## Accounts in India by Non-residents (As on January 16, 2025)

- Q1. Who is an NRI?
- Q2. Who is a PIO?
- Q3. What are the major accounts that can be opened in India by a non-resident?
- Q4. Can a Bangladeshi/ Pakistani national or an entity owned/ controlled from Bangladesh/ Pakistan have an account in India?
- Q5. What are the accounts that a tourist visiting India can open?
- Q6. What is a SNRR account? How is it different from a NRO account?
- Q7. What are the deposits that foreign Diplomatic missions/ personnel and their family members in India can hold?
- Q8. Can persons resident in Nepal and Bhutan have accounts in India?
- Q9. Can multilateral organisation have deposits in India?
- Q10. Can an Indian company accept deposits from non-residents in compliance with section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013?
- Q11. Can a Foreign Portfolio Investor or a Foreign Venture Capital Investor open a foreign currency account in India?
- Q12. Who can open an Escrow Account in India and for what purpose?

#### Q1. Who is an NRI?

**Answer:** A 'Non-resident Indian' (NRI) is a person resident outside India who is a citizen of India.

#### Q2. Who is a PIO?

**Answer:** A 'Person of Indian Origin (PIO)' is a person resident outside India who is a citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan or such other country as may be specified by the Central Government, satisfying the following conditions:

- a. Who was a citizen of India by virtue of the Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or
- b. Who belonged to a territory that became part of India after the 15th day of August, 1947; or
- c. Who is a child or a grandchild or a great grandchild of a citizen of India or of a person referred to in clause (a) or (b); or
- d. Who is a spouse of foreign origin of a citizen of India or spouse of foreign origin of a person referred to in clause (a) or (b) or (c)

A PIO will include an 'Overseas Citizen of India' cardholder within the meaning of Section 7(A) of the Citizenship Act, 1955. Such an OCI Card holder should also be a person resident outside India.

# Q3. What are the major accounts that can be opened in India by a non-resident?

| Particulars | Non-Resident<br>(External) Rupee<br>Account Scheme<br>[NRE Account] | Foreign Currency<br>(Non-Resident)<br>Account (Banks)<br>Scheme [FCNR (B)<br>Account] | Non-Resident Ordinary Rupee Account Scheme [NRO Account]  |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| (1)         | (2)   | (3)   | (4)   |
| Who can     | NRIs and PIOs   |   | Any person resident   |
| open an     |   |   | outside India for   |
| account     | Individual/entities Bangladesh shall red of the Reserve Bank        | quires prior approval   | putting through bonafide transactions in rupees.  |
|             |   |   | Individuals/ entities of Pakistan nationality/ origin and entities of Bangladesh origin require the prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India.  |
|             |   |   | A Citizen of Bangladesh/Pakistan belonging to minority communities in those countries i.e. Hindus, Sikhs, Buddhists, Jains, Parsis and Christians residing in India and who has been granted LTV or whose application for LTV is under consideration, can open only one NRO account with an AD bank subject to the conditions mentioned in Notification No. FEMA 5(R)/2016-RB dated April 01, 2016, as updated from time to time. |

|   |  |  | D ( O.C. : 1 1.   |
|---|--|--|---|
|   |  |  | Post Offices in India   |
|   |  |  | may maintain  |
|   |  |  | savings bank  |
|   |  |  | accounts in the   |
|   |  |  | names of persons  |
|   |  |  | resident outside India  |
|   |  |  | and allow operations  |
|   |  |  | on these accounts   |
|   |  |  | subject to the same   |
|   |  |  | terms and conditions  |
|   |  |  | as are applicable to  |
|   |  |  | NRO accounts  |
|   |  |  | maintained with an  |
|   |  |  | authorised dealer/  |
|   |  |  | authorised bank.  |
| Joint   |  | the names of two or  | May be held jointly in  |
| account   | more NRIs/ PIOs.   |  | the names of two or   |
|   | NDI /DIO   |  | more NRIs/ PIOs.  |
|   | NRIs/ PIOs can hold j  | jointly with a resident  | NA  |
|   |  |  | May be held jointly   |
|   | (relative as defined   |  |   |
|   |  |  | 'former or survivor'  |
|   | the account as a Pow   | -  |   |
|   | during the life time account holder.   | e of the NRI/ PIO  |   |
|   |  |  | <u> </u>  |
| Curronev  | Indian Pungge  | IAnv narmittad   | Indian Pungge   |
| Currency  | Indian Rupees  | Any permitted  | •   |
| Currency  | Indian Rupees  | currency i.e. a  | ·   |
| Currency  | Indian Rupees  | currency i.e. a foreign currency   | ·   |
| Currency  | Indian Rupees  | currency i.e. a<br>foreign currency<br>which is freely   | ·   |
| ,   | ·  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible   | ·   |
| Type of   | Savings, Current,  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only   | Savings, Current,   |
| ,   | Savings, Current,<br>Recurring, Fixed  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed  |
| Type of Account   | Savings, Current,  | currency i.e. a<br>foreign currency<br>which is freely<br>convertible<br>Term Deposit only   | Savings, Current,<br>Recurring, Fixed<br>Deposit  |
| Type of Account   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three   | currency i.e. a<br>foreign currency<br>which is freely<br>convertible<br>Term Deposit only   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for                             | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed                       | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed                       | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed                       | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed                       | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to   |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits              | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to resident accounts.  |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to resident accounts.  |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits              | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India,   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India,  |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance interest accruing on   | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest  | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in  |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance interest accruing on on investment, trans  | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest fer from other NRE/   | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in India and transfers  |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance interest accruing on on investment, trans FCNR(B) accounts, in                           | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest fer from other NRE/maturity proceeds of                    | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in India and transfers from other NRO                                     |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance interest accruing on on investment, trans FCNR(B) accounts, investments (if such         | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest fer from other NRE/maturity proceeds of n investments were | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in India and transfers from other NRO accounts are                        |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view  Credits permitted to inverse accruing on on investment, trans FCNR(B) accounts, investments (if such made from this accounts) | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest fer from other NRE/maturity proceeds of n investments were | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in India and transfers from other NRO accounts are permissible credits to |
| Type of Account  Period for fixed deposits  Permissible | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit From one to three years, However, banks are allowed to accept NRE deposits above three years from their Asset-Liability point of view Credits permitted to inward remittance interest accruing on on investment, trans FCNR(B) accounts, investments (if such         | currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible  Term Deposit only  For terms not less than 1 year and not more than 5 years  o this account are from outside India, the account, interest fer from other NRE/maturity proceeds of n investments were | Savings, Current, Recurring, Fixed Deposit  As applicable to resident accounts.  Inward remittances from outside India, legitimate dues in India and transfers from other NRO accounts are                        |

|                       | Current income like rent, dividend, pension, interest etc. will be construed as a permissible credit to the <b>NRE account</b> .        | made by a resident to a NRI/ PIO relative   |
|-----------------------|---|---|
|                       | Care: Only those credits which have not lost repatriable character  | within the limits prescribed under the Liberalised Remittance Scheme may be credited to the latter's NRO account.                                       |
| Permissible<br>Debits | Permissible debits are local disbursements, remittance outside India, transfer to other NRE/ FCNR(B) accounts and investments in India. |   |
|                       |   | in Foreign Exchange Management (Remittance of Assets) Regulations, 2016.  Funds can be transferred to NRE account within this                           |
| Repatriablity         | Repatriable   | USD 1 Million facility.  Not repatriable except for all current income.   |
|                       |   | Balances in an NRO account of NRIs/PIOs are remittable up to USD 1 (one)million per financial year (April-March)along with their other eligible assets. |

| Taxabilty                             | Income earned in the accounts is exempt   | Taxable                                |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| ,                                     | from income tax and balances exempt   |  |
|                                       | from wealth tax   |  |
| Loans ir                              | AD can sanction loans in India to the   | Loans against the                      |
| India                                 | account holder/ third parties without any                                       | •                                      |
|                                       |   | granted in India to                    |
|                                       | requirements. These loans cannot be   |  |
|                                       | repatriated outside India and can be used                                       |  |
|                                       | in India only for the purposes specified in                                     |  |
|                                       | the regulations.  | margin requirement.<br>The loan amount |
|                                       | In case of loans sanctioned to a third  |  |
|                                       | party, there should be no direct or indirect                                    |  |
|                                       | foreign exchange consideration for the  |  |
|                                       | non-resident depositor agreeing to pledge                                       | _                                      |
|                                       | his deposits to enable the resident   |  |
|                                       | individual/ firm/ company to obtain such  | estate.                                |
|                                       | facilities.   |  |
|                                       |   | The term "loan" shall                  |
|                                       | In case of the loan sanctioned to the   |  |
|                                       | account holder, it can be repaid either by                                      |  |
|                                       | adjusting the deposits or through inward remittances from outside India through |  |
|                                       | banking channels or out of balances held  |  |
|                                       | in the NRO account of the account holder.                                       |  |
| in the NNO account of the account hol |   |  |
|                                       | The facility for premature withdrawal of  |  |
|                                       | deposits will not be available where loans                                      |  |
|                                       | against such deposits are availed of.   |  |
|                                       |   |  |
|                                       | The term "loan" shall include all types of                                      |  |
| Lagna                                 | fund based/ non-fund based facilities.  | Not porpoitted                         |
| Loans<br>outside                      | Authorised Dealers may allow their branches/ correspondents outside India to    | •                                      |
| India                                 | grant loans to or in favour of non-resident                                     |  |
| IIIaia                                | depositor or to third parties at the request                                    |  |
|                                       | of depositor for bona fide purpose against                                      |  |
|                                       | the security of funds held in the NRE/  |  |
| FCNR (B) accounts in India, subj      |   |  |
|                                       | usual margin requirements.  |  |
|                                       | TI- 4 "I" -I!!  |  |
|                                       | The term "loan" shall include all types of                                      |  |
| Rate of                               | fund based/ non-fund based facilities As per guidelines issued by the Departme  | nt of Pogulation                       |
| Interest                              | As per guidelines issued by the Departme  | int of Regulation                      |
| Operations                            | Operations in the account in terms of   | Operations in the                      |
| •                                     | Power of Attorney is restricted to  | •                                      |
|                                       | •   | Power of Attorney is                   |
|                                       | payments or remittance to the account   |  |
| resident                              |   | withdrawals for                        |

|                                    | holder himself through channels.   | gh normal banking   | permissible local payments in rupees, remittance of current income to the account holder outside India or remittance to the account holder himself through normal banking channels. While making remittances, the limits and conditions of repatriability will |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
|                                    |  |   | apply.   |
| residential<br>status from<br>Non- | designated as resident accounts or the funds held in these accounts may be transferred to the RFC accounts, at the option of the account holder, immediately upon the return of the account holder to India for taking up employment or on | residential status, FCNR (B) deposits may be allowed to continue till maturity at the contracted rate of interest, if so desired by the account holder.  Authorised dealers should convert the FCNR(B) deposits on maturity into resident rupee deposit account (if the | resident accounts on the return of the account holder to India for any purpose indicating his intention to stay in India for an uncertain period.  Likewise, when a resident Indian becomes a person resident outside India, his existing resident account     |
|                                    |  |   | should be designated as NRO account.   |

### Q4. Can a Bangladeshi/ Pakistani national or an entity owned/ controlled from Bangladesh/ Pakistan have an account in India?

**Answer:** Opening of accounts by individuals/ entities of Pakistan nationality/ ownership and entities of Bangladesh ownership requires prior approval of the Reserve Bank.

However, individuals of Bangladesh nationality can open an NRO account subject to the individual(s) holding a valid visa and valid residential permit issued by Foreigner Registration Office (FRO)/ Foreigner Regional Registration Office (FRRO) concerned.

Further, citizens of Bangladesh/Pakistan belonging to minority communities in those countries, namely, Hindus, Sikhs, Buddhists, Jains, Parsis and Christians residing in India and who have been granted Long Term Visa (LTV) or whose application for LTV is under consideration, are permitted to open only one NRO account with an AD bank in India subject to the conditions mentioned in Notification No. FEMA 5(R)/2016-RB dated April 01, 2016, as updated from time to time. The opening of such NRO accounts will be subject to reporting of the details of the accounts opened by the concerned Authorised bank, to the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) on a quarterly basis as instructed vide AP (DIR Series) Circular No. 28 dated March 28, 2019.

### Q5. What are the accounts that a tourist visiting India can open?

Answer: An NRO (current/ savings) account can be opened by a foreign national of non-Indian origin visiting India, with funds remitted from outside India through banking channel or by sale of foreign exchange brought by him to India. The balance in the NRO account may be paid to the account holder at the time of his departure from India provided the account has been maintained for a period not exceeding six months and the account has not been credited with any local funds, other than interest accrued thereon.

#### Q6. What is an SNRR account? How is it different from a NRO account?

**Answer:** A person resident outside India, having business interest in India, may open a Special Non-Resident Rupee Account (SNRR account), with an authorised dealer in India or its branch outside India for the purpose of putting through permissible current and capital account transactions with a person resident in India in accordance with the Act, rules and regulations framed under the Act, and for putting through any transaction with a person resident outside India.

The differences between SNRR account and NRO account are:

| Feature |     | SNRR Account                  | NRO Account                         |
|---------|-----|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Who     | can | Any person resident outside   | Any person resident outside India   |
| open    |     | India, having a business      | for putting through bonafide        |
|         |     | interest in India for putting | transactions in rupees.             |
|         |     | through bona fide             |                                     |
|         |     | transactions in rupees.       | Individuals/ entities of Pakistan   |
|         |     |                               | nationality/ origin and entities of |
|         |     |                               | Bangladesh origin require the prior |
|         |     | , ,                           | approval of the Reserve Bank of     |
|         |     | nationals and entities        |                                     |
|         |     | incorporated in Pakistan and  |                                     |
|         |     | Bangladesh requires prior     | ,                                   |
|         |     | approval of Reserve Bank.     | Bangladesh/Pakistan belonging to    |
|         |     |                               | minority communities in those       |
|         |     |                               | countries i.e. Hindus, Sikhs,       |

|                 |                              | Buddhists, Jains, Parsis and Christians residing in India and who has been granted LTV or whose application for LTV is under consideration, can open one NRO account with an AD bank subject to the conditions mentioned in Notification No. FEMA 5(R)/2016-RB dated April 01, 2016, as updated from time to time. |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Type of Account | Non-interest bearing         | Current, Savings, Recurring or Fixed Deposit;  Rate of interest – as per guidelines  |
|                 |                              | issued by Department of Regulation.  |
| Permissible     | Debits and credits specific/ | Credits:   |
| Transactions    | incidental to the business   |  |
|                 | proposed to be done by the   | Inward remittances, legitimate   |
|                 | account holder               | dues in India, transfers from other NRO accounts and any amount received in accordance with the Rules/Regulations/Directions under FEMA, 1999.   |
|                 |                              | Debits:  |
|                 |                              | Local payments, transfer to other NRO accounts, remittance of current income, settlement of charges on International Credit Cards.   |
| Tenure          | Concurrent to the tenure of  | No such restrictions on tenure.  |
|                 | the contract / period of     |  |
|                 | operation / the business of  |  |
|                 | the account holder.          |  |
| Repatriability  | Repatriable                  | Not repatriable except for current income; and remittances by NRIs/PIOs up to USD 1 million per financial year in accordance with the provisions of FEMA 13(R).  |

# Q 7. What are the deposits that foreign Diplomatic missions/ personnel and their family members in India can hold?

**Answer:** The following accounts are permitted:

a. Foreign diplomatic missions and diplomatic personnel and their family members in India may open rupee deposits with an AD Bank.

- b. Diplomatic missions and diplomatic personnel can open special rupee accounts namely Diplomatic Bond Stores Account to facilitate purchases of bonded stocks from firms and companies who have been granted special facilities by customs authorities for import of stores into bond, subject to conditions. The funds in the account may be repatriated outside India without the approval of Reserve Bank.
- c. Diplomatic missions, diplomatic personnel and non-diplomatic staff, who are the nationals of the concerned foreign countries and hold official passport of foreign embassies in India can open foreign currency accounts in India. The account may be held in the form of current or term deposit account, and in the case of diplomatic personnel and non-diplomatic staff, may also be held in the form of savings account Such accounts can be credited by way of inward remittances and transfers (which are collected in India as visa fees) from the rupee account of the diplomatic mission in India. Funds held in such account if converted in rupees shall not be converted back into foreign currency. The funds in the account may be repatriated outside India without the approval of Reserve Bank.

### Q8. Can persons resident in Nepal and Bhutan have accounts in India?

**Answer:** Persons resident in Nepal and Bhutan can open Indian rupee accounts with an authorised dealer in India.

### Q9. Can multilateral organisation have deposits in India?

**Answer:** Any multilateral organization, of which India is a member nation, or its subsidiary/ affiliate bodies and officials in India can open deposits with an authorised dealer in India.

### Q10. Can an Indian company accept deposits from non-residents in compliance with section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013?

**Answer:** Yes, such acceptance of deposit and refunds, if required, will be covered under current account transactions and can be made freely without any restriction from FEMA perspective.

### Q11. Can a Foreign Portfolio Investor or a Foreign Venture Capital Investor open a foreign currency account in India?

**Answer:** Yes, a Foreign Portfolio Investor or a Foreign Venture Capital Investor, both registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) under the relevant SEBI regulations can open and maintain a non-interest bearing foreign currency account for the purpose of making investment in accordance with Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instrument) Rules, 2019.

### Q12. Who can open an Escrow Account in India and for what purpose?

**Answer:** Resident and Non-resident acquirers can open Escrow Account in INR with an AD bank in India as the Escrow Agent, for acquisition/transfer of capital instruments/convertible notes in accordance with Foreign Exchange Management

(Non-Debt Instrument) Rules, 2019 as amended from time to time and subject to the terms and conditions specified under Schedule 5 of Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2016, as amended from time to time.