time pending for settlement shall not be cancelled. However, some specific types of transactions viz., inter-institutional / inter-bank, return payments, MNSB, etc. shall be accepted for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted with effect from December 2020. Prior to insertion it read as "RTGS will be available on all days except specified holidays as decided by the Bank from time to time".

9 Inserted with effect from December 2020.

settlement after this cut-off. With RTGS running round the clock, there shall be no separate ICO for customer transactions. The ICO would be undertaken along with the final cut-off (FCO).<sup>10</sup>

7.3.4. Final Cut-off (FCO)(Now renamed as "Cut-off"): This cut-off represents the end of all the operations conducted by a member for the business day. All work required to be done in para 7.3.3 above shall have to be done before Cut-off. The Intra Day Liquidity (IDL) position of the participant must be revered before this point. All pending transactions shall be automatically cancelled by RTGS and members transmitting funds shall be notified accordingly.<sup>11</sup>

7.3.5. Omitted<sup>12</sup>.

- 7.3.6. End of Day (EOD): This is the last event of a business day. There shall either be a positive or a zero balance in the settlement accounts. The balances of settlement accounts shall be swept back to the current accounts of respective banks maintained in e-Kuber.
- 7.3.7. MNSB files and MNSB Return files are permitted to be posted from the moment of Open for Business and before End of Day of RTGS. The Bank may, at its discretion, prescribe specific time windows for posting MNSB settlements of ancillary payment systems.
- 7.3.8. The Bank may, permanently or temporarily, change the timings of various business phases during the day at its discretion. The change in the hours shall be notified by the Bank to the participants through a broadcast message or publication on the Bank's website or both as decided by the Bank.
- 7.3.9. The time windows cannot be re-opened in RTGS once the cut-off is over. 13
- 7.3.10. The cut-off timings of RTGS have been stated in <u>Annex 5</u>. The Bank reserves the right to change any operating session (either extend or shorten / compress the operating session). The Bank shall not be liable for any consequences, arising out of such change of the operating session.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted with effect from December 2020.

Amended with effect from December 2020. Prior to amendment it read as, "with the exception of those payments that credit a participant with additional liquidity to repay the outstanding IDL loans".
 Prior to Omission read as "IDL Reversal Session: This session is available only to the participants having outstanding IDL

Prior to Omission read as "IDL Reversal Session: This session is available only to the participants having outstanding IDL positions after Final Cut-off to receive funds from any other bank/own account transfer purpose".
 Amended. Prior to amendment it read as, "Participants may request the Bank for time extension of any operating session.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Amended. Prior to amendment it read as, "Participants may request the Bank for time extension of any operating session. The request for time extension should be sent one hour prior to the closing of that operating session to the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Deposit Accounts Department, Main Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Road, Fort, Mumbai-400001. However, the Bank reserves the right to decline such requests. The time windows cannot be re-opened in RTGS once the cut-off for that session is over. Further, Bank will not be liable for any consequences, arising out of such extension of the operating session for RTGS members' payments, whether queued or otherwise".

7.4. *Gridlock Resolution Mechanism*: The system provides a gridlock resolution mechanism that resolves (to the extent possible) all outstanding queued transactions. This resolution process is automated and runs at a predefined time interval for the urgent stream of payments in the queue. The Bank is, however, in no way, obligated to settle queued transactions through this mechanism and no member of RTGS can claim any right to have its payment transactions settled through the gridlock resolution mechanism.

#### **Intraday Liquidity (IDL) Facility**

- 8.1. The Bank may, at its discretion, grant access to intra-day liquidity (IDL) facility to the members for the settlement of their payment transactions in RTGS to overcome short-term requirements for funds (during RTGS business day) for settlement of the transactions. The terms and conditions, under which such IDL shall be granted, may be amended from time to time. The decision of the Bank in this regard shall be final.
- 8.2. The Bank shall decide the eligibility criteria for IDL facility. RTGS members, eligible for IDL facility, shall enter into an IDL Agreement with the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, in the prescribed format at the time of admission as a member. IDL is a repo facility and all terms and conditions of repo transactions shall accordingly be applicable. IDL shall be provided to eligible members against eligible collaterals, as decided by the Bank from time to time.
- 8.3. The quantum of IDL, margin requirement and nature of collaterals shall be notified by the Bank from time to time. The collaterals against which IDL facility is provided are Government of India dated securities and treasury bills maintained in IDL-SGL account.
- 8.4 IDL facility shall be invoked automatically for eligible members as and when they do not have the required funds in their settlement account for settling transactions. IDL shall be invoked in multiples of an amount decided by the Bank, subject to a maximum amounting to the securities earmarked in IDL-SGL account. Requests for IDL shall be sent to the Bank's e-Kuber for eligible collateral. If eligible collaterals are not available then e-Kuber shall decline the IDL requests. Further, requests for IDL shall be sent to e-Kuber at periodic intervals. However, members should ensure availability of eligible collaterals and the lien for IDL facility with the Bank to avoid repeated requests against the same IDL request. If such instances are observed, the Bank shall view it seriously and may impose penalties at its discretion. IDL shall be reversed automatically as and when the required funds are available in the settlement account of the members. The Bank has a right to introduce an upper limit for the number of IDL requests a member can make.
- 8.5. IDL funds shall be used by RTGS for the settlement of any transaction and not just for the transaction for which the IDL was requested.

8.6. IDL facility availed by a participant shall be automatically reversed by RTGS on availability of sufficient funds in the settlement account of the participant above a thresh hold level. The threshold level shall be set by the Bank at its discretion. The reversal of IDL shall be treated as a high priority transaction. IDL that is outstanding on account of insufficient funds in the settlement account is required to be repaid / reversed fully by the participant before RTGS cut-off is executed. If a RTGS member fails to repay any IDL availed by it before the Cut-off is executed, the same shall be reversed using the Current Account balance of the member. In case the IDL availed and pending reversal post execution of cut-off is greater than the Current Account balance of the member, the securities (excess of Current Account balance) against which such IDL was availed of and not repaid shall get transferred to the Investment Account of the Bank. In such a case, the participant shall be liable to pay the Bank, interest at twice the Repo Rate prevailing on the particular day.

8.7. On the following business day, the member shall repurchase the securities by 10 AM,<sup>15</sup> failing which the member shall not have access to IDL facility till the repurchase is completed. If the member does not repurchase the securities within the stipulated period of time, the matter shall be viewed seriously by the Bank and the member may be liable for suspension from RTGS membership, in addition to imposition of additional penalties, as may be decided by the Bank.

8.8. The Bank may levy charges to a member for using IDL facility. The Bank may also, at its discretion, change the manner in which IDL is charged. The Bank reserves the right to withdraw the IDL facility at any point of time and the decision of the Bank in this regard shall be final.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Amended in December 2020. Prior to amendment it read as, ".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Amended with effect from December 2020. Prior to amendment it read as, "within one hour of RTGS start-of-day".

#### Other Features of RTGS

- 9.1. Hybrid feature: RTGS shall have the facility of settling transactions on a Gross and off-setting (bilateral or multilateral offsetting) basis through its hybrid settlement features. The cycle of offsetting shall be notified from time to time by the Bank. The transactions shall be settled on a gross basis or liquidity optimization basis depending on priority of the messages in the relevant field tag. The Bank may, at its discretion, implement this mechanism after due notification to the members, subject to change from time to time.
- 9.2. Setting bilateral and multilateral limit: The Bank may set bilateral and multilateral counter party limits at the request of the members to discourage free riding on liquidity in RTGS. The Bank has the right to implement this after due notification to the members, subject to change from time to time.
- 9.3. Future value dated transactions: RTGS shall not<sup>16</sup> accept future value dated transactions from the participants for settlement on future RTGS working days. However, the Bank has the right to implement this facility in future after due notification to members.<sup>17</sup>
- 9.4. *Centralised Anti Money Laundering Filtering*: RTGS shall validate payment transactions with the negative list databases for AML / CFT as per the guidelines issued by the Bank. The Bank has the right to implement this after due notification to the members.
- 9.5. *Multicurrency*: RTGS shall process multicurrency transactions as per the guidelines issued by the Bank from time to time. The Bank has the right to implement this after due notification to the members.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Inserted with effect from December 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Amended with effect from December 2020. Prior to amendment it read as, "Such transactions will be placed in the queue and shall be settled on the basis of value date of the transactions".

#### **Rights of Members / Participants**

- 10.1. Participants / members are eligible to send / receive transactions to / from the central system during the business hours as approved by the Bank.
- 10.2. Participants / members have right to contact RTGS Helpdesk set up by the Bank for necessary assistance for RTGS operations.
- 10.3. Participants / members have right to make complaints / give feedback to the Bank on technical / business issues with regard to RTGS. Such issues may be brought to the notice of the Bank for further discussion in the Standing Committee.
- 10.4. Participants / members have right to make representations to the Bank on any issues related to RTGS.
- 10.5. A participant / member may resign from the membership of RTGS after giving a 30 day prior notice to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Department of Payment and Settlement Systems, Central Office, Mumbai. The Bank shall accept the resignation within the notice period, subject to such conditions, as it deems necessary to impose on the member and the member shall be bound to comply with the said conditions. The resignation shall take effect on acceptance thereof by the Bank.

#### **Customer Transactions – Obligations and Rights of Members / Participants**

- 11.1. Eligible members can send / receive customer transactions on behalf of their customers. The transaction originating member shall carry out due diligence while sending the payment request to RTGS. The originating member should ensure two factor authentications by adopting a maker-checker principle while originating a payment transaction. Depending on the risk perception, participants may introduce / implement additional security features in the on-line delivery channels for initiating RTGS transactions by the customers. The originating member should release the payment message from their system to RTGS central system within 30 minutes of debiting a customer's account. The originating member should have the facility of time stamping of their transactions at various stages for effective grievance redressal mechanism.
- 11.2. Credit under customer transactions, received by RTGS member in its Settlement Account through RTGS, shall be ultimately credited to the account of the beneficiary on the basis of the account number in the payment message. The payment message receiving member may put in place a Straight Through Processing (STP) mechanism for crediting the beneficiary's account. The beneficiary / receiving bank shall credit the account of beneficiary customer immediately on receipt of the payment message at their Member Interface. The beneficiary banks should credit the account of the beneficiary within 30 minutes of the receipt of the message at the Member Interface.
- 11.3. The members accessing RTGS through Web or PO module are required to continuously monitor their incoming transactions in the central system for adhering to the timelines prescribed by the Bank.
- 11.4. In case of any delay in providing credit to the beneficiary's account, the recipient / beneficiary's bank has to pay compensation at current repo rate plus 2% to the beneficiary customer for each day of delay. In case of delay in credit on the same day, a compensation for a day shall be paid to the customer. The compensation amount should be credited to the customer's account automatically without any request.
- 11.5. In case, it is not possible to credit the funds to the beneficiary's account for any reason e.g. account does not exist, account frozen, etc., funds shall be returned to the originating member within one hour of receipt of the payment at the Member Interface of the recipient member, subject to availability of RTGS. The return payment shall be sent by the recipient

bank in the prescribed message format stated in Chapter 5. The Unique Transaction Reference (UTR) / Transaction Identification Number should be same as that of the original message.

- 11.6. In case of any delay in returning the payment to the originating member, the recipient member shall be liable to pay compensation at current reportate plus 2% to the originating member and the same shall be ultimately credited to the account of originating customer.
- 11.7 Customer transactions that are not settled in RTGS because of insufficient funds shall be viewed seriously. Recurrence of such incidents shall attract penal provisions as decided by the Bank
- 11.8. All members should provide necessary information in the customer's account statement pertaining to their RTGS transactions as per the instructions issued by the Bank. In addition, members shall also provide information in the form of alerts or confirmations to customers, as stipulated by the Bank. Members are also required to provide a positive confirmation to the remitter on successful funds transfer to beneficiary. (This is mandatory in case of transactions where both remitter and beneficiary bank are accessing RTGS through the Thick Client / MI channels.)<sup>18</sup>
- 11.9. Members can levy service charges for RTGS transaction to their customers as per the instructions issued by the Bank from time to time.
- 11.10. Members shall comply with the rules and regulations of FEMA and Wire Transfer Guidelines issued by the Bank from time to time. The sending participant shall provide account type "NRE" or "NRO" as applicable in the Debtor's (Sender's) Account Type wherever required.
- 11.11. Members shall mandatorily provide Debtor Name (the ordering customer) and Creditor Name (the beneficiary customer). The member banks shall furnish name of the beneficiary in the passbook / account statement of originator and name of ordering customer in the passbook / account statement of beneficiary from these field tags.
- 11.12. Members shall provide necessary description in the passbook / account statement of their customer for RTGS return transactions. The originating bank shall populate necessary information from the ISO message and provide the same to the customer.
- 11.13. The Bank has the right to issue additional instructions to members for customer transactions from time to time.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Inserted with effect from December 2020 (reference DPSS (CO) RTGS No.1049/04.04.016/2018-19 dated November 15, 2018).

11.14. The Bank may introduce or remove threshold value for any transactions type in RTGS, in future, with due notification to the members. The existing floor limit for customer transactions is at Annex 6.

#### **MNSB Settlement and Clearing House Participants**

- 12.1. As stated in the Section 4 and in the access criteria for centralised payment systems, Clearing entities shall be permitted to submit Multilateral Net Settlement Batch (MNSB) files emanating from the ancillary payment systems managed by the Clearing entity.
- 12.2. The Clearing entities that have been granted membership or limited access to RTGS shall abide by the terms and conditions stipulated in the access criteria and / or any other additional / specific conditions stipulated by the Bank from time to time.
- 12.3. The Clearing entities shall ensure that all their clearing members have current accounts and settlement accounts or both with the Bank. The Bank has the right to settle the MNSB files in the e-Kuber which are normally posted in RTGS, and vice versa, in case of any eventuality or as a BCP measure.
- 12.4. The Bank may, at its discretion, specify a particular time window for posting the MNSB files in RTGS for settlement.
- 12.5. The Clearing entities shall ensure that their clearing members maintain adequate funds in the settlement account or the current account maintained with the Bank.
- 12.6. The MNSB file submitted by a Clearing entity would settle in RTGS on an all or none basis. In case of insufficient funds in one or more clearing member's settlement account, the entire MNSB file shall be pending for settlement. The system shall retry at periodic intervals for a certain number of times (as decided by the Bank from time to time) to reassess the funds position in the concerned member/s' settlement account/s. If the MNSB file remains pending, the sponsorship arrangement / lines of credit arrangement of the Clearing entity shall be invoked, if available, for funding the required shortfall. In case, funds are insufficient for the settlement of the MNSB file, then the MNSB file shall be returned to the Clearing House concerned.
- 12.7. Any delay in the settlement of an MNSB transaction, due to failure on the part of member/s to ensure availability of adequate liquidity to meet their respective debit obligations, shall be viewed seriously by the Bank. Penalty may be levied at the discretion of the Bank if continued instances of shortfall in funds for MNSB settlement are observed for any member. The Bank is not responsible for any delay in settlement or return of the MNSB file to the Clearing entity due to short of funds in the current / settlement accounts of their clearing members.

- 12.8. The Bank may instruct the Clearing entity for opening of limited purpose settlement account in RTGS by their clearing members having current account with the Bank but are not a direct member of RTGS.
- 12.9. On successful settlement of MNSB file, the debit and credit notifications shall be sent to the members of the clearing entity. RTGS shall send notifications to the members of the clearing house for debits / credits in the settlement account.
- 12.10. The Clearing entity, which submitted the MNSB transaction for settlement, affected by an MNSB transaction, shall be notified by the Central System on settlement of the MNSB transaction. In case of an MNSB file is cancelled / rejected, the Clearing Entity shall be notified of the reason for failure, including details of the clearing participants, who failed to meet their debit obligations as well as the actual amount of shortfall
- 12.11. No Clearing Entity shall be permitted to cancel an MNSB transaction, once it has been received by the Central Systems. An MNSB transaction can be cancelled by the Bank only.

#### **Obligations and Duties of Members / Participants**

- 13.1 All members / participants are required to closely monitor their liquidity positions. RTGS settlement accounts of members / participants are required to be funded adequately so that gross and MNSB transactions are settled smoothly. Queuing of transactions and delay of MNSB file settlement due to liquidity considerations shall attract penal action including suspension of membership.
- 13.2. Members shall implement necessary infrastructure for accessing the Central System at RBI on its Payment Gateway. The systems specifications should comply with the Bank's instructions / guidelines. Members should do regularly maintenance of the systems to avoid any failure of hardware, network and software and put in place the Business Continuity Plan as per the guidelines specified by the Bank from time to time.
- 13.3. In case of any failure of the system resulting in non-operation of the system at the member end, the member should report to the Bank at the earliest and not later than 30 minutes of the incidence. The members have to adhere to the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) / Disaster Recovery (DR) guidelines as notified by the Bank from time to time.
- 13.4. Members shall adhere to the Information Security Guidelines issued by the Bank from time to time.
- 13.5. Members shall furnish complete information of the payment transactions in the prescribed message format while originating transactions stipulated by the Bank from time to time.
- 13.6. Members shall not at any time assign, lease, license or dispose of to any other person, trust, company or corporation including its subsidiaries in whole or in part, RTGS services, including the software, provided by the Bank or any benefit or advantage derived therefrom.
- 13.7. Members shall comply with the circulars, notifications, instructions etc. issued by the Bank from time to time with regard to RTGS.
- 13.8. Members are required to provide such information as may be called for by the Bank in respect of RTGS.
- 13.9. The Bank may, at any time, conduct or get conducted audit and inspection of the member's site with or without any prior notice.

- 13.10. Members shall pay service charges / membership fees / transaction fees, if any, as notified by the Bank. The Bank has the right to debit such service charges / membership fees / transaction fees from the member's current account / settlement account maintained with the Bank. The Bank may, at its discretion, levy tariffs on various system events associated with the transactions. These charges are subject to revision from time to time. The Bank may, if required, levy any other additional charges. The present service charges for participants / members are at Annex 7. The Bank has waived the transaction fees in RTGS with effect from July 01, 2019<sup>19</sup>.
- 13.11. Members should maintain RTGS transactions data for at least 10 years or such time period as specified by the Bank from time to time. For members using the PO module, the data shall be available in RTGS.
- 13.12. The Bank may suspend / terminate the membership if the participant is suspended from any other associated system(s) like SFMS, INFINET etc.
- 13.13. The Bank has the right to suspend / terminate the membership in case of non-compliance of any instructions issued from time to time. The Bank shall have the authority to determine if a member can continue to participate in RTGS, or not. The Bank shall have the right to suspend or terminate the membership, if continuation of the member is viewed to be detrimental to the smooth functioning of RTGS in any manner.
- 13.14. A member shall continue to be liable and responsible for the contents of the messages sent by it, even if it subsequently it resigns or is suspended or its membership is terminated.
- 13.15. A member shall be directly and wholly liable in respect of all its customers and with reference to all the transactions, executed on RTGS on behalf of such customers and the Bank shall in no way be responsible either for the source or usage of funds involved in the transactions.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Inserted In July 2019 (Reference DPSS (CO) RPPD No.2557/04.03.01/2018-19 dated June 11, 2019).

#### **Sub-Membership in RTGS**

- 14.1. Direct members can extend RTGS facility to licenced banks which have the technological capabilities but are not participating in RTGS on account of either not meeting the access criteria or because of cost considerations. The direct member is a sponsor bank and the licensed bank accessing RTGS through a sponsor bank is a sub-member.
- 14.2. The sponsor banks would be responsible for sending / receiving the transactions / messages on behalf of their sub-member(s).
- 14.3. The obligations and duties in respect of customer transactions viz., timely credit and return are applicable to the sub-members also.
- 14.4. There are no restrictions on the number of sub-members a sponsor bank can sponsor. Aspects relating to operational feasibility, risk mitigation, fund settlement, collaterals etc., are the responsibility of sponsor bank.
- 14.5. The sponsor bank should put in place a risk management framework and a system of continuous monitoring of the risk management practices of sub-member(s) they sponsor. The risk management framework should be approved by the Board of the sponsor bank.
- 14.6. The settlement of transactions by / on the sub-members would take place in the settlement accounts of the sponsor banks maintained with the Bank. The sponsor bank under this arrangement shall assume complete responsibility for the settlement of all transactions pertaining to their sub-members.
- 14.7. The sponsor bank at all times should ensure that its sub-member/s adhere to and abide by the rules, regulations, operational requirements, instructions, orders, decisions etc., of RTGS, as laid down by the Reserve Bank from time to time.
- 14.8. Redressal of all customer complaints / grievance would be the responsibility of the sponsor bank. To aid in this process, the sponsor bank should ensure that the submember/s have put in place a transparent and robust mechanism to resolve customer complaints in a quick and efficient manner, as laid down in the procedural guidelines, business rules and regulations of RTGS.
- 14.9. All disputes between the sponsor bank and the sub-member/s shall be handled bilaterally amongst them.
- 14.10. The sponsor bank shall bring to the immediate notice of the Bank:

- (i) any involvement of its sub-member/s in any suspicious transactions, frauds, etc.;
- (ii) any of its sub-member/s resorting to unfair practices relating to their participation in RTGS;
- (iii) any of its sub-member/s not adhering to the rules, regulations, operational requirements, instructions etc., of RTGS;
- 14.11. The sponsor bank is not required to take prior approval of the Bank for sponsoring sub-member/s to RTGS. However, as and when a sponsor bank admits a sub-member, the sponsor bank is required to immediately inform the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Department of Payment & Settlement Systems, Mumbai Regional Office, Mumbai, regarding the details of the sub-member/s, IFSC allotted to the branch / branches of the sub-member/s, date of commencement of sub-membership etc. Further, every direct member bank shall submit to the Bank a list of its sub-members, as on March 31 every year. The list is to be submitted to The Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Department of Payment & Settlement Systems, Mumbai Regional Office.
- 14.12. The sponsor bank should immediately inform the Bank the cessation of sponsorship arrangement between the sponsor bank and sub-member/s.
- 14.13. The charges for customer transactions of sub-member/s cannot exceed the maximum charges prescribed by the Bank from time to time.

#### **Dispute Resolution and Miscellaneous**

- 15.1. The Bank shall endeavour to ensure proper operation, control, maintenance and security of RTGS. The Bank shall not be responsible for the loss, if any, that may be caused to members or their customers or any person, arising out of any action taken in good faith by the Bank's staff or malfunctioning or break down of the computer systems, computer network, telecommunication network or any other equipment (inclusive of hardware and software), used in RTGS or any force majeure conditions.
- 15.2. The Bank shall issue necessary guidelines on Dispute Resolution Mechanism from time to time. The disputes between two members of RTGS should be addressed to the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Main Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg, Fort, Mumbai 400001. In the event of any difference or dispute, arising between any two members in connection with RTGS or incidental thereto, the dispute shall be resolved by the Bank as per the guidelines issued on Dispute Resolution Mechanism by the Bank from time to time.

#### **Customer Service / Facilitation**

- 15.3. The members shall set up customer facilitation centre (CFCs) for handling complaints related to RTGS transactions. The details of customer facilitation centers viz., nodal person and contact numbers have to be displayed by the members on their website and at branches. These details have to be shared with the Regional Director, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Regional Office, Main Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Marg, Fort, Mumbai-400001.
- 15.4. The customers of members may send their complaints to the Chief General Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Customer Education and Protection Department, Amar Building, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, Mumbai 400 001.
- 15.5. The Bank has the right to levy penalties or any other punishment like suspension, termination etc. to the members in the event of violation of the guidelines, instructions etc. issued by the Bank from time to time.
- 15.6. The Bank has the right to frame additional guidelines / amendments to the existing guidelines as deemed fit from time to time.

#### **Disclosures**

- 16.1. The Bank, in the interest of banking or monetary policy or the operation of the payment systems generally, or in the public interest, may disclose such information as deem fit and proper to any person.
- 16.2. The member's transactions, including their customer transactions, settled or rejected through RTGS, may be shared, as deemed necessary by the Bank, with Regulatory Authorities, Government and other appropriate authorities.

## Annex 1<sup>20</sup>

# Transaction Type, Message Formats and Major Rules

Transaction	Message format and rules
Type Inter- institutional / inter-bank transaction	The ISO message format for this transaction type is "pacs.009.001.03 - FinancialInstitutionCreditTransferV03" with transaction type code as "1400" and priority from "12" to "99" in the sub-field tag Proprietary <prtry> (TTC=1400, PRIO=35) of field tag Service Level <svclvl>. The sub-field Proprietary <prtry> of the field LocalInstrument <lclinstnm> have to be provided with "RTGSFIToFICredit".</lclinstnm></prtry></svclvl></prtry>
Customer transaction	The ISO message format for customer transaction is "pacs.008.001.03 FIToFICustomerCreditTransferV03".
Government transaction	The ISO message format for Government transaction is same as inter- institutional / inter-bank transaction with purpose code "GOVT" in the sub- field tag Code <cd> of field tag Category Purpose <ctgypurp>. The necessary challan information is to be provided in the field tag RemittanceInformation <rmtinf>.</rmtinf></ctgypurp></cd>
Multilateral Net Settlement Batch (MNSB)	The ISO message format for this transaction type is "pacs.009.001.03 - FinancialInstitutionCreditTransferV03" with transaction type code as "XXXX" and priority from "11" to "11" in the sub-field tag Proprietary <prtry> (TTC=XXXX,PRI=11) of field tag Service Level <svclvi>. The sub-field Proprietary <prtry> of the field LocalInstrument <lciinstnm> have to be provided with "RTGSNetSettlementXXzNN". Here XX stands for type of MNSB file, viz. GC-guaranteed settlement of Securities and CBLO segment; IB-guaranteed settlement of FOREX segment; FX-non-guaranteed settlement; MC-MICR Clearing; SE-non-guaranteed MNSB; OT-other MNSBs. Here 'z' in the indicator takes vales C-Original; R-Return and L-Last Return. NN is the return serial number.</lciinstnm></prtry></svclvi></prtry>
Delivery versus Payment (DvP)	These transactions are generated by RTGS for availing intra-day liquidity (IDL) facility provided by the Bank. RTGS automatically sends request to the e-Kuber system of the Bank for IDL as and when the participants do not have required funds in their settlement account. ISO format is used for this transaction and message type is pacs.009.001.03
Own Account Transfer (OAT)	The ISO message format for this transaction type is "pacs.009.001.03 - FinancialInstitutionCreditTransferV03" with transaction type code as "1800" and priority from "12" to "99" in the sub-field tag Proprietary <prtry> (TTC=1800,PRI=35) of field tag Service Level <svclvl>. The sub-field Proprietary <prtry> of the field LocalInstrument <lclinstnm> have to be provided with "RTGSOwnAccTransfer".</lclinstnm></prtry></svclvl></prtry>
Return Payment Transaction	The ISO message format for this transaction type is "pacs.004.001.03 PaymentReturnV03" with the reasons of return to be mentioned in Reason <pre><rsn> Code <cd>.</cd></rsn></pre>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 20}$  Revised and replaced in December 2020 to sync with RTGS.

## Annex 2<sup>21</sup>

### **Channel Codes for UTR / Transaction identification**

Channel ID	Values
RTGS	9
Internet Banking	1
Cash Management	2
Treasury	3
ATM	4
Other	5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Revised and replaced in December 2020 to sync with RTGS.

# **Codes on Message Validation in RTGS**

Code	Internal RTGS Code	Description
001	INVDATEFMT	The received message had an invalid date
002	INVCREDINST	Invalid credit institution
		Invalid debit institution
004	INVSND	Invalid message sender
005	INVRCV	Invalid message receiver
007	INVPART	The participant is invalid
800	INVCURR	The received message specifies an invalid currency.
009	INVAMT	The amount is invalid
010	DUPREF	Duplicate reference
011	INVDATE	The received message has an invalid date: past date.
012	INVDATEEOD	The message specifies a date which is closed already for business.
013	INVDATEIC	The message was received after Initial Cutoff.
014	INVDATEFC	The message was received after Final Cutoff or invalid IDL window state.
015	INVBUSSDATE	The received message refers a not working business date.
016	INVBUSSDATEFUTURE	The value date is ahead with more than the allowed number of days.
017	INVMTTYPE	The received message has an invalid (unsupported) message type.
018	INVSIG	The digital signature could not be verified (failed the validation)
020	INVDEFPROCTTC	No default TTC defined for this type of transaction.
021	INVTRANTYPEFORTTC	The TTC specified belongs to a different Class of TTCs and cannot be used (transaction type and TTC do not match).
022	INVTTCPARTTYPE	The TTC cannot be used with this sender's Participant Type.
023	INVRESERVEOWNER	The owner of the requested reserve operation does not match the sender.
024	CANUSR	Transaction was cancelled manually in RTGS by an RTGS user.
026	CANPENTIME	Transaction was cancelled due to exceeded amount of time it was in Pending
027	CANFCO	Transaction cancelled automatically by RTGS at Final Cutoff
028	CANINVDEB	Invalid debtor in MNSB part (account or participant cannot be found); Debit party is not RBI in case of IDL
029	CANINVCRED	Invalid creditor in MNSB part (account or participant cannot be found)
098	INVFMT	An invalid message was received which cannot be validated against the XML schema.
099	INVFMT	An invalid message was received which didn't pass at least one schema rule validation.
040	INVCREDAGENT	An invalid credit agent value was found in the message
041	INVDEBAGENT	An invalid debit agent value was found in the message
038	INVDOUBLERETURN	A second return instruction was received for the same original instruction

<sup>22</sup> Revised and replaced in December 2020 to sync with RTGS.

Annex 4<sup>23</sup> List of TTC Values and Priority for RTGS

TTC Value	Transaction Type	Priority Range	Default Priority	IDL Facility	Members Eligible
1000	Customer	12-99	35	Yes	A
1400	Inter-bank	12-99	35	Yes	A, B
1800	Own Account	12-99	35	No	A, B, D
3000	MNSB	11-11	11	Yes (for members)	C, D
3200	Inter-bank	12-99	35	No	D
3500	Customer	0-10	5	No	RBI
3600	Inter-bank	0-10	5	No	RBI
3700	MNSB	0-10	5	Yes (for members)	RBI
4000	Customer	12-99	45	No	D
3100	Mixed MNSB	11-11	11	Yes (for members)	C,D

34

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 23}$  Revised and replaced in December 2020 to sync with RTGS.

#### Annex 5

# Cut-off Timings in RTGS at RBI (effective December 14, 2020) 24

Time event of RTGS is as follows<sup>25</sup>:

Sr. No. Timing / Event		All days	
Open for Business		00:30 hours	
2. *Cut-off (Customer and Inter-bank transactions)		23:50 hours	
3.	#End of Day	00:00	

<sup>\*</sup>The cut-off for customer (erstwhile initial cut-off) and interbank transactions shall be executed at 23:50 hours in

#RTGS End of day shall be undertaken after the cut-off has been executed and any IDL availed during the day has been reversed. This is undertaken in sync with the e-Kuber End of Day.

Inserted with effect from December 2020.
 Amended with effect from. Prior to amendment is read as:

Sr. No.	Time Event	Regular days including Saturdays, except Second and Fourth Saturdays of the Month
Open for Business		07:00 hours
2.	Initial Cut-off (Customer transactions)	18:00 hours
Final Cut-off (Inter-bank transactions)		19:45 hours
4.	IDL Reversal	19:45 hours - 20:00 hours
5.	End of Day	20:00 hours

#### Annex 6

# **RTGS Threshold Value and Maximum Service Charges for Customers**

**Table 1: RTGS Threshold** 

S. No.	Transaction Type	Threshold Value	
1.	Customer	Rs. 2 lakh (floor limit)	

**Table 2: Maximum Service Charges Members Can Levy to the Customers** 

S. No.	RTGS Transaction Type and Value Band	Maximum customer charges	
Inward transactions		Free	
2.	Outward transactions <sup>26</sup>		
		₹ 25/-	
		₹ 50/-	

<sup>26</sup> Amended with effect from July 1, 2019. Prior to amendment it read as:

I	ded with effect from July 1, 2019. Frior to amendment it read as.				
	2.	Outward transactions			
	2a.	₹ 2 lakh to ₹ 5 lakh	₹ 25 + applicable time varying tariff subject to a maximum of Rs.30/		
	2h Ahove ₹ 5 lakh		₹ 50 + applicable time varying tariff subject to a maximum of Rs 55/-		

#### Annex 7

#### **RTGS Service Charges for Members**

RTGS service charges has three components viz., (a) monthly membership fee, (b) transaction fee and (c) time-varying tariff for members and are as follows (effective June 1, 2019) –

## (a) Membership fees

Type of Entities	Monthly Membership Fee (exclusive of taxes, if any)
Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCB)	₹ 5,000
Banks other than SCBs, Primary Dealers, clearing entities, other special entities, etc.	₹ 2,500

- **(b) Transaction fee (per transaction):** The transaction fee has been waived with effect from July 01, 2019. <sup>27</sup>
- (c) Time varying tariff: The time-varying charges have been waived with effect from July 1, 2019. <sup>28</sup>

2

<sup>28</sup> Amended with effect from July 1, 2019. Prior to amendment, it read as:

Sr. no.	Time of Settlement at the Reserve Bank of India		Time varying charge per outward transaction (in addition to flat processing charge)
	From	То	(exclusive of taxes, if any)
1	08:00 hours	11:00 hours	Nil
2	After 11:00 hours	13:00 hours	₹ 2.00
3	After 13:00 hours	18:00 hours	₹ 5.00
4	After 18:00 hours		₹ 10.00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Amended with effect from July 1, 2019. Prior to amendment it read as, "Every outward transaction will attract flat processing charge at the earlier cap of ₹0.50 (exclusive of taxes, if any)".